

EMPLOYEES AT FARM

Testify in the Suit of Brown vs.
Harrington TodayTestimony Deals With the Food
Supply, Its Quantity and Quali-
ty in 1909—Nurse at Farm
Testified That Supply of Food
Was Deficient in Part of 1909
and That Conditions Improved
After Mr. Howe Went There

The third day's proceedings in the case of Brown vs. Harrington were begun at 10 o'clock with John H. Donlon, baker at the city farm, on the stand for cross examination.

"Was there any difference in the food prepared by you in 1909 and other years?" asked Mr. Hill.

"It was about the same."

"What did they have for breakfast?"

"Rolled oats, bread, tea or coffee, and in the hospital they got butter."

"For supper?"

"Rolled oats, bread and tea. Then there was pudding and toast in the hospital."

"For dinner?"

"On Monday, corned beef, cabbage, when we had it, and tea. Tuesday, mutton stew with potatoes in it; Wednesday, peasoup; Thursday, squash from the farm and turnips; Friday, fresh fish one week, salt cod the next; Saturday, vegetable soup in winter and in summer beefsteak, Sunday, beans."

"Did that hill differ from that of previous years?"

"If I remember rightly it was about the same."

"You served cabbage and squash when you had them?"

"When we had them we gave them to the inmates. Of course in the summer we didn't have them. Whatever we raised we served."

"Did you have more green stuff in 1909 than previous years?"

"If I remember right, I think we did."

"How did you prepare the tea?"

"We first heated the water in the tank. At 9:30 we put in the tea bag and kept it there until 11 o'clock and then we took out the tea bag."

"Did you have any trouble with the water in 1909?"

"Yes, the water was bad and it made the tea bad until Mr. Mayberry got a filter."

"What time of year was that?"

"I don't remember."

"Was there any time that you were short of meat?"

"If I remember rightly there were times that I didn't get as much as I ought to. I complained to the clerk at the store house but he didn't make any change so that I took what I got and said nothing."

On redirect examination Mr. Donlon was asked if he had talked with Mr. Brown, Mr. Mayberry or Mr. Hill since yesterday and he replied negatively.

Mr. Qua reviewed the menus with the witness.

"What kind of beef did you use?"

"You'll have to ask the butcher. I just called it fresh beef."

"All the meat served was either boiled or stewed?"

"Yes sir."

"Do you remember in what part of the institution the strawberries were served?"

"Well, they'd send them around as far as they'd go. They were raised on the farm."

"Did all the able bodied inmates get strawberries?"

"I think so."

Ayer's Pills

Health

ESTABLISHED 1884

J.F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

All business entrusted to our care will receive personal attention. A chapel where services may be held or held in the home when desired. Telephone: office, 439-3; residence, 439-5.

MARKET ST., CORNER WORTHEN,

PALACE AT LISBON

Bombarded by Revolutionists Who
Want Republic—The King Flees

LONDON, Oct. 5.—There is a possibility that Great Britain will use its good offices to secure respect for the persons of King Manuel and the queen mother, Amelita of Portugal, from the revolutionists, who are reported to be in control at Lisbon. There is much public sympathy here for King Manuel. It is explained that it is too much to expect of a boy that he would be a force in politics.

As to the reflections on his private life, all such suspicion is new in this country.

The close relations between the ruling houses and government of Great Britain and Portugal give the empire a direct interest in the outcome of the revolution.

A wireless message received by the admiralty department today confirmed the press despatches that reported a revolution in Lisbon. The British government ordered warships to Lisbon to protect the interest of the British subjects. Then followed a long conference at the British foreign office between Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, and Marquis De Soveral, the Portuguese minister to Great Britain, and from the fact of this prompt conference it is concluded generally that Great Britain will use her friendly offices in the emergency.

King Manuel visited England as a youth and has been here three times since he was called to the throne.

To those who have followed affairs in Portugal the news of the revolution did not come as a surprise. For some weeks telegraphic news from Lisbon has been censored but mail letters from correspondents at the Portuguese capital have drawn attention to the growing strength of the republicans, as shown in the recent elections, and to the waning popularity of the monarch.

The correspondents predicted important happenings at an early date.

A London firm which does a large business in Portugal received a cablegram this morning from Oporto containing an order for goods. This is an indication that the revolution up to this forenoon had been confined to Lisbon. This is the only wire message received from Portugal in the past 24 hours. The cable between Lisbon and the Azores is interrupted.

The Portuguese legation here also is without official advices. Acting, however, on the news despatches, the Marquis De Soveral, Portuguese minister to Great Britain, called at the foreign office early today and had a long conference with Sir Edward Grey.

Foreign Secretary Sir Arthur Nicholson, secretary of the foreign office, upon hearing, through private sources last night, that telegraphic communication with Lisbon was interrupted, sent a message to British Minister Sir F. Villiers asking the cause. This message, like all other messages, was received at the cable office at the sender's risk and no response was received.

had been great dissatisfaction with the state of affairs on the part of the republicans, mainly because they had concluded from the progress made by Brazil that progress could be made in Portugal only under a republican form of government.

Mateus De Sampaio, a Portuguese deputy and personal friend of King Manuel, who was in London yesterday, had occasion to forward a telegram to his home in regard to the proposed visit there by King Manuel.

He received an invitation, sent through the telegraph company, that it would be impossible for his majesty to be delivered.

berry's time, one-third of whom were infirm.

"Where there any changes relative to food after Mr. Mayberry came there?"

"Yes sir. There was a scarcity of meat and milk and the soups lacked nourishment."

"How about malted milk and such things?"

"There were none."

"How about bedding and bed clothing?"

"There was a scarcity of both."

"How about the butter?"

"It came to me on the bread and I did not observe it."

"Did you have to make different arrangements in keeping the inmates as a result of the lack of clothing?"

"Yes sir."

"Is it true that the same under-clothing was not returned to the patients after being washed?"

"Yes sir."

"Were the clothes all washed together and distributed indiscriminately?"

"They were."

"What were your hours?"

"From 6 in the morning until 8 at night."

"Who took your place?"

"Two inmates."

"Were they nurses?"

"No."

"Were they the same ones all the time?"

"No, they changed them."

"And it is a fact that there were times when there were patients dangerously ill who were left all night with only two inmates to look after them?"

"Yes, sir."

Cross examined by Mr. Hill.

"Did you have all the food you required for your patients?"

"No, sir. In the early part of Mr. Mayberry's administration I didn't get enough."

"I asked the attendant in the kitchen, but didn't get any more."

"You say there was a scarcity of malted milk?"

"I had very little."

Continued to page four

The Eastern Telegraph Co. has had no communication with Portugal since yesterday and the direct Spanish company, which works its wires through Spain, reports no communication today beyond Madrid.

Portuguese securities fell today two points and consols eased 1/4. There was not much selling.

The Portuguese consulate also was without official information from Lisbon. An official of the consulate said candidly that the news of a revolution was not unexpected.

"For a long time," he said, "there

THE ONLY NEWS

WAS BY WIRELESS

MADRID, Oct. 5.—There has been no communication between Madrid and the Portuguese capital since Tuesday morning. The only news of the revolution came by wireless from Santander.

It is believed here that the revolutionists have cut the telephone and telegraph wires with the intention to restore them only when they are prepared to announce to the world that a republic has been proclaimed.

PORTUGAL IS ISOLATED

FROM REST OF WORLD

PARIS, Oct. 5.—It is reported at the Portuguese legation here today that King Manuel had taken refuge on the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo.

Portugal since yesterday has been isolated from the rest of the world and circular reports declare that the country is in the throes of a violent revolution. All of the navy and a part of the army are reported to have deserted the monarchy and to have cast in their lots with the revolutionists.

The Portuguese warships shelled the royal palace while land forces after desperate fighting in the streets dragged down the royal standard and raised the banner of the republic.

King Manuel is said to be a prisoner in the palace.

Though a revolution, peaceful or accomplished with violence, was not expected. It is generally believed that the immediate cause was the assassination in the capital of Prof. Bombarda, the republican deputy and chief of the Liberal league by a lieutenant of the army. So intense was the feeling against the throne that this incident, comparatively trivial in itself, was sufficient to start the outbreak.

Portugal, following the example of Spain, has been imbued in recent years with a strong anti-clerical sentiment and the government program included a revision of the status of the religious orders.

President-elect Fonseca of Brazil recently arrived in Lisbon, and last night a grand banquet was to have been given him by King Manuel. Accordingly the Brazilian president must have been a witness of scenes similar to those of 1889 in Brazil when the Portuguese empire was overthrown.

Evidence of the activity of those who aimed at the throne have been found frequently of late. On Sept. 20 the police raided a bomb factory and arrested ten persons. This action was said to have followed the discovery of a widespread anti-monarchical plot with ramifications throughout the kingdom.

El Imparcial, an official organ, at that time declared the government was prepared to mercilessly crush a revolt.



KING MANUEL II OF PORTUGAL

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Continued to page four

TWO CONVENTIONS

Held in Lincoln Hall in Gorham
Street TodayA. G. Pollard Presided at Middle-
sex County Republican Con-
vention and Also at Convention
Nominating District Attorney—
Everything Was Cut and Dried
—John J. Higgins Was Nomi-
nated for District Attorney and
John R. Fairburn for Sheriff

The Middlesex County republican convention was held in Lincoln hall, Gorham street, this forenoon, A. G. Pollard of this city presided, and Geo. J. Burns of Ayer was chosen secretary.

Charles H. Richardson of Lowell was re-nominated for county commissioner for three years and Chester B. Williams of Wayland for three years.

Mr. Williams was appointed by the clerk of courts some time ago to succeed the late Commissioner Francis J. Bigelow.

Hon. Edward E. Thompson of Woburn and Frank A. Patch of Littleton were nominated as associate county commissioners for one year.

John R. Fairburn of Cambridge was re-nominated, by acclamation, for sheriff. The old county committee was re-elected.

There were 157 delegates present.

For District Attorney

The district attorney convention was called in Lincoln hall at 11:30 and on motion it was voted that the chairman and secretary of the county committee be made temporary chairman and secretary of the district attorney convention and later this organization was made permanent.

The committee on credentials re-

ported and the report was accepted.

Then came the nomination of district attorney and ex-Mayor Edgar Champlain of Cambridge nominated John J. Higgins of Somerville, for district attorney for the northern district of Middlesex county and he asked that the nomination be made unanimous.

The motion was seconded by a Mr. Prebble of Somerville and John Q. Brackett of Arlington. Mr. Champlain and Mr. Brackett spoke very highly of the honesty and ability of Mr. Higgins. They said he had filled the office most acceptably for the last three years, that he had been honest and fearless and played no favorites. They cited some of the important cases with which Mr. Higgins had to deal and the able manner in which he dealt with them. They said that Mr. Higgins had given his undivided attention to the office. They said that his ability was more than equal to the requirements of the office, but they cared not so much for his ability as for the rugged honesty of his principles.

The nomination was finally made unanimous; the county committee was authorized to fill any vacancies that might arise during the year and the convention dissolved.

For Sheriff

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TO SPEND \$10,000,000

Action Taken by Directors of B. & M. Railroad

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Approximately \$10,000,000 for new equipment and improvements was appropriated by the directors of the Boston & Maine railroad at a meeting yesterday afternoon.

A large portion of the appropriation will be spent in strengthening bridges on various divisions. About one-third of the appropriation represents the amount which will be applied to equipment, the larger part of which is to be spent for new passenger coaches, although a portion will be spent for passenger and freight locomotives.

Among the bridges to be strengthened in order that the heavy type of locomotives may be run over practically the whole system are those on the northern part of the White mountain division and on the western part of the Pittsburgh division between Greenfield and Rotterdam.

On the Worcester, Nashua and Portland divisions, new bridges will be built and several on the southern division will receive attention. Extensive improvements will be made to the Saugus river drawbridge near Lynn and to the Nobles Island bridge at Portsmouth, N. H., particularly. Between Ayer and Nashua about 25 miles of double tracking will be done.

Repair shop room being at a premium, the shops situated near the East Somerville station will be carried to completion as quickly as possible, while extensive improvements will be made to the shops at East Woburn. New delivery tracks will be put in at North Lexington. The freight houses at Berlin, N. H., and at Peabody are to be enlarged, while at Canterbury, N. H., a new passenger station is to be built.

President Mellen, Vice President Byrnes and General Manager Barr of the Boston & Maine road left yesterday afternoon for a tour of inspection covering 700 miles. The route will be from Boston to Intervale, N. H., thence to St. Johnsbury, Vt., and to the Canadian line, the return being made by way of the White mountains and the western division.

LE BLANC CASE

Witnesses Brought from Cape Breton

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Three witnesses who are to testify regarding Mrs. Lillian M. Glover's life in West Arichat, C. B., were brought to Boston from that place yesterday by State Detective Byrnes, and were sent to Woonsocket, R. I., to await the trial of Hattie Le Blanc, the 17-year-old girl accused of murdering Clarence F. Glover in his laundry at Waltham.

Capt. Peter King, 70 years old, was one of those who came to Boston yesterday to help the accused girl. In the contest over the Glover will, it was hinted that Capt. King could tell of incidents reflecting upon Hattie Le Blanc, but yesterday he declared that such insinuations were outrageous.

"Detective Byrnes came to my house with Miller Terrie, whom I knew by reputation, and asked me questions concerning the life of Hattie," said Capt. King. "I told him that she was an honest and upright girl when she lived in Arichat. He took down what I said, and later made similar visits to other people in the town.

"I never saw Mrs. Glover in my life. I knew her father and mother well. Hattie lived with my daughter for a time. She was always a nice girl so far as I knew and saw. The charge made against me is absolutely false. I left Arichat to come to Boston to help the girl all I can."

During the 10 months that she has been confined in the East Cambridge jail Hattie Le Blanc, it was said yesterday, has been a model prisoner. She is looking eagerly forward to her trial, which is scheduled to take place next January.

Lillian and Irene LeBlanc, her sisters, have been frequent visitors to Hattie LeBlanc at the East Cambridge jail, and have written many letters to her. The sisters will be witnesses at the trial.

The four brothers of Clarence F. Glover, who were not beneficiaries under his will, will also be witnesses for the defence.

MASKED ROBBERS

Held up a Druggist in Roxbury

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Two masked men entered the drug store of Charles L. Blake at 123 Bird street, Roxbury, last night, and after firing one shot at the proprietor, which sent him scurrying to a place of safety, they robbed the



LOWELL SEES IN PRESENT INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY A GUARANTEE OF FUTURE PROSPERITY

A HEALING, CLEANSING AND PURIFYING PREPARATION

That Should Be in Every Home

An up-to-date housekeeper can no more get along without carbolic than she can get along without soap and water.

Carbolic is not a soap or a powder, but a non-poisonous liquid and can be used as safely as water. It thoroughly disinfects whatever it comes in contact with, destroying germs and bad odors. Its use makes the house cleaner and the household healthier. Use it freely in the kitchen in all the receptacles. In the bathroom, pour a little carbolic in the water when you clean the refrigerator; sprinkle it over the garbage and in the cellar. It will destroy odors and keep everything clean and pure and germ free.

In the sickroom it is invaluable. Besides being a powerful disinfectant, antiseptic and deodorizer, it cures pain, it heals burns, scalds, bruises, wounds, cuts, sores, ulcers, etc., etc. The use of carbolic is a long step toward sanitary cleanliness and good health. It destroys everything that is unclean and noxious. It works quickly and effectively and is as safe to use as water. Carbolic is neither a poison nor a canker—its properties are all healing, cleansing and purifying. Its cost is a trifle; its uses manifold.

Carbolic is sold by all leading druggists. Price, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c per bottle. If your dealer doesn't handle same, send name and address and we will send you a liberal sample free. Write today to the Barrett Manufacturing Co., 207 Franklin street, Boston.

Please Your Boy

GET HIM A

"High Flyer"

A little flying machine that will go 600 feet up into the air, with no more effort than spinning a top. John Wanamaker sold 2158 in three days in his New York store. The most wonderful toy ever produced. We will give one of these with every purchase in our boys' department of \$4.00 or over. See them in our window. Come in and let us show them to you.

Foot Balls, Shin Guards and Nose Guards

—AT—

Macartney's

(FORMERLY LOWELL ONE PRICE)

R. J. Macartney. Tel. 2401. 72 Merrimack St.

cash register of \$16. The job was done in much the same manner as that done in the Beacon Pharmacy, Somerville, Monday night, when Patrick J. Flaherty, the clerk, was held up at the point of a revolver by four men and forced to hurry to cover. In that job the amount stolen was identical with that taken at Blake's last night and the two jobs bear the same earmarks. Shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. Blake attended to some women customers, and after they departed he was alone for several minutes. Finally the door opened and two men, one about 5 feet 10 inches and the other 5 feet 5 inches, both with dark suits and caps and

white masks on their faces, entered. The taller of the two pointed a revolver at Mr. Blake and ordered him to throw up his hands. When he failed to comply on the instant a shot whizzed over his head into a bottle on a nearby shelf.

Mr. Blake dropped to the floor and scurried into the back room. He heard the cash register ring, and a few seconds later he heard them go away. A train passed just about the time, thereby drowning out the sound of the revolver shot. When Blake dared venture out he could find no traces of the robbers.

AMATEUR FOOTBALL

The North common will be represented in the local amateur football world this season by the North Ends. Their record last year was an enviable one, which this year will be better if intentions count. The 1910 rules will be adhered to. Next Saturday, Oct. 8, the Hustlers will be the opposing eleven in the opening game. Games with teams averaging 140 pounds are desired.

Anyone desiring a game should communicate with Manager Edw. Noonan, 93 West Third street.

TRIED SUICIDE

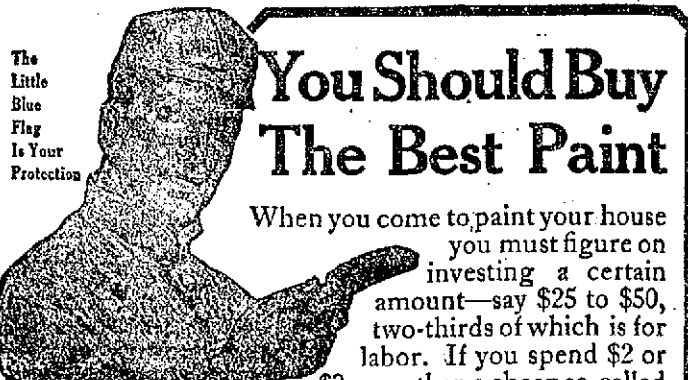
CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 5.—News reached the city late yesterday afternoon that Alida Cogswell True, wife of Dr. Charles L. True, a Tilton dentist, attempted to end her life yesterday morning with a revolver. Mr. True was at her summer home on Cogswell's hill in Canterbury, 12 miles from this city.

Dr. True was at home and arose to light the fires. Soon afterward he heard a shot and returning to his wife's room found that she had shot herself directly above the heart.

It was reported by telephone last evening that she was still alive, but that her recovery was doubtful.

Mrs. True has been in a sanitarium at Nashua and in the state insane hospital in this city for treatment. She had seemingly recovered and her act of yesterday morning was a shocking surprise to Dr. True.

Mrs. True is the daughter of William Cogswell of Tilton. She was formerly a well known church singer and also proprietor of a millinery establishment at Tilton.



You Should Buy The Best Paint

When you come to paint your house you must figure on investing a certain amount—say \$25 to \$50, two-thirds of which is for labor. If you spend \$2 or \$3 more than a cheap so-called paint would cost and get the best paint you will save more than the few dollars extra outlay because you will be assured of utmost service.

Low Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint is not only the best paint but the most economical. It gives you most for your money—most in wear, in looks and in hiding power. It may cost more per gallon but less for the job and you can depend on it.

Low Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint

We sell all of Low Brothers "High Standard" products and the Little Blue Flag on the can is your protection. Let us talk over your paint needs and show you in plain figures where you can save money. New color cards and combinations ready.

OUR AUTO DELIVERS THE GOODS

ERVIN E. SMITH CO.

43-45-47-49 Market Street.

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1910

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store For Thrifty People

SPECIAL SALE OF

Untrimmed

Hats

Begins Tomorrow Morning

600 UNTRIMMED FELT HATS—Samples from a prominent manufacturer in New York. All the newest large and small shapes and every color. Hats worth \$2 and \$3.

ONLY

98c

EACH

ON SALE THURSDAY A. M. SEE WINDOW

Palmer Street

Centre Aisle

Basement Bargain Dept.

Thursday Specials

SHELF OILCLOTH—One case of Shelf Oilcloth, large assortment of patterns in all new coloring, 5c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 2c**

YARD WIDE PERCALE—Best quality of Manchester percale remnants in light, medium and dark colors, all new patterns and very fine quality, full yard wide, 12 1-2c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

MERCERIZED NAPKINS—100 Dozen Mercerized Napkins, all hemmed, ready to use, very fine quality, in large variety of patterns, usually sold at \$1.00 a dozen. **Thursday Special, Each, 5c**

PRINTED ETAMINE—Yard wide etamine, printed both sides, in very handsome patterns, in all the newest colors and shades, usually sold on the piece at 10c yard. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

FINE CAMBRIC—Fine cambric, 36 inches wide, nice and fine quality for underwear, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 7c**

HUCK TOWELS—75 Dozen Huck Towels, hemmed, white and fast color borders, heavy quality, 18x36 inches, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Each, 6 1/2c**

CRIB BLANKETS—One case of white crib blankets with fast color mottle borders, worth 50c pair. **Thursday Special, Each, 15c**

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Men's Union Suits, made of fine combed cotton and blue, 50c and 75c value. **Thursday Special, Suit, 25c**

Fleeced Cottons for Fall Wear

Our Wash Goods Department Offers the Following Napped Cotton Fabrics, as New Goods, Unusually Low Priced:

Two Cases Heavy Twilled Fleeced Print, for house dresses, etc., 27 inches wide, regular price 12 1-2c, special, 8c yard

Two Cases Printed Diagonal Cloth; a beautiful finished fabric for children's and ladies' dresses in dark shades only. Regular price 17c, special, 10c yard

Two Cases "Tennis Flannel," printed to look like the real Scotch flannel, full yard wide, for children's and ladies' dresses, men's shirts, pajamas, etc., fast colors. Regular price 20c, special, 12 1-2c

Two Cases "Melton-Velvet," Kimono Flannel in handsome Japanese designs—the kind that retails everywhere for 17c yard, special, 12 1-2c

PALMER STREET

CENTRE AISLE

LECTURE ON CHINA

By Dr. A. H. Smith to the Congregational Club

The fall season of the Lowell Congregational club opened last night. Dinner was served in the vestry and there was an address on "The China of Today and Tomorrow," by Dr. Arthur H. Smith, who has returned to this country from China for the centenary meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

The president, Louis A. Olney, presided, and there were vocal selections by Master Ernie Hart and Miss Alferetta Morris of the Trinitarian children's choir. The meeting was held at the First Trinitarian church and it was the club's 68th regular meeting since its organization.

Rev. F. G. Alger reported for the home work committee and Harold A. Varnum for the membership committee. Mr. Varnum reported nine new candidates and they were voted into membership.

Dr. Smith, the speaker of the evening, was then introduced by the president and he told a whole lot about China. He said there is not, never has been, and never will be a man living who can understand China.

"The keynote to China," he said, "is unity in variety. The first impression that an American in China has, is that every Chinese looks like every other Chinese. But they are not the same. What rational animal would talk about Europe as a whole? China is as big as all of Europe, without Russia, and has many differences. China is just like any other country, in that it started somewhere and has gone on developing. But the development has been different. It has been homogeneous, and it has been slow. Homogeneous because ages ago, back of any authentic history, were the beginnings of China's history. At that remote point they had sagas,—I think we may safely say they were inspired of God to do things that needed to be done.

"It has been said that civilization is the art of getting along with other people. That is, the people in the whole world. The Lord has delivered the whole world in job lots on the state of Massachusetts, in order that we may have kindergarten lessons on how to get along with other people. It is useless to talk about Plymouth Rock. I was brought up on Plymouth Rock, but we have something more important today. We have new problems, and we have to meet them in a new way."

"The point for us to consider is, are we going to survive. If we are, it is not because our forefathers came over in the Mayflower. We are living in the 20th century, now. Let us look to the future, and stop talking about the past, except when we have a carnival."

"When you come to investigate, you find that the Chinese have done everything that anybody else in the world has done, and they have done it first; and long after they have stopped it, somebody else has begun."

"We, as Americans, have an idea that we can regulate the whole human race. Let us set our own house in order. We have an instinct of helpfulness; we have also an instinct of being wrecked on the reefs of know-it-all."

He spoke of the attitude of the omniscient American, who asks "what is being done about civilizing China. The answer to that is, 'These people were civilized when your ancestors and mine were rooting in the woods.'"

"The Chinese has all the qualities to make him supereminent in the business. He started in a good deal earlier than the Jew, and has been a good deal more successful in staying there. He is the only man in the world who started somewhere and has been there ever since. He is not going to move."

"In the centre of China we have a combination that I do not think can be found anywhere else in the world,—an unlimited supply of iron, the largest supply of coal in the world, and an unlimited supply of cheap and marvellously efficient labor. Where else will you find those three things together?"

He said that there are three great new movements going on in China: First, a western system of education. Second, "they have constitutional government, without knowing what it is. They think it is a machine in which they will put a nickel and get what they want, instead of a barbed wire fence to keep them from getting where they want to go. Third, the power of Confucius is beginning to wane. They are losing the sanction of the past, and are not getting anything in its place."

At the close of the meeting, Rev. B. A. Willmott moved that the greetings of the Congregational club be sent to the church in Tewksbury, which is celebrating its 150th anniversary. It was so voted. A vote of thanks was given the speaker, and on the recommendation of the home work committee, the club voted to hold a public Thanksgiving Day service.

HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGES
PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—Hungarian partridges will be introduced into Eastern Oregon and Washington this fall. Sixty pairs of the birds will be ordered from Yardley, Pa. They are expected to arrive in about two weeks and will be liberated in the hills near Dayton, Washington.

It is believed these birds will do well in the grain growing districts where they will be introduced. They are prolific, beautifully colored, hardy, palatable and gamey. Habits of the Hungarian partridge have been carefully studied and it is believed they will easily adapt themselves to this section of the country. The birds will be protected from hunters until 1913, when it is thought they will have become sufficiently plentiful in the grain fields to allow of their being hunted.

You can get a large package of stove lining for 25c at The Thompson Hardware Co.

JUSTICE MOODY
Has Resigned Seat on Supreme Court Bench

BEVERLY, Oct. 5.—Associate Justice William H. Moody of the U. S. supreme court tendered his resignation to President Taft yesterday, to take effect Nov. 20. The president wrote to Justice Moody, who is at Magnolia, accepting the resignation and expressing his high regard for the retiring jurist. In retirement Justice Moody will receive the full pay of an active member of the court, \$12,000 a year.

It had been known since early in the summer that Justice Moody would retire. He personally made known his intentions to the president and offered to resign at any time that would be most convenient to the president. Mr. Taft stated that he had no intention of appointing any federal justices until the regular session of congress had convened. He urged Justice Moody to take his own time.

The enabling act passed in behalf of Mr. Moody, who has not served a sufficient time to permit of his retirement under the ordinary process of law, expires late in November.

Justice Moody has been ill more than a year.

Despite the fact that he had known for some time that Mr. Moody's retirement was inevitable, the president said yesterday that he had accepted the resignation with great reluctance. Mr. Taft holds Justice Moody in high regard as a lawyer and jurist, and feels that he will be a great loss to the supreme court bench.

When he shall have appointed successors to the late Chief Justice Fuller and to Justice Moody, the president within two years of having taken office will have appointed four of the nine judges of the supreme court.

for first degree murder, the prosecution has not pressed for a conviction entailing so severe a penalty.

Attorney Round Greely urged that the child be placed in an institution, but the girl's counsel dramatically demanded "Liberty or death!"

Judge Swearingen's charge was that if Volpe went to the cellar with the express purpose to commit an abuse against the girl, the child had a right to kill him. She is soon to become a mother.

WHEAT FARMS
HALF OF LAND IN OREGON LIES IDLE

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—To educate the sons of farmers that the present system of wheat growing by the big bonanza ranchers of eastern Oregon is wasteful and should be replaced by intensive farming is what the Pendleton schools have set themselves. Wheat kings of the interior have single cultivated farms containing 10,000 acres. Methods of cultivation are such that half the land lies idle each season, wheat being grown on the remainder. It is to rodden eastern Oregon from the big farm idea and introduce diversified farming methods that scientific agriculture is being taught in the Pendleton schools.

The course has met with great popularity from the outset. Further encouragement of this line of work is being planned by the school management and among other things practical gardening on tracts of ground secured within the city limits is being carried on under the supervision of the teachers giving the course of study.

A suggestion that will be adopted will be the formation of a "one-acre club" in the different grades of the public school and of the pupils in the Pendleton High school. Prizes will be offered the members of these clubs for the best gardens next spring. The school board is impressed with the plan for they believe it will not only stimulate the interest in agricultural work, but also materially assist in beautifying the city.

But the great object to be attained is the breaking up of the big wheat ranches and the cultivation of smaller farms, thereby making homes for a denser population and removing the isolation of life in the grain growing

sections.

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SUED FOR \$50,000

Breach of Promise is Alleged Against Famous Professor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dr. Harry Thurston Peck, one of the foremost Latin scholars in the world, who was named as defendant in a \$50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Miss Esther Quinn of Boston, was dismissed as anthon professor of Latin language and literature by the trustees of Columbia university yesterday.

The dismissal grew directly out of Miss Quinn's suit and subsequent developments, which involved Dr. Peck in controversy with Pres. Butler of the university.

Although the resolution of the trustees terminates Dr. Peck's connection with the university "forthwith," his counsel announced last night that he would not relinquish his position without a legal fight. In consideration of his long service the board voted him a lump sum equivalent to his salary, \$50,000, for the current academic year.

Immediately upon being notified of the trustees' action, Dr. Peck sent them a letter, in part as follows:

"I regard this action on your part as illegal and in violation of my contract

with Columbia university. Inasmuch as you are acting in violation of the letter and spirit of the university charter and of my agreement with this institution I insist on your carrying out your contract with me and that you respect my contractual relations with the university."

Dr. Peck had no written contract or agreement with the university. His counsel said last night:

"There is a provision in the charter of 1776 that no professor shall be discharged except upon the filing or bringing of written charges against him. There was no charge brought against Dr. Peck."

"Dr. Peck is not an employee of the university; he is an officer in the true sense of the word, and I shall take steps to protect him in that capacity."

"There is nothing that I can say regarding today's developments," Dr. Peck said last night. "This matter is too serious now to be made a topic of idle conversation. It is getting down to brass tacks."

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Chicago	87	48	.643
New York	80	59	.574
Pittsburgh	76	63	.547
Philadelphia	75	64	.537
Cincinnati	74	65	.529
Brooklyn	62	87	.416
St. Louis	60	86	.411
Boston	50	99	.336

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Philadelphia	102	46	.689
New York	84	64	.567
Detroit	84	65	.564
Boston	80	68	.541
Cleveland	68	78	.466
Washington	65	84	.438
Chicago	60	84	.416
St. Louis	59	105	.360

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS

At Boston—New York 17, Boston 9.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 2, Pittsburgh 1.
(Called end of fifth, rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, Boston 1.
At New York—New York 8, Washington 6.
At Detroit—Cleveland-Detroit game postponed rain. Two games tomorrow.

GAMES TODAY

American—Boston at Washington, New York at Philadelphia, Cleveland at Detroit.
National—Pittsburgh at St. Louis.

DIAMOND NOTES

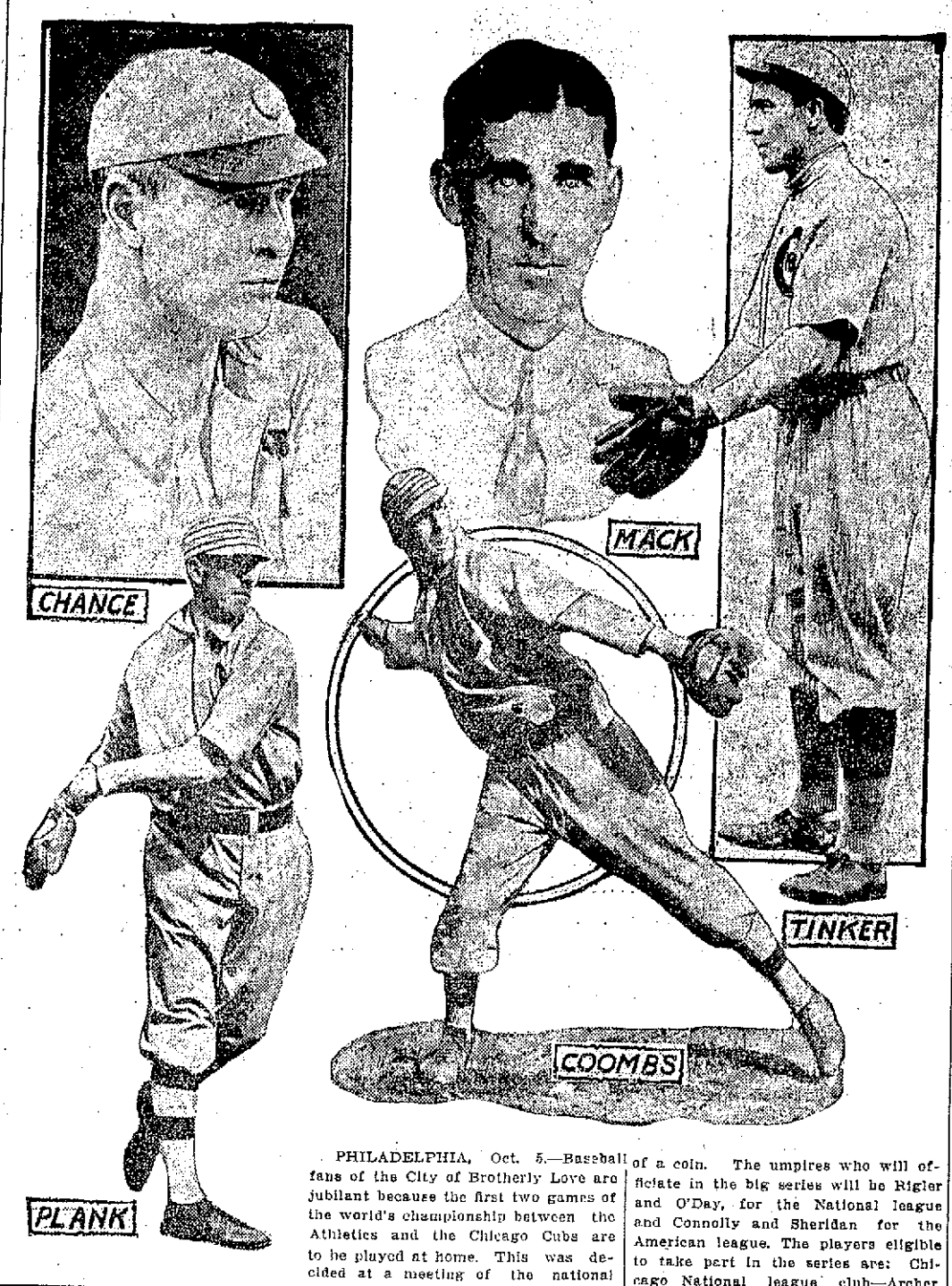
The remarkable pitching of Russell Ford, the Highlands' star baseman this year, is not wholly due to the use of a splitter, although many players and critics seem to think that Ford

depends exclusively upon a moist delivery. Superstitious persons have even made themselves believe that the young New York pitcher possesses supernatural powers and is a sort of baseball medium. Players that have been fooled by him have been heard to say that they do not know what kind of balls Ford shoots up to them and that his curves are different from any they have ever seen before.

There is no doubt that Ford has mastered the spit ball with unusual results, that he can make the ball "break" either to the right or to the left at will and that he has perfected the scientific use of this so-called mystery ball to a degree that might be called black art. But it is also true that Ford is a great pitcher of natural ability without the use of the damp fling. In the first place he is a powerfully built young man, with broad shoulders, deep chest, strong arms and steady underpinning. Then again he is a cool headed, careful student, with clear eyesight and wonderful control. It is this control that is one of the secrets of his success. Coupled with it is confidence in himself, great speed and quick curves, together with a beautiful slow ball. Not afraid to shoot the ball over the plate, or rather the corners of it, Ford necessarily must have a constant advantage over the batsmen who cannot afford to play the usual waiting game.

Combining these natural qualities with the mystery of the spit ball, Ford may be regarded as a freak. There isn't a thing about scientific pitching he doesn't know, and he never fails to take advantage of every point. He is never careless, never pitches a ball without a purpose and has a head filled with gray matter. Ford knows how to save his strength. He has an

BASEBALL FANS AWAIT CALL OF TIME IN WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES



PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5.—Baseball fans of the City of Brotherly Love are jubilant because the first two games of the world's championship between the Athletics and the Chicago Cubs are to be played at home. This was decided at a meeting of the national commission at Cincinnati, and from now until Oct. 17, when the first game is called, all will be expectancy in the camp of the local fans. The series will be played off in the following manner: First game, Monday, Oct. 17, at Philadelphia; second game, Tuesday, Oct. 18, at Philadelphia; Wednesday, Oct. 19, train trip from Philadelphia to Chicago; third game, Thursday, Oct. 20, at Chicago; fourth game, Friday, Oct. 21, at Chicago. If other games are required to settle the supremacy a fifth game will be played Saturday, Oct. 22, after a hurried run in a special train from Chicago to Philadelphia, and in case another game is required another hurry run in a special train will be made from Philadelphia to Chicago in time to play the sixth game on Sunday, Oct. 23. If the series should not be settled by this time the pace of playing the seventh game will be determined by the toss of a coin. The umpires who will officiate in the big series will be Rigger and O'Day, for the National league and Connolly and Sheridan for the American league. The players eligible to take part in the series are: Chicago National league club—Archer, Beaumont, Brown, Cole, Chance, Evers, Foxen, Hoffman, Kling, Kane, McIntyre, Needham, Overall, Pfeffer, Pfeister, Richie, Reulbach, Sheppard, Steinfeldt, Schutte, Tinker, Weaver, Zimmerman; Philadelphia American league club—Atkins, Bender, Barry, Baker, Coombs, Collins, Donohue, Dykert, Davis, Derrick, Houser, Hartel, Krause, Lapp, Livingston, Lord, Morgan, Murphy, McNinnis, Oldring, Plank, Thomas, Strunk. The scorers selected by the national commission are Francis Richter of Philadelphia and Taylor Spink of St. Louis. John Hoydler, secretary to President Lynch of the National league, and Robert McCoy, secretary to President Johnson of the American league, have been selected business managers of the series. Reserved seat prices were fixed at from \$1 to \$2, while the price for general admission will be 50 cents.

SENATOR HIBBARD

Given Unanimous Renomination in the Eighth District

The eighth senatorial district republicans held a convention yesterday in the republican headquarters and formally nominated Hon. Joseph H. Hibbard for senator. The nomination address was made by Rep. George H. Stevens of Braut, who served with Mr. Hibbard at the state house.

Mr. Stevens paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Hibbard for the work he has done as senator, particularly for the eighth senatorial district.

William W. Duncan, city solicitor, a member of the state republican committee called to order and Mr. Wallace T. Butterfield, of Tyngsboro, was chosen temporary chairman.

Mr. Whipple, of Pepperell, was nominated secretary. Mr. Whipple declined to serve and Mr. Erson B. Barlow of Lowell was chosen.

After a committee on credentials had performed its work the vote showed Mr. Hibbard to be the unanimous choice of the convention.

In accepting the nomination Sen. Hibbard made the following brief but pointed address:

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the senatorial convention: Again I stand before you, my heart filled with gratitude, to accept another nomination at your hands, prouder and more grateful than ever if I may say so by reason of the fact that though seeking a fourth nomination with two worthy candidates in the field against me the voters of this city and district have named me by a preponderance of votes that leaves no uncertainty behind as to whom they desired to represent them.

I take this flattering vote as an endorsement of my record during the past year and I assure you gentlemen that though I worked hard and constantly throughout the year in the interest of my state and my district, your endorsement I consider full and complete reward for all my work as a public official. I have never missed an opportunity to promote the interests of the entire district and of all its people, and believe me, as long as you elect me as your representative in the state house I shall work as hard and as honestly in your behalf as I have as honestly in the past. But the contest is not over. Thus far we have simply selected a leader. Now we must meet the common enemy and to do so with success the leader must go forth with a united party behind him. The opposition press and party have made much of an incident in connection with the recent caucuses in an effort to give the impression that our party is not united as the result of the caucuses. As far as I am concerned any claim that one candidate was given an advantage over another is false. I welcomed every candidate into the field and throughout the campaign I never said one disparaging word against either of my opponents. Had either been nominated instead of me, Joe Hibbard would have been found on the firing line working for the choice of this convention whoever he might be. Let us go forth in complete harmony and bring success to the republican cause. Again gentlemen I thank you.

SUPERIOR COURT

Continued
Harry W. J. Howe Cross-examined
Harry W. J. Howe on the stand in the latter part of yesterday afternoon's session, testified under cross examination as follows:
"The mayor told you on January 28 that he wanted Courtney removed and Dacey appointed?"
"Yes, there was no doubt about that."

"Did you make the statement that with the exception of the oleo in \$200,000 conditions were the same under previous administrations?"
"I never made such a statement."
"Can you tell us the bill of fare at the farm during 1909?"
"I understood that the breakfasts and suppers were practically the same, rolled oats, bread and tea. After I made my report they got more of a variety. For dinner I have seen beans, mutton broth, a small piece of corned beef, and fish chowder."
"You had no fault to find with Mr. Mayberry?"
"I never criticized him publicly."

Redirect Examination

On redirect examination, Mr. Howe stated that he was removed from office on December 24 by Mayor Brown.

Mayor Brown's letter of removal was then read.

City Sealer Stott

City Sealer Stott was called and he stated that he measured the ten tank at the city farm and found it contained 60 gallons.

John H. Donlon, baker at the city farm during Mr. Mayberry's administration, was called.

How much tea was put into the tank to make the tea?

"One pound of tea—more or less."
"Do you have to do with cooking the meat?"
"Yes sir."

"After Mr. Mayberry assumed office did you get more or less meat than formerly?"
"Mr. Mayberry's clerk used to give me less. As long as Mr. Hough was clerk I got much less. After Hough left I got a little more."

"After Hough left did you get more meat than when Mr. Courtney was there?"

"I got what they gave me. I can't say."
"Did Mr. Brown visit you at the farm?"
"He came after Mr. Howe's report, but before election."

"Did he inquire about conditions from you?"
"I don't remember."
"Did he have a stenographer with him?"
"I think he did."

Cross-examined by Mr. Hill, witness said Mr. Hough was there for two months.

"What were his duties?"
"I don't know; he seemed to be all around the place."

"You had to get the tea from Hough?"

"I did."
"How long have you been at the farm?"
"Nearly 10 years."

"Did you cook for the inmates?"
"Yes, with help."
"How much tea did you use in the morning?"
"About half a pound to 15 or 20 gallons of water."

"How much at noon time?"

"We filled the tank. It contained 60 gallons."
"Did you ever use two pounds of tea?"
"Yes, after Mr. Howe investigated."

"Did you have as much meat after Mr. Hough left as before he came there?"
"I don't remember."
"Were there any inmates who didn't get enough to eat?"
"I couldn't say."

"Did the farm raise a lot of stuff in 1909?"

"Yes."
"Was it served to the inmates cooked by you?"
"Yes."
Adjourned.

"Did you know about this pound of tea to 80 gallons of water is what you have been told?"
"Told by the man in charge of making it?"
"And you say the mayor asked you to keep what you had found quiet?"
"Practically that."

"Did you ever state that the mayor was behind you in these charges?"

"I don't believe I ever told anyone but he did say he would back me up."
"How did he come to say that?"
Would Fire Mayberry

"I don't know. He said it and he said he was going to fire Mayberry because he was too small a man for the place."

"Did you complain to the state board of charities?"

"No, it wasn't necessary. The responsibility was with our board and

At a meeting of the Lowell board of trade held yesterday afternoon Harvey B. Greene, the president of the board, was appointed a representative to attend the hearings which are to be held at city hall Friday afternoon and evening by the special commission on compensation for industrial accidents.

The special commission consists of James A. Lowell, chairman; Amos T. Saunders, Magnus W. Alexander, Henry Howard, Joseph A. Parks and Carroll W. Dotson, chief investigator.

AUTO DRIVERS

To Be Warned by Posted Signs

The Lowell police is about to post signs warning automobile operators to regulate their rate of speed while passing through the city.

There will be posted in Merrimack square and vicinity notices which will read as follows: "Notice—No vehicle allowed to remain standing in this vicinity for more than twenty minutes. Penalty, \$20."

Those who have been speeding over the Princeton boulevard and Andover street; as well as other thoroughfares where the roads insure rapid speed, other notices will be posted.

The notices calling attention to the latter will be posted as follows: "Motorists Attention—Do not exceed the speed limit."

This is a result of action taken by the board of police because of numerous complaints received against "speeders."

JAIL SENTENCE

WHISKEY FOUND IN WAGON DRIVEN BY WOMAN

GARDINER, Me., Oct. 5.—Joseph Dyer and Charles Bailey of Litchfield were fined \$100 and given 60 days in jail, and in default of payment 60 days additional, on a charge of the illegal possession of liquor yesterday, and the two were further bound over to the county jail on a charge of cruelty to animals.

The two men were seen driving a horse that moved slowly and seemed weak. A wagon driven by Mrs. Nellie R. Fogg, aged 18, daughter of Dyer, followed. City Marshal Wakefield and Officer Blaisdell followed them, and in the wagon driven by the young woman 37 pints of whiskey were found.

Ideal Ford Cutters only 95c at The Thompson Hardware Co.

CLIFTON

CLIFTON, 2 1/2 in. high BEDFORD, 2 1/2 in. high

The New ARROW Notch COLLARS

Sit snugly to the neck, the tops meet in front and there is ample space for the cravat.

200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000

200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000

200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000

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200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000

200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000

Stop Women And Consider

This Fact—that in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers twenty-five years.

The present Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, was for years under her direction, and has ever since her decease continued to advise women.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty causes them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. Such questioning and examination is unnecessary. Without cost you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING INVITATION:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Catcher Criger will not be retained by Manager Chase, who believes that

7-204
10c Cigar

Factory's output now upwards of half-million weekly. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the U. S.

Factory, Manchester, N. H.

Bright, Sears & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS

Wyman's Exchange

SECOND FLOOR

MAYOR GAYNOR

Sends Apology for Action Taken by Acting Mayor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—It became known last night that John Purroy Mitchell, as acting mayor of New York, caused official complaint to be made that the U. S. army building and the appraisers stores in this city were being "conducted as gambling houses."

Mayor Gaynor took action in the matter last night in the form of a letter of apology in reply to a sharp letter of protest received from Lieut. Col. M. Gray Zaluski, deputy quartermaster. The mayor said:

"I am in receipt of your communication showing that the police commissioner, acting under the direct order of acting Mayor Mitchell, served notice on you in your official capacity that the U. S. army building was being conducted as a gambling house, and calling on me for any evidence there may be to substantiate that statement. I beg to say that there is not such evidence and to express my deep regret that such an insulting notice should have been served on a U. S. government official. May I say also that I equally regret the similar occurrence

in the case of the U. S. appraisers' stores building."

Besides the foregoing letter there are other indications that the mayor is not altogether pleased with the methods pursued by Mr. Mitchell as acting mayor. The letter openly condemned the vice and gambling in the city and recommended the removal of Police Commissioner Baker. While Mayor Gaynor has given no hint of what he will do with the police, he said in an interview last evening that he is not in sympathy with "smirching the city's name."

"I did not ask for Mr. Mitchell's report," he said, "and have not had time to read it. The least said the soonest mended. Let me hope this city, as orderly a city as there is in the world, will never be held up by any persons or newspapers as the mere refuge and home of unfortunate women and gamblers. Let us all proceed, without scandalizing the city, to minimize these vices which, like all other vices, will always exist."

Headless of danger, the mayor resumed his old custom of walking across the Brooklyn bridge yesterday.

TRIED TO ESCAPE DUNNIGAN WINS

Joseph Lepine Breaks No. Chelmsford School
Away From Jail House Row Settled

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 5.—A dash for liberty was made yesterday by Joseph Lepine of this city, under arrest at the sheriff's office in the county court house, in care of Deputy Sheriff A. A. Leonard of Wallingford, being held on a charge of breach of the peace. Lepine, who last year was a special officer, is charged with insulting Miss Ethel Brown, a waitress in one of the local hotels, while she was out walking with a man Saturday night.

While waiting for the arrival of the justice Lepine went to the door of the sheriff's office to talk with his mother, and it was from here that he made his escape. He ran over Court street and was stopped for a minute by William Tuttle, who gave chase, but he again broke away and was finally captured in Prospect street. He spent the night in the county jail.

FAMILY ESCAPED

A Newburyport Home
Destroyed by Fire

NEWBURYPORT, Oct. 5.—The home of Richard Everett, 10 Spofford street, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and Mr. Spofford, his wife and three children had a narrow escape from being burned with it. The fire apparently started in the kitchen from an overheated stove.

The firemen had a long run to reach the building, some of them going three miles, and when they arrived the house was afire from top to bottom. Neighbors assisted the Everett family, which was nearly asphyxiated by the fire, to get out. They then tried to save some of the furniture, but got out only a small part of it. The loss is estimated at \$2500, partly covered by insurance.

While on the way to the fire, one of the horses of the team, which had two miles to run to the fire, collapsed while going up a hill.

WANTS \$30,000

Man Enters Suit Against
Wife's Family

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Laying alienation of his wife's affections at the door of his alleged mother-in-law and his two brothers-in-law, one of whom is a Harvard instructor, George A. Gray, a Charlestown real estate dealer, entered suit yesterday in the East Cambridge court for \$30,000.

The defendants are Mrs. Alice R. Kendall, Arthur L. Kendall, instructor in hygiene at the Harvard Medical school, and Richard P. Kendall, a 16-year-old Somerville high school athlete. They all reside at 338 Broadway, Somerville, where Gray lived with them up to last July.

Honored by Women

When a woman speaks of her silent secret suffering she trusts you. Millions have bestowed this mark of confidence on Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Everywhere there are women who bear witness to the wonder-working, curing-power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—which saves the suffering sex from pain, and successfully grapples with woman's weaknesses and stubborn ills.

**IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.**

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

A MOST IMPORTANT SALE

Fine Willow and French Ostrich Plumes

COMMENCING TOMORROW AT 8 O'CLOCK, AT PRICES AVERAGING 1-3 TO 1-2 LESS THAN REGULAR

Every woman in Lowell knows for an assured fact that Ostrich Plumes are "par excellence" the most stylish trimming for millinery this season. With this in mind, we have prepared a most unusual event, and on Thursday morning inaugurate the Biggest Sale of French and Willow Plumes that has ever been known in this city.

\$5000 WORTH OF OSTRICH PLUMES

DIRECT FROM THE LARGEST OSTRICH FARM IN THE WORLD

highest quality—rich, broad, dense and lustrous, are marked for this SPECIAL SALE at just a little over one-half price. THE QUALITY IS GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE. Every plume is of the best selected stock from the male birds, with very firm fibres, broad faces and beautifully curled. Dyed by the famous French process, their glossy, lustrous finish, their softness and beauty will instantly appeal to you. The scales of prices which we give below show the pronounced savings that will be made possible by attending this very unusual sale.

Willow Plumes

\$ 6.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.40
\$10.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 6.49
\$12.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$18.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$12.98
\$20.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$30.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$23.98
\$40.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$29.98
\$50.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$39.98

French Plumes

\$ 2.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.39
\$ 2.50 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.98
\$ 4.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 2.49
\$ 5.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.49
\$ 6.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.49
\$10.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 7.49
\$12.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$16.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$11.98
\$18.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$13.98
\$20.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$25.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$17.98

Sale Opens Thursday

See Special Window Display

SUMMER HOLIDAYS ARE OVER—STORE OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY

O'LEARY'S MATCH

The Veteran Walker
Proves His Worth

The St. Louis Republic publishes the following:

"Dan O'Leary, the veteran pedestrian, walked into The Republic office at 8 o'clock last night and stated that he had just won a walking match from Edwardsville to Granite City, Ill. O'Leary, who is now 67 years old, was the six-day hero of thirty years ago. He won six-day races in London, New York, Chicago and San Francisco and was as famous a sporting celebrity in his day as John L. Sullivan or Jim Corbett."

O'Leary is now a traveling salesman. He was en route from Boston to St. Louis when he struck up a conversation with two strangers in the smoking car. The talk drifted to Weston, and his recent feats.

J. C. Donaldson of Boston and Geo. Armstrong of Buffalo were both confident of their ability to "outrun" any man on the train. Neither had any idea of O'Leary's identity. When Dan showed his bald head and said he was some steeper himself the Buffalo and Boston gentlemen dared him to get off the train and walk to St. Louis. A small wager was made and all three dropped off at Edwardsville.

It was agreed that each man should carry his own luggage. Dan had checked his trunks through and had nothing but an overcoat with him. The other two had grips. The trio started from Edwardsville at 9 o'clock, and O'Leary was out by himself when he reached Granite City at 12 o'clock. He waited for Armstrong and Donaldson and helped them on a trolley car, then walked to the Adams bridge entrance on the east side.

"It was nothing but a pleasant little stroll for me," said O'Leary. "I'm feeling fine, eat three square meals a day and no man of my age in the world is enjoying better health. We took the highway from Edwardsville and found the road pretty good. The two men I beat are shoe drummers. They may be able to sell shoes, but they don't know how to shod themselves, for they were complaining of their feet when they reached Granite City."

Dan beat Edward Payson Weston in six day races in 1875, 1879 and 1880. He also won the first six day race in London and beat "Lep" Hughes in Madison Square Garden in 1882. The old

boy makes Boston his home town nowadays.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

A largely attended and enthusiastic meeting of the members of the St. John's Ladies' auxiliary was held last night in St. John's hall. One new member was admitted, and one proposition for membership received. The reports of the various committees were accepted, and the hustling committee in charge of the autumn party reported favorably. The report of the

Don't Pay a Dentist Too Much



Dr. Thomas Jefferson King
Dr. King's "Natural Gum"
sets of teeth absolutely defy

Your local dentist will charge you about four times as much as I would—he doesn't do much business, so he must "get it out of you"; besides he does not know how to do it painlessly, and, in nine cases out of ten, he performs operations with old-fashioned instruments, which enable him to do only inferior work. My inventions I control solely, and when anything new comes out I buy it. Remember—my patrons get the latest and best, and for less money.

Best set Teeth \$3, good set \$5. Gold crowns \$5, bridge work \$10, gold fillings \$1.50, other fillings \$1.00. Painless extraction free when sets are ordered.

King Dental Parlors

Over Hall & Lyon's
25 Merrimack St., Lowell
Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays
10 to 3 p. m. French spoken. Lady attendant. Telephone 1374-2.

treasurer showed the society never to be in a better standing financially. The society voted to hold a social for the members on Thursday evening, October 13. The committee in charge will have to make the affair an enjoyable one for the members. Mrs. Fred Gaudette and Loretta Ward are in charge. The communication from the Catholic T. A. union of Boston was read calling the delegates to the semi-annual convention which is to be held in the music room of Boston college Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m. The society will be represented by Mrs. Fred Gaudette, Belle Valentine, and Loretta Ward as their delegates. Remarks on the good and welfare were given by Jennie Lavelle, Anna Welch and Mary McCoy. After the meeting a social time was enjoyed.

The work on repairing the St. John's hall is expected to start next week and when completed the society will have much larger quarters for its work.

10,000 TREES

Were Destroyed by
Forest Fire

NORTH ABINGTON, Oct. 5.—The forest fire which broke out in the neighborhood of Carey hill in Brockton Sunday afternoon and which it was supposed the firemen of that city had gotten under control, broke out again yesterday and developed large proportions. Both fire companies from this place responded to an alarm and found the fire was sweeping rapidly along toward the West Abington village. A call for volunteers to assist the firemen was responded to by about 50 men.

The fire was sweeping along through the dense woods when the attention of the firemen was called to the danger of a number of the residences on Chestnut and Hancock streets and the firemen were rushed to those points. A stand was made near the old Pond mill and there the path of the flames were diverted.

In the path of the fire was a young grove of 10,000 pines which had been set out some time ago by Edward Holmes and they were all destroyed. The meadows in the vicinity of the ponds in West Abington were all burned over.

The firemen had a hard fight of it all the afternoon but about 4 o'clock they succeeded in keeping the fire under control. The fire was turned back in the direction of Quincy street in Brockton and was handled by the firemen in that section.

FIRST SUPERIOR

Tendered Reception at
Sacred Heart School

The Sacred Heart school hall was the scene of a delightful reception last evening when many graduates and former pupils of the school assembled at a reception tendered to Rev. Sister Joseph, of the Sisters of Mary who was the first superior of the school.

Sister Joseph has been enjoying a visit to the scene of her former labors and her former pupils were prompt to honor her.

The exercises were opened with an address of welcome by Rev. James McDermott, O. M. I., a former pupil who later in the evening presented the guest of honor a purse of \$50 in gold on behalf of those present. The program was as follows: Address, Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I.; solo and chorus, "School Days," Mary Doyle and scholars; recitation, selected Margaret Jennings; solo, selected Mrs. Adelaide A. Muldoon; song and chorus, "Days That Are Gone Seem the Brightest," Misses Doyle, Nolan, Sullivan, Clancy, Lynch, Jennings, Maguire and Linnane; solo, "Eileen Ashore," Frank Maguire; solo, "Where are the Scenes of Yesterday," Kathleen Jennings; solo, "The Gay Hussars," George Kiewin; solo, "Silver Threads Among the Gold,"

Martin Maguire; solo, selected. Katherine Hickey; selections from cantata of "Esther," presentation, Rev. J. T. McDermott, O. M. I.; finale, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

The committee having the affair in charge consisted of the following named: Chairman, Margaret Callahan; Susan Ryan, Winifred Clancy, Mary Doyle, Marietta Sullivan, Margaret Linnane, Josephine Curf and Elizabeth Miskella. Miss Susan A. Ryan was the accompanist.

The clergymen present during the evening were: Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I.; Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O. M. I.; Rev. John P. Flynn, O. M. I., of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. James McDermott, O. M. I., a former pupil; Rev. Edward J. Fox, O. M. I., of the Immaculate Conception; Rev. Francis X. McGann, O. M. I.; and Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I., of the Tewksbury novitate.

TO OPEN UP LAND

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—Thirty thousand acres of land in the Lakeview land district will be thrown open to settlement November 23, and to entry, filing and selection on December 23, 1910. This is a large body of land formerly embraced in the Silver Lake irrigation project which the government has decided to open up for the benefit of the settler. Some of the land is said to be equal to the best grain and agricultural land in the state.

Emphasis is laid by the department on the fact that no one will be allowed to gain rights to the land by settlement previous to November 23.

Now is the time! NOW

To set those broken panes of glass and get ready for winter.

We give putty with each light and the points.

FLOOR BRUSHES AND POLISHES

The Thompson Hardware Co.

254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

Paint Dept.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

THE ANTI-SPITTING LAW

The law against spitting on the streets should be more rigorously enforced. Most people take this law as a joke, and for the simple reason that there is little attempt made to enforce it beyond the mere fact of posting notices that such a law exists.

In one Massachusetts city the police recently undertook to enforce the anti-spitting law, and the method adopted was to stop the person found guilty of violating the law for the first time, take his name and present him a card bearing a copy of the law, and stating the penalty. This was a sufficient warning against the second offense, and it had a good effect.

There are probably five thousand people in this city who do not know such a law exists, and they go about spitting upon the streets and sidewalks with the utmost unconcern. They feel that it is nobody's business where they spit, and the same people spit in churches and public halls because they don't know it is forbidden.

There are probably five thousand more, who fully understand the law and its requirements, but who openly and deliberately violate it.

The rest of the population understand the law, and observe it fairly well. Now a few examples of the right kind would enlighten those who do not know, and would cause those who know but do not care, to change their attitude.

We have in this office a communication from somebody calling attention to the total disregard of the anti-spitting law by the people who line up on the sidewalks in different parts of the city, near the mill gates, and even occasionally at Merrimack square. This occurs usually in the early morning, or at noon, and we believe there is good reason for the charge made by the writer of the communication. A survey of the sidewalks and gutters after the crowds have disappeared will offer ample proof that the anti-spitting law is wholly disregarded.

At a time when the spread of disease through the dissemination of germs is well known it must be understood also that this habit of spitting on the public streets is very dangerous, and for that reason should be stopped. The police alone can stop it by a little vigilance, by cautioning the people to be more careful, or by the arrest of a few people who still wilfully disregard the provisions of the anti-spitting law.

WHERE COMPULSORY ARBITRATION IS NEEDED

The great need of compulsory arbitration of labor disputes is shown in the lockout of 700 mills in Lancashire, England, all because of the action of a single employee backed up by a labor union.

George Howe, an employee of the Fern mill, upon orders from his union, refused to obey his foreman and clean the machinery he operated. He said that this was not a part of his work, and on his refusal he was dismissed. A strike followed and arbitration was sought, but the owners of the Fern mill insisted that work should be first resumed without Howe. The operatives insisted that the mill remain closed pending arbitration of the differences or else that Howe resume with the other men. The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners refused, the unions were equally obdurate and the lockout followed in 700 mills, leaving 200,000 hands idle for an indefinite period.

There is here an example of the absurd extreme to which a slight difference may be carried when either side shows a determination to oppose the other on the slightest provocation. The only remedy in such a case is compulsory arbitration. It is shown that both sides are organized to the teeth, all ready for war, and now they are in an industrial conflict that will entail enormous loss for both sides, loss that might and should be prevented by the prompt decision of an arbitration court.

THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

The Postal Savings banks are not likely to be popular in New England. The ordinary savings bank is good enough and safe enough for all practical purposes, and it has the advantage of using the deposits for the development of the property in the community in which it exists.

Every savings bank in Lowell invests in safe mortgages on local real estate. Thus it advances money at a fair rate of interest, whereas the Postal Savings bank will receive deposits and pay a small rate of interest. It will not invest the deposits in local enterprises, and thus the deposits are simply removed from the community. They may be invested in government bonds, or in London consols, but not in any way that will help the community in which the depositors live. The Postal bank is necessary where there are no others, as in wild places where the ordinary bank would not be safe. But it would be superfluous in any New England state.

THE REWARD SHOULD FETCH THEM

The reward of \$100,000 now offered for the arrest of the authors of the Los Angeles horror should result in their capture. Already the purchase of the dynamite has been traced, but as to the purchasers there seems to be no tangible clue. It is probable that they had mechanism set to work for nearly a day before setting off the dynamite, so that they might have time to get out of the state without detection.

The school board has wisely given its sanction to a proposition to sell all the old schoolhouses that are not used. The Hadley street, the Payette street and Old Moody school buildings have been abandoned for school purposes except the Old Moody which has been used as an evening school by the city.

We shall be pretty well supplied with theatres in Lowell when the new Keith theatre of Merrimack square shall have been completed. It would be well now for some of our enterprising business men to turn their attention to providing Lowell with at least one first class hotel that would attract attention throughout New England.

SEEN AND HEARD

THE TARIFF

Tariff on soap.
Tariff on rope.
Tariff on sugar and copper.
Tariff on meat.
Tariff on screws.
Those who must buy come a cropper.
Tariff on brass.
Tariff on glass.
Tariff on coffins and cradles.
Tariff on steel.
Tariff on meat.
Tariff on dippers and ladies.
Tariff on gloves.
Tariff on hats and bridges.
Tariff on boots.
Tariff on fruits.
Tariff on bibles and idols.
Tariff on hay.
Tariff on clay.
Tariff on coal and candy.
Tariff on jugs.
Tariff on drugs—
Isn't that tariff a dandy?
Tariff on beads.
Tariff on sheets.
Tariff on woollens and cottons.
Tariff on shoes.
Tariff on screens.
Isn't the whole tariff rotten?

Tariff on lead.
Tariff on bread.
Tariff on organs, pianos.
Tariff on straw.
Tariff on shoes.
Tariff on prunes and bananas.
Tariff on socks.
Tariff on clocks.
Tariff on all of creation.
But, glory be!
They didn't agree
To put a stiff tax on salvation.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

The Chippewa Indians on White Earth reservation in Minnesota are going to have a hard winter, and unless the Indian agent sees fit to do duty on contributions are made by friends of the Indian there is likely to be a good deal of suffering. Nearly all the crops failed, and berries and wild rice did not grow on account of the dry weather. The superintendent of the Indian school on this reservation, M. B. Herr, bought \$51.20 worth of supplies to feed the blind and sick Indians during the summer, and has learned that he will not be reimbursed for the expenditure. The superintendent has written to an archeologist at Phillips academy, in Andover, appealing to him to procure money from the missionary societies or from individuals.

At a meeting of the Dartmouth Medical school faculty, which was called by President Ernest Fox Nichols, Dr. John M. Gile, professor of the science and practice of medicine, was chosen dean of the department to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. William T. Smith. Dr. George S. Graham, formerly of Everett, who was chosen secretary of the department a year ago, was re-elected. With the exception of the election of Dr. Gile as dean, the faculty board remains the same as last year. Dean Gile was born at Pembroke N. H. in 1854. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1887 and from the medical school of the college in 1891. After his graduation he served three years in a hospital and then returned to Dartmouth as an instructor in the department of medicine. He was made professor of the science and practice of medicine in 1896 and has since held that chair. Dr. Gile is chief surgeon at the Mary Hitchcock Memorial hospital. He is well known in politics, and he is considered one of the best surgeons in New England.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

"The Tales of Hoffman," which is being given at Hathaway's theatre this week, is the most notable offering of the season. Thus far, Randolph Hartley has made it from Offenbach's grand opera of the same name and the third act is given in almost its entirety. A story thrilling and set to music which is now a classic is told, and the producing company has won the approbation of all who have seen it. Miss Helen Frederick as "Antonin" sings admirably throughout. The other members of the cast are adequate. Charles Montrell, the great French juggler, appears to advantage, and Helen Carmen, whose smile is surely infectious, has all the earmarks of a

TO TREAT SKIN TROUBLES

It is difficult to understand why so many people continue to suffer from eczema and other skin diseases when they can get a box of the new medicinal compound Cuticura at all druggists for 10c. Relief follows soon after it is applied, and the itching stops at once. Cuticura destroys the disease-producing germs. It is good for pimples, redness, blotches, rash, roughness, scaly skin, chafings, acne, sores, ulcers, eruptions.

A Sure Investment

Would you care to spend \$2 and get \$6 in return in less than six months? That is just about what you can save by putting on Goodwin's Weather Strips. You can have them applied on almost any door, and they keep out cold air and dust. Remember the place.

J. B. GOODWIN

11 THORNDIKE STREET

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 25c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

FOR SALE

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

genuine comedienne, Ruby Raymond and her boys, dance better than ever before and Barnes and Robinson have some fetching songs and patter. The Karsy myrophones are genuinely good, while the City Comedy four open the bill well.

THEATRE VOYONS

The lovable old schoolmaster, who is hothoused and distracted almost to death by his children, the pompous and excitable school committee men, and a whole room full of kids form the characters of "Examination Day," at School the feature at the Theatre Voyons today. The mischievous children by their pranks cause the old school teacher to discharge but in the end they cause his reinstatement. It is a touching picture, well acted and staged with every possible care. "The Quenrel" is a fine dramatic subject and "Reedham's Orphanage Festival" gives a most interesting view of a drill at this institution which is far ahead of anything before seen. The comedy is a laugh and the musical program unexcelled.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Everyone seems pleased with the show at the Academy. Whitman Bros. are contortionists par excellence, carrying special scenery. Marquary Karr & Co. do a very pleasing singing and talking act, assisted by a piano. Von Mitzel & Raymond, who were members of the old stock company at this theatre, have a very clever dramatic sketch in "The Man from Nugget City." The biograph picture "Examination Day at School" is a big laugh from start to finish. Change of bill on Thursday. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

If you want to go to a theatre and just sit in your seat and laugh and be thoroughly amused without taxing your mind with anything too serious, you want to go to the Merrimack Square theatre this week. For as a sorrow killer, the bill is one of the best imaginable.

Bruce Morgan and his Piccadilly Johnnies have a bright, refreshing act presenting some catchy songs and some really wonderful dancing. The act is elaborately put on, too. Then, Danny Simmons, a Lowell favorite, is on hand in a sketch of songs and monolog and imitations which is as witty as it is intensely funny. The Aerial Maginlays present a stirring trapeze act with hair-raising stunts, and Miss Mitzel Atwood gives unique vocal imitations.

The Scenic Stock company appears in a laughable one act play, "Mr. Mutter," and several films of excellent moving pictures are also on the bill.

GREAT VIOLINIST

Francis MacMillen, the great American violin virtuoso, whose visit to Lowell at Colonial hall on Oct. 17th is being looked forward to with so much interest, has been engaged as one of the soloists for the home concerts this season by the Boston Symphony orchestra, the Theodore Thomas orchestra of Chicago, the New York Philharmonic society orchestra, the Philadelphia orchestra, and the Cincinnati Symphony orchestra. He will play under the batons of Max Fiedler, Fred

HER HAND AND ARM BURNED AND ITCHED

Could Hardly Sleep at Night for About 11 Months. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and was Completely Cured.

"My mother had a red spot on her right hand which began to swell rapidly. The neighbors said it was a letter. She got some medicine from a doctor, but it did not do any good. In about a week the letter began to break out on her arm too. She used five or six different kinds of ointments and three different kinds of salves. Not one of these did her a particle of good. Her hand and arm would burn and itch so much that she could hardly sleep at night. Her hand was that way for about eleven months. Finally a friend of ours recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to us. She bought some immediately and began to use it. She washed her hand and arm with Cuticura Soap and applied Cuticura Ointment and bandaged her hand up. The next morning we all noticed a great improvement. Before she had used a half of a box of Ointment and a very little Soap her hand was completely cured. Now her hand is as well as ever. I think Cuticura Soap and Ointment is the greatest skin remedy ever discovered. C. K. Canady, San Leandro, Cal., Mar. 7, 1910."

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for all kinds of the skin and scalp of infants, children and adults. A cake of Cuticura Soap (25c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Potter, Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Mfrs., New York. 25c Mail free, latest 32-page book, an Authority in the Treatment of Skin and Scalp Affections.

SAVE TIME AND MUSCLE

Goodale's Wash Clean

Will do it. We have customers who have used it for years and say it does not injure the clothes and saves 50 per cent of the labor on wash day.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

217 CENTRAL STREET

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND

PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Andover street.

THE FLOUR



BE PARTICULAR

eric Stock, Gustav Mahler, Carl Pohl and Leopold Stokowski.

With the various orchestras, MacMillen will only be heard in a concerto. How much nearer Lowell people will get an insight into this great man's art, when they will have the pleasure of hearing him interpret many of the great works of the great masters.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

The ever popular Frank Daniels appeared at the opera house last night in the musical comedy "The Belle of Brittany." As usual a full house greeted Mr. Daniels, who for a generation has been a prime favorite with the theatregoers of Lowell. The comedy has many catchy songs, has fine dancing and comical situations that afford Mr. Daniels an opportunity for displaying his ability as a comedian. He was applauded, of course, and he made an impromptu speech at one of the curtain calls, that was as good as any part of the show. His makeup, his gestures, and his jokes were very funny while his ability to present the comical side of things was ever present, and he made the most of many difficult situations in which his support was not up to the standard that might be expected from a Daniels' company. Still the support deserves credit for their general vivacity, their fine dancing and singing, and their ability as a whole to meet the requirements of the comedy presented. Mr. Daniels has often had a better vehicle for his peculiar talents than "The Belle of Brittany."

The audience was much pleased at every point, and was profuse in its applause for Mr. Daniels. Among the young ladies who assumed prominent roles were Miss Minerva Coverdale, a new member of the company, and one who played her part well, although but a short time attached to this company. Miss Christine Neilson was the main support of the star. She is a pleasing actress, a good singer and personally attractive. She won a fair share of the applause at last night's show.

On the whole the performance was quite successful if we are to judge from the side of the crowd and its appreciation of the work not only of Mr. Daniels, but of the entire company. The full cast was as follows: Marguerite de St. Gaudier, Frank Daniels, Raymond de St. Gaudier, son of Marguerite, Miss Minerva Coverdale, Miss Christine Neilson, Miss Edwina Wood, Miss Poquelin, a Miller, Miss Francis Leonard, Miss Jacques, a clarine player.

Baptiste Bonbillon, a chef.

Bertrand, artist.

Eugene, artist.

Philippe, artist.

Vivien, artist.

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SCENE FROM "THE BLUE MOUSE" AT THE OPERA HOUSE, OCTOBER 7 AND 8.

of the flowers obeying the natural law of gravity, the air was clouded by their ascent to the heavens; then, seeming to rather together at a given point, they descended in a graceful downpour upon the table-cloth, and long-suffering Hamlet. Thus, from the sublime to the ridiculous, the flowers under the stage had caused a great draught to rush up the trap, thence these flowers!

"A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI" There is one star soon to be seen at the opera house who is awaited

with eager anticipation; he is the eminent American character comedian

Thomas A. Wise, co-author and star of "A Gentleman from Mississippi," in which he will be seen here in his great role of Senator Longdon. Mr. Wise will be supported by the entire original cast that appeared for thirteen months in New York and for sixteen consecutive weeks at the Park theatre, Boston, last season. This is the third year of Mr. Wise in this play and its popularity is just as great as ever, and the business he is doing everywhere indicates that the intrinsic merit of the play made its popularity lasting.

Brush fires kept the local fire department quite busy during the past week.

Yesterday and this afternoon the department was summoned to the property about the local rifle range, where another brush fire was in progress, but the firemen in both instances were able to check the spread of the fire, thus preventing it from reaching the woods which are in close proximity to where the fire was confined.

The "Old Liners," who for the past several seasons have conducted bi-monthly socials in Grange hall, Dracut Centre, will inaugurate the first of the present season's program on Thursday evening. Hubbard's orchestra will furnish music.

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LOSS IS \$25,000 FIRE IN BILLERICA

Disastrous Fire Occurred at Manchester, N. H. The Cole Store House, Near Depot, a Total Loss

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 5.—A dozen persons were driven from their homes and three horses, 20 carriages and sleighs, more than 200 bags of grain were burned and four buildings were damaged by fire, entailing a property loss of \$25,000 last night.

The fire was discovered within a small stable in the rear of a large livery kept by Edward H. Boyan at 145 Hanover street. From this stable the flames extended to the larger one, and to three buildings immediately east, and also to three dwelling houses in the rear of Manchester street.

The flames lighted the sky for miles as they took great hold of the hay and grain, and an explosion of gasoline in the motor cycle shop of James Dyer, 135 Hanover street, added to the brilliancy.

Three alarms were given and the entire fire fighting force of the city responded, hemming in the square where the fire had its origin. Tons of water were poured upon the blazing piles and within 30 minutes after the firemen got to work it was under control, although the battle was waged for nearly two hours afterward.

There were 42 horses in the Boyan stable and all but three, which were stabled within the small building in which the fire started, were saved.

Twenty carriages were burned, together with a large quantity of grain and hay.

Mr. Boyan's loss is from \$5000 to \$6000, and the building is damaged as much more. It is owned jointly by John N. Sanborn of this city and J. M. Johnson of Derry. The Dyer motor cycle shop was located next east, and but little of its furnishings and stock were saved. There were two dwelling houses between the Dyer shop and Pine street and both suffered loss.

Among those burned out were Morris Felscher, Miss Rose Gendron, Miss Jennie Gendron, Miss Ida Gendron, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Martel and children, Mrs. Salome Cormier, Rodolph and Delfrose Cormier and Leonase Norman.

Several of the horses rescued from the stable got loose and ran frantically through the street, knocking down Sergt. John T. O'Dowd of the police department. His shoulder was badly wrenched and he was carried to his home.

TO REMOVE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR
Dr. Derrall, the eminent physician, says: "I consider DeMiracle the only safe, sure and radical cure for that very common and objectionable trouble, superfluous hair. DeMiracle is totally different from the powders, pastes and other remedies which simply break the hair off, making it grow heavier than before after each removal. Booklet containing full information of this remarkable treatment, with testimonials of physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals, prominent magazines and newspapers, will be mailed free, in plain sealed envelope, on request to DeMiracle Chemical Co., P. O. Box 100, New York, N. Y. No honest dealer will offer a substitute on which he makes more profit. DeMiracle is sold at all good stores, including—

A. G. POLLARD CO.

To Remove Superfluous Hair

A. G. POLLARD CO.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

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A. G. POLLARD CO.

The town of Billerica was visited last night by one of the most serious fires that has occurred in this locality for a long time. The alarm was given at 11:30 o'clock, and before any effective work could be done by the department, the big storehouse, occupied by Elmer E. Cole, near the Bennett Hall station of the Boston & Maine, on the main highway, between this city and Billerica, was entirely destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The first intimation that the town people had of the fire was when at 11:30 o'clock the church bells in the Centre were rung by the Rev. J. Har- old Dale, and the fire at that time had been burning more than 15 minutes.

The fire was first discovered by As- sessor Jones. The building is owned by De Lay Corkum and he was not aroused until the fire had made consid- erable progress. When the firemen ar- rived their chief work was to prevent the flames from reaching other build- ings. The storehouse contained hard- ware and goods of various kinds val- ued at over \$5000. These were the property of Mr. Cole, who had but small insurance.

The storehouse was built in 1892 and was 125 feet long. Fred C. Church had the insurance on the contents of the storehouse.

A BRONZE BUST

Of Archbishop Williams to Be Erected

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—To show their af- fection for the late Archbishop Wil- liams, the Knights of Columbus are to have a magnificent monument erected in this city in remembrance of the first archbishop of Boston, who labored for more than three score years in ad- vancing the church of which he was a distinguished prelate.

Ever since the death of the arch- bishop, the Knights of Columbus have been intending to erect some sort of a lasting memorial in his honor, in pre- tial recognition of his great work, but the form it should take was not defi- nitely determined until a short time ago when after the institution of a coun- cil of the order at Roslindale, which

adopted the name of John J. Williams council of the Knights of Columbus, in memory of the late archbishop, when the idea was conceived by that branch of the organization, that no more appropriate form could it take than to place an enduring bronze fig- ure of the churchman in the city of his birth.

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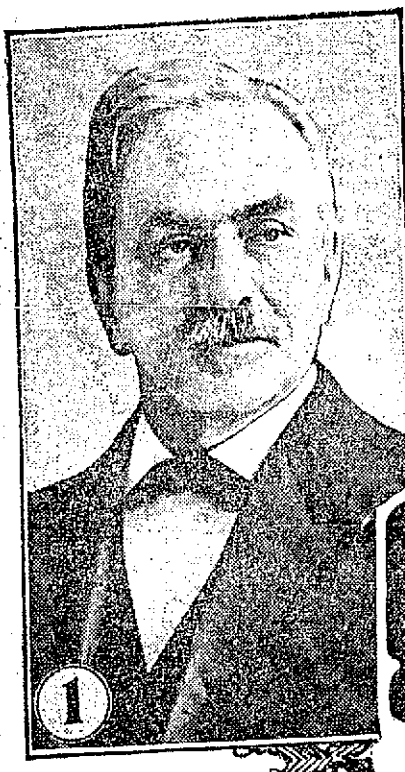
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NATION WIDE CRUSADE AGAINST WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC HAS BEGUN



By CHARLES N. LURIE.

SEVERN thousand miles of enthusiasm and earnest, well directed effort toward a worthy end—such is the program of the American Purify federation's crusade against the "white slave" traffic, starting from Chicago Sept. 29 and ending in the same city on the last day of October. In the course of the federation's tour at least seventeen cities will be visited, and a convention in furtherance of the aims of the federation will be held in each one. In the larger cities two day meetings will be held; in the others the program will be condensed so that only a one day stop will be made. The tour will be a "swing around the circle" in the western part of America. A similar tour will be made in the east next spring, and the results will be made the subject of formal discussion and comparison at the American Purify congress to be held in St. Louis in October, 1911.

Embraced in the list of cities to be visited during the present campaign against the "white slave" evil are Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Vancouver, Spokane, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Tucson, El Paso, Houston, New Orleans, Memphis and St. Louis. In each place the arrangements for the reception of the purify workers and for assistance in their work are being made by the leading reformers. The church federations, ministerial associations, Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associa-

tions, women's clubs, temperance societies, reform organizations and in some cases the chambers of commerce are exerting themselves to bring the attendance at the conventions up to the highest possible figure.

To B. S. Steadwell, president of the American Purify federation, is awarded the credit of originating the idea of a nation wide crusade against the "white slave" traffic. He believes that so widespread a movement will be far more efficacious in calling public attention to the evil which it is designed to combat than would be a large convention of the federation held in one city. It is a series of conventions that is planned, giving to each city the presence of a large body of prominent workers in this field to encourage and aid the local reformers. With that end in view Mr. Steadwell and his coadjutors have assembled some of the nation's best known reformers and purify workers. Among them are the following:

Dr. Ernest A. Bell and Arthur Burrage Farwell of Chicago, the Rev. J. G. Shearer of Toronto, Canada; Mrs. Della Thompson Lutes of Coopers town, N. Y.; Mrs. E. M. Whitmore and the Rev. Dr. Edward Russell Perry of New York city, James H. Patton of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. A. B. Sims and John B. Hammond of Des Moines, Ia.; Professor T. W. Shannon

of St. Louis, Dr. Emma F. A. Drake of Denver, Rabbi Tobias Schanfarber of Chicago, W. L. Clark of Leavenworth, Ont.; J. Frank Chase of Boston and Owen O. Ward of Springboro, Pa. Bell and His Work.

A tower of strength in the fight against the "white slave" traffic, by which is meant the organized dealing in white women for immoral purposes recently made the subject of enactment by the national legislature, is found in Ernest A. Bell of Chicago, one of the leaders of the present movement. Dr. Bell has made a careful, thorough study of the subject and has embodied the results of his investigations in a recently published book. He is the chairman of the "white slave" traffic committee of the American Purify federation and for the past six years has been the superintendent of the Midnight mission of Chicago, of which he was the founder. Out of the

mission have grown the Illinois Vigilance association and other missionary and reformatory societies. During the federation's tour Dr. Bell will speak upon and represent the national work against the vice traffic.

Arthur B. Farwell of Chicago, another representative in the federation's work, is famous as the president of the Chicago Law and Order league and of the Illinois Vigilance association. For years he has made a study of the problem of the combating and eradication of evil in large cities. He is an interesting and able speaker. Rabbi Schanfarber, another Chicago representative, is one of the leaders of his congregation. He is an orator of power and one of the most enthusiastic of American workers for reform.

The women who will take part in the campaign have given years to the advancement of the purify cause. Mrs. Lutes is the editor of American Motherhood and has written several books

of wide circulation. Mrs. Drake is also an author and has figured prominently on the lecture platform. Mrs. Whitmore is known throughout the world as the founder of the great rescue work for girls and women known as the Door of Hope.

All of the other members of the federation's party have borne conspicuous parts in the warfare against the "white slave" trade. They have made special studies of the problems involved in the suppression of the traffic and will urge on their hearers the support of the movement against the importation and distribution by organized bodies of the unfortunate victims of the "business." State legislation to supplement the national law recently passed will be advocated and the progress of the world will be told. Most of the laborers in this field hold that the recent grand jury in New York, headed by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was wrong in finding that there is no gen-

eral organization of "white slave" dealers covering the entire country. They declare that the jury in its report enumerated many elements that would naturally enter into just such an organized force.

New National Law Approved.

They approve of the new national "white slave traffic act" (so called officially), which provides for the infliction of drastic punishment upon any person convicted of participation in the importation or transportation between states of women for immoral purposes. "Everything possible, should be done to enforce the law," say the reformers, and they profess great interest in the fight to test the constitutionality of that clause of the law which makes the steamship lines responsible for the free transportation of persons ordered deported after they have lived in this country more than the three years fixed as a limit by the old statute. A test case will be carried to the supreme court, as the enforcement of the statute as it stands will mean the loss of large sums of money to the transatlantic steamship lines. Since the passage of the law designed to curb the traffic the immigration inspectors, aided by the state and municipal authorities, have been gathering up undesirable women residents all over the country and ordering them deported. Before the passage of the law any woman who had lived in this country three years was immune from arrest and deportation.

Naturally the steamship companies resent the attempt made to provide these undesirable aliens with free transportation to the countries whence they came. The case which probably will be selected for a test is that of a Russian girl, seventeen years old, who was brought to New York from Buffalo for deportation. It has been proved that she was landed in this country on Sept. 26, 1905, from the Red Star liner Finland. An attempt was made to put her on board a Red Star steamship bound for Europe, but the officers refused to receive her. Plain intent of Congress.

William Williams, commissioner of immigration at New York, at once referred the question to the secretary of commerce and labor, and the department held that the plain intent of congress in the "white slave" act was that, though the three year limit for deportation was done away with, the steamship lines must bear the cost of deportation.

The Red Star line contends that this was not the intent of the law, that the girl came here before the passage of the amendment, that there was nothing to show that she had any evil intent when she arrived here and that the section of the law involved is unconstitutional. The claim is set up that the expenses of deportation should be borne by the immigration fund.

While this case was being prepared the friends of the girl came to her assistance, and she is now out on bail. It may be that her release will be obtained and the order of deportation rescinded.

The Chicago to New York Air Race

CONDITIONS OF THE CHICAGO-NEW YORK AIR RACE FOR \$25,000.

At least three competitors must start or no race.

The start shall be made on Saturday, Oct. 8, 1910, after 10 a. m., from a practicable field within the city limits of Chicago, and the finish shall be within the city limits of New York. Competitors shall start as nearly as possible simultaneously. Intervals, however, will be allowed, if necessary or desirable, but in any case all must start on the same day. The start may be postponed from day to day because of bad weather, but not beyond Oct. 15, 1910.

The race must be completed within 183 hours, or seven days, after the start. No limit is placed on the number of stops.

Each entrant must have a record of one hour's continuous flight. Each competitor must finish in the same machine in which he starts, but any repairs, such as recovering planes, installing new motors, etc., may be made on the way as required.

To win the prize of \$25,000 the winner must cover the course before any flight of equal or greater distance has been made in this country.

If the competitors start simultaneously the winner shall be he who, fulfilling the conditions of the race, first lands in New York. If the competitors start at intervals, the intervals shall be taken into account in determining the winner. Competitors must arrange for their own supplies and for the transportation of the same.

ICAN go from Chicago to New York now in twenty hours," said Mr. Dooley when one of the railroads put on a new fast train, "but I don't want to."

The entrants in the Chicago-New York air race do want to go. They also want to go in twenty hours or in less time if their monoplane, biplane or triplane will carry them at a faster rate. In fact, each of them wants to get there as speedily as possible and to beat the other fellow to the goal. He wants the glory, of course, of winning the long cross country aeroplane race, but still more he wants the \$25,000 offered as the prize. They are an exceedingly practical, hard headed set of men, the professional aviators, and they are cultivating with assiduity the rich field which will be theirs only until flying machines become a commonplace of everyday life. Then nobody will be offering \$25,000 prizes for cross country flights, since too many of us



Photos by American Press Association.

would be able to compete in such a contest.

To the Chicago Post and the New York Times belongs the honor of proposing the air race from the second American city to the first. The flight has been planned to take place from west to east on account of the direction of the prevailing winds at this time of year. Flying against the wind for a thousand miles is a task that would be a little too much for even the best of the aeroplanists in the present state of the science and art of flying. As it is, the long flight is expected to test in the most severe manner the capabilities of the fliers. The conditions, printed elsewhere on this page, are considered liberal by the aviators, who are unanimous in declaring that long cross country races afford the best possible tryouts of man and machine.

On the entry list of the contest are the names of some of the best known fliers. Among them are Glenn H. Curtiss, the holder of the international trophy, won at Rheims last year; Charles E. Hamilton, generally considered the most daring of American aviators, who flew from New York to Philadelphia and back; Charles P. Willard, prize winner at Los Angeles and one of the youngest of the famous air men; Captain Thomas S. Baldwin, dean of American aviators, former balloonist and a man of international renown in air work; James Lindley and Charles G. Harmer, Englishmen, the former of whom recently broke the



British record for speed in an aeroplane by flying a mile in 47.2 seconds, and Tod Shrieffer, Joseph Seymour, J. C. Mars and J. A. D. McCurdy, all men of note among aeroplanists. It will be interesting to compare the records made during the Chicago-New York race with some of the recent performances of the air men in Europe. One of the greatest of these has been the cross country race in France, of which M. Le Blanc was the winner. The race took the aeroplanists from Paris to Amiens and return by roundabout routes, the total distance covered being 485 miles, which is about half the distance between Chicago and New York. Another record making

feat was M. Bleriot's flight from Paris to Bordeaux, a distance of 366 miles in an almost direct course. He started in his biplane from Paris on Sept. 1 and finished on Sept. 8, having covered 366 miles with four stops. His actual flying time was 7 hours 5 minutes 54 seconds. On the third and last day atmospheric conditions compelled M. Bleriot to rise to a height of over 3,000 feet.

Inspired probably by the offer of the New York and Chicago newspapers, the Paris Journal has offered a prize of 200,000 francs, or \$40,000, for an airship race from Paris to Berlin to Brussels to London and back to Paris. This necessitates two crossings of the English channel, a feat deemed impossible until M. Bleriot showed the way to Molsheim and the others who have followed him.

Another great proposed cross country race is the St. Louis-New York contest for a prize of \$30,000 offered by two newspapers of those cities.

The Chicago-New York race precedes the international gathering of the fliers at Belmont park, New York, planned to be the greatest meeting of its sort ever held, and the balloon flight, starting from St. Louis, for the international cup. The latter event will take place Oct. 17. The Belmont park meeting's dates are Oct. 22 to 30. The greatest prize at the latter tournament of the fliers will be the international trophy won by Glenn H. Curtiss at Rheims last year, the possession of which awarded this year's international meet to America. Some of the best of American and French fliers as well as men of other nationalities will compete at St. Louis and at Belmont park.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

Three Jeff Davises.

The occasional speeches of United States Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas serve to keep a historic name before the American public. Including the present senator, there have been three Jeff Davises in American history. President Jefferson Davis of the Confederacy was the first. Less known, but nevertheless a distinguished soldier, was General Jefferson Columbus Davis, known during the civil war as Jeff Davis. General Davis fought on the Union side and made a gallant record. He was a major general of volunteers and attained the rank of colonel in the regular army. His operations were largely in northern Arkansas, where he gave the bushwhackers and guerrillas of Arkansas and Missouri some lively tussles. General Davis was the first United States army officer to command a post in Alaska. Recently a new army post in that territory has been named in his honor. He fought through the Mexican war and was in the civil war from the very first to the final shot.

COLUMBUS.

By JOAQUIN MILLER.

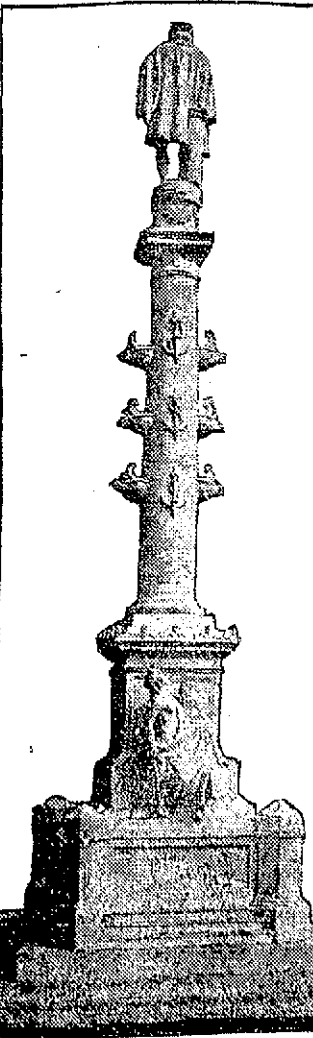
BEHIND him lay the gray Azores,
Behind the gates of Hercules,
Before him not the ghost of shores,
Before him only shoreless seas.
The good mate said: "Now must we pray,
For, lo, the very stars are gone!
Brave admiral, speak! What shall I say?"
"Why, say, 'Sail on, sail on and on!'"

"My men grow mutinous day by day;
My men grow ghastly wan and weak."
The stout mate thought of home; a spray
Of salt wave washed his swarthy cheek.
"What shall I say, brave admiral, say,
If we sight naught but seas at dawn?"
"Why, you shall say at break of day,
'Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!'"

They sailed and sailed, as winds might blow,
Until at last the blanched mate said:
"Why, now not even God would know
Should I and all my men fall dead.
These very winds forget their way,
For God from these dread seas is gone.
Now, speak, brave admiral, speak and say"—
He said, "Sail on, sail on and on!"

They sailed; they sailed. Then spake the mate:
"This mad sea shows his teeth tonight.
He curls his lip; he lies in wait
With lifted teeth, as if to bite.
Brave admiral, say but one good word—
What shall we do when hope is gone?"
The words leapt like a leaping sword,
"Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!"

Then, pale and worn, he kept his deck
And peered through darkness—ah, that night
Of all dark nights! And then a speck—
A light! A light! A light! A light!
It grew; a starlit flag unfurled—
It grew to be Time's burst of dawn.
He gained a world; he gave that world
Its grandest lesson: "On! Sail on!"



COLUMBUS MONUMENT, NEW YORK.

(Wednesday, Oct. 12, will be Columbus day, the four hundred and eighteenth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. Columbus day is a legal holiday in twelve states, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania have decided to honor thus the memory of the great navigator. The bill to make the day a holiday in Massachusetts was signed on April 29 last. Only a few special celebrations of the day have been planned for this year. Among them is the presentation by the Knights of Columbus of the house in Genoa, Italy, in which Columbus was born and its transportation into a shrine for American visitors to Italy.)

FITZ QUILTS FOSS

Gaston is Now Mentioned as Candidate for Governor

Hamlin Managers Claim They Have Enough Votes to Win—Labor Leaders Made a Strong Protest Against Foss

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The democratic gubernatorial situation took a sudden turn last evening, when Col. William A. Gaston, dropped into the Hotel Bellevue and began hobnobbing with the Foss and Hamlin and Vahey delegates.

The colonel has not been in the habit of calling at the Bellevue cafe at the dinner hour, and the advance guard of the delegates assembled from the central and western part of the state to push the booms of Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield and David I. Walsh of Fitchburg for lieutenant governor were surprised to see him.

He stoutly denied that he was a candidate for governor, and when pressed by the newspaper representatives he declared that he would not take the nomination if named, but these statements on the part of the colonel did not prevent prominent Hamlin and Vahey men from declaring that they would head a movement for his nomination for governor in the democratic convention tomorrow.

Col. Gaston insisted that he merely dropped into the hotel to "see the boys" and ascertain what was going on, and that his unusual visit had no political significance. Notwithstanding the colonel's declaration, many of those present insisted that he should allow the use of his name as a compromise candidate for governor.

Col. Gaston dined with Dr. John W. Coughlin of Fall River, the man who succeeded him as a member of the democratic national committee, a recognized Hamlin man, while Mr. Hamlin's campaign managers, Col. Cole, Major Crowley and ex-Fire Commissioner Wells, sat at an adjoining table.

Fitzgerald Abandons Foss
The longer Col. Gaston tarried at the Bellevue the more insistent the out-of-town delegates became that he should allow the use of his name as a candidate.

Word reached the colonel's table early in the evening that the Foss managers were perplexed and that they feared that the congressman's boom had collapsed. A hurried consultation was held by the Foss men at headquarters last evening after dinner and word was sent out that unless heroic and practical measures were resorted to the Foss movement would die a natural death and there was grave danger of either Vahey, Hamlin or Gaston being nominated.

Chairman Macleod, who had been dining at the Bellevue also, was sent for and informed that the Foss movement was in a bad way.

He was informed that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the Foss movement on the ground that the labor men would not stand for Foss nomination. It was said, he told Mr. Foss himself after he had conferred with Vice Pres. Duncan of the A. F. of L. and John Golden, prominent in textile circles.

Mr. Macleod told his intimates at dinner that Fitzgerald had quit the Foss movement.

The announcement that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the attempt to nominate Foss gave a great impetus to the Gaston boom, and the Vahey and Hamlin forces were correspondingly depressed. Representatives of both of these factions acknowledged that the Gaston talk had upset their plans, but none of them would say anything against the candidacy of Col. Gaston, who has twice led the party as its candidate for governor.

All of the Vahey and Hamlin men about town last evening had a good word to say for Col. Gaston and nobody denied that he would make an excellent candidate. There is little doubt, Col. Gaston's friends said, that his name will be presented to the convention and that his candidacy will be seriously considered.

It is felt that Mayor Fitzgerald will not oppose him, as the colonel, it is claimed, has always been friendly to him in all of his political fights.

Labor Leaders See Fitzgerald
The purpose which prompted the

W. A. LEW'S
Steam Dying and
Cleansing Works

FOR MEN AND WOMEN
49 John St. Morris Block

House Bargain

Roger Street Section

9-room house furnace heat, bath, open plumbing, hot and cold water, set tubs, soapstone sink, hardwood floors throughout house; open fire place; lot of land, 70x50 feet; will sell at a bargain.

BYAM BROS.
97 Central Street

Taylor Roofing Co.

In case your roof needs shingling or a gravel roof you can call up the above concern and get the lowest figures. We use Galvalume metal, and warrant all our work. Tel. 351-13.

Hamlin would attend the state convention at a delegate.

He went to the Hamlin standard began early yesterday morning and continued through the entire day. By 10 Mr. Hamlin was obliged to leave his law office and go to the public headquarters in Young's. He found an even larger crowd there and finally a new suite of rooms was taken.

At 11 Mr. Hamlin and his managers, united late in the evening in the following statement:

"The collapse of the Foss boom to-day has made it plain that our original statement that Mr. Hamlin would be nominated on the first ballot was taken in good faith. We have a very exact idea of our delegate strength, and what has happened is just what we expected."

"The Hamlin campaign has been run solely for the purpose of presenting his claims for the nomination. The delegates have been asked to go to the polls and early outlined his platform for their information."

"His services as arbitrator in labor disputes, which have brought about increased wages and decreased hours of labor to over 6000 men in this state, have secured for him the endorsement of employers and employees alike for the justice of the decisions at which he has assisted."

"The Hamlin victory belongs to the democratic party as a whole. No campaign machinery—no matter how elaborate—could have brought the remarkable endorsement of Mr. Hamlin to the present state, were it not that the public itself was demanding his nomination."

RECORD BROKEN

For the Receipts for Deer

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 5.—The game receipts at the union station up to noon yesterday, reached a record-breaking total of 41 deer far ahead of the usual number so early in the season. The first license to hunt deer was given to a man named R. C. Badger of Brighton, Mass., who had two deer from Norcross; N. Jameson of New York, two deer from Patten; C. B. Cook of Fall River, two big deer, one billed for Boston, and L. L. Murdoch of Portland, Conn., with two bucks from the Moosehead lake region.

Maine hunters with deer included R. B. Taylor, H. M. Chapman, Eben Leavitt, T. E. Towle, W. F. Cram, Harold C. Sawyer, Dr. Hayward Stetson, and A. B. Burlington of Bangor, R. R. Heedner of Millinocket and D. C. Wright of Caribou.

Three women hunters were on the trains yesterday, all with deer—Mrs. W. F. Cram of Bangor, Mrs. W. P. Percival of Gardiner and Edith McCormick of Boston. All the deer received were in fine condition and good size. The hunters report fine sport and plenty of game, although the hunting conditions are not of the best.

DIVORCE CASES

HEARD BY JUDGE HARRIS AT CAMBRIDGE YESTERDAY

Before Judge Harris at the jury waived session of the superior court at Cambridge, yesterday the case of Andrew Bryson vs. Lizzie Bryson, for annulment of marriage was heard. Mr. Bryson claimed that at the time of his marriage in 1902 his wife represented that she had never been married before, when in fact she was then divorced with the name of Joseph Archambault, who was still living, and that she was the mother of several children. Mr. Bryson also claimed that she made other misstatements as to her name and nationality and that he had known the facts he would not have married her and that he has lived with Mrs. Bryson since he learned the truth. He also claimed that the marriage ought to be annulled because he had conscientious scruples against living with his wife because her divorced husband was now living, and because of the deception he alleged was practiced upon him. Judge Harris took the case under advisement.

At the same sitting Emil B. Erickson of this city was granted a decree of divorce nisi, from his wife, Grace L. Erickson, because of desertion. John W. McEvoy represented both defendants.

THE CENTENNIAL

OF THE FOUNDING OF ASTORIA TO BE OBSERVED

PORTLAND, Or., Oct. 5.—Steps have been taken by Astoria, Oregon, to celebrate the centennial of its founding next year, for it will be 100 years at this time that the first American settlement west of the Rocky mountains was established.

Astoria was the first trading post planted by the party sent out from New York by John Jacob Astor and whose perilous journey across the continent is described by Washington Irving in his book, "Astoria." A settlement made on a fort built on the site of this stronghold was in the heart of the present city. A monument on the spot will be built and dedicated during next year's celebration.

Astoria is rich in historical lore, for it was near that point that Lewis and Clark spent the winter on their famous journey of exploration six years before a salt cure on the ocean beach where the two explorers boiled sea water to secure salt is pointed out to visitors. A monument is now in course of construction at that spot.

SUNLIGHT PARTY

Columbus Day, Wednesday, Oct. 12
PRESCOTT HALL
Dancing 2 to 12. Admission 25 Cents
Kilbridge's Orchestra

MISCELLANEOUS

NOT LESS THAN \$75 is saved if you buy your piano or W. F. Trumbull, no rent and no agents is the reason why. 101 Westford st.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, knives and scissors sharpened, steel reamers, files, and key bits. Tel. 352-2. Gonzalez, 125 Gorham st.

F. JUDGE, the old reliable furniture and piano mover, in town and out. Satisfactory work, reasonable prices. Stand on Merrimack and Tilton streets, entrance 30 Tilton st. Tel. 1876-1.

DRINK GLORIA for health. Sold everywhere.

THE WATER BOARD

Was Not Ready to Have Bids Discussed

At a meeting of the water board held last night, representatives of three of the six competing pump contractors were present but no contract was awarded and nothing definite was done because the details of the bids submitted. The board will probably do something definite at its next meeting. John Long of the William Todd Co., William Pettit of the Allis-Chalmers Co., and E. F. Hughes and Frank H. Hayes of the Platt iron works, were those present.

The board took under consideration several complaints from property owners, some of whom averred that their bills were in excess of what they should be, while others complained of being obliged to repair their meters every so often.

Androns and Fire Screens at The Thompson Hardware Co.

BILLERICA

The Williams Bible class of the North Billerica Baptist church held a very enjoyable social in the vestry of the church last Monday evening.

The reception committee was comprised of Alex. Allan and James Ritchie. Those in charge of the tables were James A. Ruth and Warren Carter, assisted by Guy Richardson, Arthur W. Holden, E. Thayer, Thomas Bateson, Jr., Newell Ritchie and Warren Hanson.

The selection of the town are very earnest in their efforts to stamp out the moth epidemic in the town, and have instructed the local superintendent, Henry E. Mayhew, to post official notices in prominent places in both the Centre and North villages, instructing the citizens as to just the proper course to pursue in exterminating this pest.

Superintendent Seammons of the Lexington & Boston street railway and Foreman Hill of the construction department of that company, appeared before the board of selectmen Monday evening relative to the renewal of the railway company's poles in Billerica Centre. Under the franchise granted the railway company, more than 10 years ago, the company shall provide hard pine poles between the Centre square and Church street lane. The officials of the company, however, recommended that chestnut poles be used and had made arrangements to replace the old square hard pine poles with rounded ones of chestnut, until held up by the selectmen.

There was a lengthy discussion on the subject, but the board of selectmen were unanimous in the opinion that the hard pine poles be used as per the terms of the franchise. In connection with the matter it might be well to state that the hard pine poles are provided in the villages by both street and railway companies doing business in this town.

MILLINERY

Hats Made and Trimmed
Feathers curled, hats made over. Satisfaction guaranteed. Work done at short notice.

Mourning Hats a Specialty
MRS. MARY E. McDONALD
32 Albion St., Cor. West Fourth

MONEY TO LOAN

NOTES OF SALARIED PEOPLE and women keeping house and others, bought without secrecy, easy payments. Offices in 60 principal cities. Dealings received by misleading advertisements, investigate actual terms of others, then save money by trading here. D. H. Tolman, Room 48, 45 Merrimack st.

BORROW HERE

OUR PLAN SAVES YOU MONEY, TIME AND TROUBLE
Our very low rates save you money, and our quick service saves your time. As we have eliminated all unnecessary red tape you get the money when you want it, without fuss or bother.

Loans from \$10 upwards to housekeepers and workmen. Everything strictly confidential. Call, write or telephone 2434

AMERICAN LOAN CO.

Room 10, Billerica Building
45 MERRIMACK STREET

WHY

Borrow money and pay high rates of interest when you can get any reasonable amount from a reliable company at

ONE PER CENT.
made on any of application. Quick service and confidential methods.

If not convenient to call, write or phone, and we will have our representative call on you.

LOANS

FOR PLANNING has a few 4 and 6 room tenements to let on Elm st.

OFFICES TO LET in Association block. Light, bright and airy, overlooking Monument square. Rent reasonable. Apply to Janitor.

MAX GOLDSTEIN

Dealer in wall papers at very lowest prices. Also painting, wallpapering, hanging and painting, estimates given on large or small jobs. We will paper rooms for \$2.50. We furnish the wall paper. All work guaranteed.

The New Paint Store

155 Church Street Tel. 2897-1

MONEY

Loaned to Housekeepers and Workmen.
\$10 AND UPWARDS.

Come to us for confidential dealings, low rates, and payments to suit your income. We will make you a loan for any purpose.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO., BROKERS.

Weymans Exchange, cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.
Telephone Connections. Open Evenings.

\$5 THE \$10 LOANS at

EQUITABLE LOAN CO.
\$15 CO. \$25

Loaned without security. No waste, no investigations or red tape. Business strictly confidential. Two private offices; most liberal terms of any company in Lowell. Payable in 10 days. Offices 37 Hilditch Building, up one flight, at head of stairs. Open every evening. 45 Merrimack street.

TO LET

GEORGE E. BROWN, 79 Chestnut st. has an extra clean, bright, sunny tenement to let, 4 rooms; good cellar, \$8. One light up, cosy home.

IF YOU ARE SICK you go to a doctor, you have trouble come to a doctor, you will help you out with your trouble. Call at 46 Howard st.

VERY FINE TENEMENT FLAT to let, 6 rooms, bath, pantry, steam heat, cement cellar, large yard, two minutes to three car lines, 5 minutes walk to depot; good neighborhood, 159 Smith st., tel. 3229-3.

5-ROOM FLAT to let in Pawtucketville, at 17 Fourth ave., with large set china cabinet, hot and cold water, bath and pantry, large sunny yard, near two car lines; separate doors. Apply to C. O. Gay, 19 Fourth ave.

9-ROOM TENEMENT to let, with set tubs, bath and pantry, with or without a large barn. For further particulars inquire at 23 Lombard st.

NICE LITTLE TENEMENT to let, 4 rooms and shed, 77 Bartlett st., right upper hall.

5-ROOM FLAT to let at 621 East Merrimack st., in good repair. Inquire Flynn's Market, 157 Gorham st.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let, on Royal st., with modern improvements; steam heat; four sleeping rooms. Inquire 79 Royal st.

PURISHED FRONT ROOMS to let, heat, gas and bath; 11 Burlington ave., cor. of Wilbur st.

DOWN STAIRS TENEMENT of 4 rooms, bath and kitchen, etc. Gas. Your own back door. Newly papered and painted. Adults preferred.

PURISHED ROOMS to let for light housekeeping; steam heat, bath and gas range. 177 Middlesex st.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let. Price \$4. Apply 11 Riverside st.

ON EDGE OF HIGHLANDS, one, two or three rooms to let as desired, steam heat, bath, telephone, etc., private family. Inquire at A. W. Dow's Exchange.

LARGE BARN to let at 136 Smith st. Inquire at A. W. Dow's Exchange.

NICE SUNNY ROOMS to let, furnished in private family. Apply 352 Bridge st.

HALL OF DOUBLE HOUSE to let, 8 rooms, hot water, polished floors, turndown beds, modern kitchen, large piazzas; everything up to date. 23 Eighteenth st.

5-ROOM HOUSE in Pawtucketville to let, bath and pantry up to date, with modern improvements. Cross Avenue & Sign Co., 215 Dutton st.

FRONT ROOM, furnished, steam heated, with bath to let, at 27 Alder st. Call forenoons or evenings.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let, on Andover st., after Oct. 5, 1910, up one flight, bath room, wash trays, and modern improvements. Rent \$5. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 309-310 Weymans Exchange.

FURNISHED ROOM to let with home accommodations and bath. \$2.50. 16 Apple st.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let at 18 Rockdale ave.

TWO SMALL TENEMENTS to let in good repair and good neighborhood; one flat of 4 rooms and one of 3 rooms. Inquire at 154 South st.

FRONT ROOM to let, nicely furnished, with bath, gas, Weyman, 26 Dutton st. Steam heat and bath.

COTTAGE HOUSE on Adams st. to let. Inquire Collins & Hogan, Central and Market sts., Mansur Bldg.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM to let. Steam heat and bath. Apply 6 Stackpole st.

ROOMS TO LET, 207 Appleton st.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with bath, gas, bath; also table board at 259 Gorham st.

6-ROOM TENEMENT to let on West Fourth st., near Bridge st. Rent \$2.50. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 309-310 Weymans Exchange.

6-ROOM TENEMENT to let in Pawtucketville; hot and cold water, gas, open plumbing, sewer connection; two car lines. Apply 89 Varnum ave. Phone 1019-1.

6-ROOM TENEMENT to let in two tenement house, on London st., near Gorham; bath, set wash trays, hot water and open plumbing. Inquire Mrs. H. E. Barrows, 656 Gorham st. Tel. 1023-2.

STORE to let at 551 Lawrence st. Call at 1128 Bridge st.

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let on Barley st., rent \$5 per month. Apply to Phillips & Schmitt Furniture Co., 330 Middlesex st.

TWO MODERN FLATS to let on Carter st., within a few minutes' walk of U. S. Building, Lowell Bleachery and Federal Shoe Co. Inquire at 535 Gorham st.

FRONT 4-ROOM FLAT to let; large bath room and pantry, set tubs, hot and cold water, open plumbing. Apply 112 W. Barrows, 616 Gorham st. Tel. 2670.

JON PLANN has a few 4 and 6 room tenements to let on Elm st.

OFFICES TO LET in Association block. Light, bright and airy, overlooking Monument square. Rent reasonable. Apply to Janitor.

MAX GOLDSTEIN

Dealer in wall papers at very lowest prices. Also painting, wallpapering, hanging and painting, estimates given on large or small jobs. We will paper rooms for \$2.50. We furnish the wall paper. All work guaranteed.

The New Paint Store

155 Church Street Tel. 2897-1

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Office of the Secretary of State, Sept. 24, 1910. Notice is hereby given, that on the tenth day of August, in the year nineteen hundred and ten, the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, relating to the Public Warehouseman within and for the city of Lowell, were duly passed and approved by the Legislature, and the same are hereby published for the purpose of giving notice to the public of the same. WM. M. OLIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SPECIAL NOTICES

TEXTILE STUDENT desires place where he can work for his board or for pay. Address F. P. A. Sun Office.

EMPLOY W. F. TRUMBULL to tune pianos. He has tuned more than fifteen thousand and is an expert. 101 Westford st.

LINCOLN HOUSE, under new management, 15 and 17 Tyler st. Furnished rooms to let with steam heat, bath, by day or week. Transients accommodated.

TEACHER, thoroughly competent, of seven years' experience in public work, will instruct persons of neglected education in the English language, mathematics, penmanship and bookkeeping. Apply Teacher, 273 Appleton st. Tel. 172-12.

SCOTT—Physician, clairvoyant, accurate scientific readings guaranteed. See Scott first. You won't regret it. If you want the picture of your life, Scott will show it with the master hand. Not only that, he informs you what to do—everything. Scott will tell you immediately what you want to know. Saturday, 8:30 to 9:30. 25 Anno St., Lowell.

LOVELL CHINNEY CO., formerly with Smith Bros. Expert chimney builders. Repairing house chimneys of all kinds. Stagnant, built without a specialty; chimneys examined free of charge; slate roofs repaired. Office 32 Church st., tel. 128.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED—First class work guaranteed. Address Mrs. L. B. Fellows, 4 Grove st., city.

BADGES MADE to order; razors honed and concaved; clippers sharpened at Harry Gonzalez, 128 Gorham st. Tel. 562-2.

TYPENITERS for sale or to rent. Typewriter and 6 Supply Co., 108 Merrimack st. Tel. 2535.

MATERNITY NURSE, 656 Gorham st.

MRS. BATTLE, trained in maternity hospital, specialty for confinement cases; highest medical references. No. 3 Jewett ave.

CHIMNEY CO., chimney experts. First class work guaranteed. Address 1125 Bridge st. Tel. 945.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't miss this when taking your train for Lowell.

FOR SALE

BUTCHER WAGON and butcher slaughter for sale. Inquire at Cash Buyers' Union, 157 Broadway.

STORE FOR SALE at 553 Gorham st. Furniture, chairs, tobacco and light groceries; on account of sickness will sell at a sacrifice.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE for sale; reason for sale, owner leaving city. Inquire 155 st.

TWO TENEMENTS for sale, 10 rooms, gas, hot water, door, etc. terms. Chance to get cheap good paying property near the Butting mill. Particulars at 61 Tyler st., evenings.

VERY GOOD COLUMBIA CYCLINDER gramophone, records, brass horn and stand for sale, very cheap. Call 7 to 8 evenings. 66 Gage st., off Salem st.

5-ROOM BOARDING and lodging house, with gas, hot water, bath and gas. Inquire at 50 Lee st.

DARK BAY HORSE for sale, weighs 1050 lbs., excellent driver and work horse. Can be driven by anyone. 23 Middlesex Park.

GOATS FOR SALE at 237 West London st.

UPRIGHT PIANO for sale, a fine upright piano in good condition, very cheap. Call at 31 Elmwood ave.

CUSTOM MADE HARNESSES for sale. Address C. M. H., Sun office.

10-ROOM HOUSE for sale at 261 and 265 Appleton st., with steam heat, slate roof, all styles and closets. Write to A. Cunningham, 719 Broadway st.

MOTOR CYCLE for sale. In good running order. Call at 74 Greenmount ave., Draught Centre.

WANTED

ROGER'S INDIAN BLOOD REMEDY is sold in Lowell at A. C. Stevens, 59 Central st.

YOUNG MAN desires room with board, 10 minutes' walk from Lowell station. State terms. Address B. C. E., Sun Office.

BARN OR SHED wanted with water and good yard space. Lowell Chinney Co., 32 Church st.

OLD FEATHER BEDS wanted. Guarantee to pay double the amount of any other dealer. Good quality. Send orders to L. David, Gen. Delivery, Lowell.

OLD STOVE AND RANGES wanted to buy. Good quality. Write to the good ones. Let us know today. Address E. Sarris, P. O. Box 1052.

DESIRABLE BOOKS wanted; sets, libraries, also rare books. Merritt's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.

TENEMENT OF 5 ROOMS with shed or storage wanted near downtown for man and wife; low rent. Tel. 2842-2.

CHILDREN WANTED to board at 51 Concord st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BEAUTIFUL 3-room, modern residence on 3rd and 7th streets, 2nd street, reasonable price, easy terms, good investment and several other good ones, all sections. If you want one call Saturday

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.				WESTERN DIV.			
Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell	Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell
6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10
8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07	8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07
10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44	10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44
11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21	11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21
1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38	1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38
2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15	2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15
4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52	4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52
6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30
7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07	7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07
9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44	9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44
10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21	10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21
12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58	12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58
1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35	1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35
2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12	2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12
4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49	4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49
5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26	5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26
7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03	7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03
9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40	9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40
10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17	10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17
12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54	12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54

SUNDAY TRAINS				SUNDAY TRAINS			
Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell	Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell
6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10
8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07	8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07
10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44	10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44
11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21	11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21
1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38	1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38
2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15	2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15
4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52	4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52
6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30
7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07	7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07
9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44	9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44
10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21	10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21
12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58	12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58
1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35	1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35
2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12	2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12
4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49	4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49
5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26	5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26
7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03	7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03
9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40	9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40
10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17	10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17
12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54	12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54

SUNDAY TRAINS				SUNDAY TRAINS			
Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell	Lowell	Andover	Andover	Lowell
6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10
8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07	8:37	8:47	8:57	9:07
10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44	10:14	10:24	10:34	10:44
11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21	11:51	12:01	12:11	12:21
1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38	1:08	1:18	1:28	1:38
2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15	2:45	2:55	3:05	3:15
4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52	4:22	4:32	4:42	4:52
6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30
7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07	7:37	7:47	7:57	8:07
9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44	9:14	9:24	9:34	9:44
10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21	10:51	11:01	11:11	11:21
12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58	12:28	12:38	12:48	12:58
1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35	1:05	1:15	1:25	1:35
2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12	2:42	2:52	3:02	3:12
4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49	4:19	4:29	4:39	4:49
5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26	5:56	6:06	6:16	6:26
7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03	7:33	7:43	7:53	8:03
9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40	9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40
10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17	10:47	10:57	11:07	11:17
12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54	12:24	12:34	12:44	12:54

LOCAL NEWS

Political printing at Tobin's Printery. There will be a month's mind high mass of requiem at St. Peter's church tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock for the repose of the soul of Joseph Fox.

REMOVAL

Dr. Joseph A. Mehan has removed his office from Davis square to his new residence, 4 Park street, corner of East Merrimack. Telephone 250-1.

DEATHS

DENSON—Miss Susan Denson died Monday at the state infirmary, Tewksbury. Her body was sent to Hingham, Mass., for burial by Undertaker J. W. McKenna.

ANGELO—Michael Angelo, a well known resident of Centerville and an esteemed member of St. Michael's church, died last night at his home, 4 Dalton place, off West Third street, after a lingering illness. He was employed in the repair shops of the Hamilton Manufacturing Co. for many years and was well and favorably known throughout the city. He was a prominent member of Court City of Lowell, P. of A., and leaves two daughters, Mrs. James Chambers of Wakefield, and Miss Harriet R. Angelo of this city, and one brother, James, also of Lowell.

O'NEIL—Raymond F. O'Neil died last night at the home of his parents, 61 Claire street, aged 4 years, 7 months and 7 days. He leaves, besides his father and mother, Edward and Mary; three brothers, Dennis P., Edward J., Jr., and Paul, and three sisters, Nellie, Theresa and Viola.

BOSCA—Joseph H. Bosca, a well known resident of St. Patrick's parish, died yesterday at his home, 31 Cross street, aged 53 years. He is survived by a wife, two sons, Joseph H. and John Leo Bosca, and three daughters, Sadie A., Rita and Julia F. Bosca. Deceased was for 33 years a valued employee of the Prescott corporation, and was an esteemed member of St. Joseph's union.

MURPHY—Mrs. Harriet J. Murphy, daughter of Andrew B. Ellsworth and the late Mindwell S. Ellsworth, died Monday evening at her home in Boston aged 29 years and three months. She is survived by her husband, George F. Murphy; her father, one daughter, Eleanor F. Murphy; two sisters, Mrs. A. C. Macmann and Miss Ethel M. Ellsworth and two brothers, George A. and Lester A. Ellsworth, all of Boston.

CUMMINGS—Dorothy Cummings, aged eight months, daughter of Patrick and the late Susie D. Cummings, died yesterday at her home, 50 Elm street.

PEPIN—The death of Mrs. Ann M. Pepin, wife of Peter Pepin, occurred suddenly at her home in North Chelmsford yesterday, aged 77 years, 3 months and 10 days. Mrs. Pepin had recently been seriously ill but was apparently recovering and her death was entirely unexpected. The immediate cause of death was heart failure. Surviving her are her husband, two sons, Dr. J. V. Pepin, the well known dentist of Lowell; Dr. O. J. Pepin of Dover, N. H., also a dentist, and two daughters, Mrs. Eli Patenaude of East Chelmsford, and Mrs. J. B. Howell of East Walpole.

DENTISTS DINED

LECTURE BY PROFESSOR FROM TUFTS COLLEGE

The Lowell Dental society held a very enjoyable meeting and luncheon at the New American house last night. The luncheon was served at 6:30 o'clock, and was one of the best that the members have had for years. The meeting was presided over by Dr. C. E. Snyder. The entire evening was occupied by a demonstration of methods in crown and bridge work in both porcelain and gold, by Dr. W. G. Bridge of the Tufts Dental college. Drs. A. S. Macleod and S. R. Walter were elected members of the society.

For Card Parties

We have a large assortment of PLAYING CARDS, TALLYS, PLACE CARDS, Etc.

Just Arrived Imported Line of Novelties, ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRIZES AND FAVORS

EVERYTHING IN STATIONERY FOR THE SCHOOLS—SEE JOHN STREET WINDOW—

R. E. JUDD

Bookkeeper and Stationer, 79 Merrimack Street. (Successor to Thomas H. Lawler)

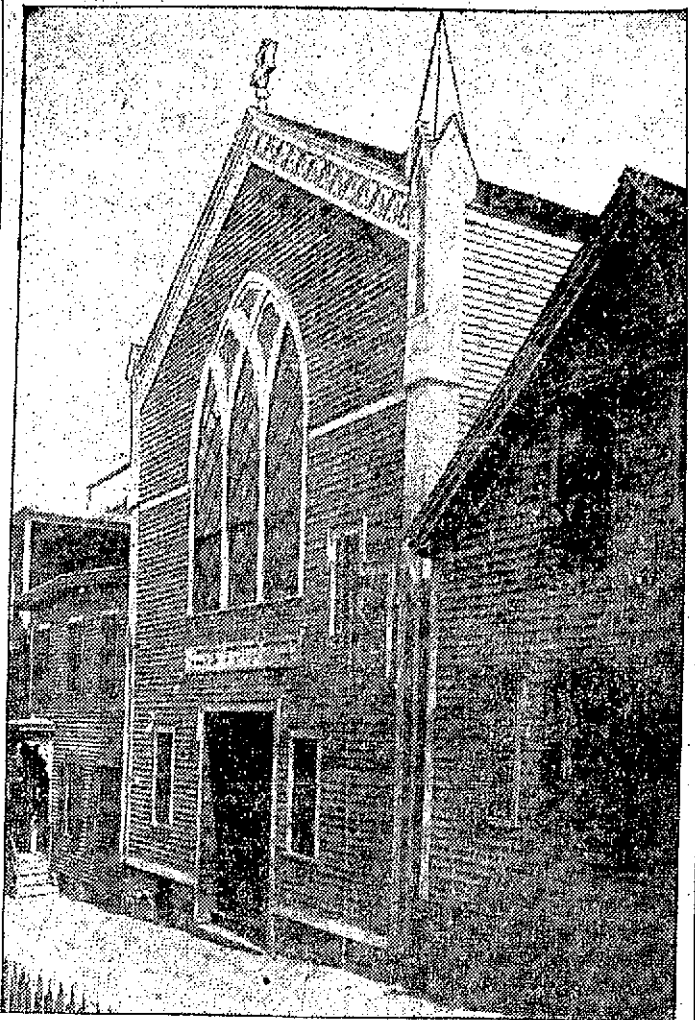


Photo by Will Rounds

THE JEWISH SYNAGOGUE ON MONTYRIE STREET IN WHICH THE JEWISH NEW YEAR IS BEING CELEBRATED

FUNERALS

HODGES—The funeral of Rollin

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

MERRIMACK ST. STORE

Special Bargains for Thursday Only

Ladies' Fine Serge Suits, satin lined, all sizes, \$10.98; value \$15.

8 Pretty Navy Blue Serge Suits, heavy satin lined, samples, mostly sizes 36 and 38. Thursday, \$7.98; value \$10.00.

About 25 Misses' Heavy Serge Suits, all shades, sizes 13, 15 and 17 yrs. Price \$4.98; value \$10.00.

Ladies' Heavy Kersey Coats, half length, black only, heavy lined, sizes up to 46. Thursday \$3.98.

Children's Fancy Curly Beardskin Coats, all colors, \$1.98; value \$3.00.

Odd lot Children's Plush Coats, 75c; from \$2.00.

Children's Rubber Capes, plain Hoods, \$1.98; from \$3.00.

Ladies' Out Size Flannelette Night Robes, 49c each. Thursday only.

Heavy Cotton Robes, 29c; value 50c.

Heavy Cotton Drawers, fine ticking, 15c a pair Thursday.

Fine Hamburg Trimmed Skirts, 39c each; value 50c.

Fine Hamburg and Lace Trimmed Skirts, 69c; from \$1.00.

Heavy Mercerized Petticoats, 49c; value 75c.

Ladies' Fine \$2.50 and \$3.00 Black Taffeta Silk Waists, \$1.50 Thursday.

Ladies' 50c Black, White or Shepherd Check Lawn Waists, 25c each.

Fine Scotch Gingham Dresses, sold for \$3.98. To clean up Thursday only \$1.98.

Black Broadcloth Dresses, Thursday \$3.98 each. Only six left; value \$7.50.

Ladies' Heavy Cotton Hose, 7c a pair.

Ladies' Fine Jersey Vests, 5c each.

Children's Heavy Serge Sailor Suits, pure wool, \$2.98. All shades and sizes; value \$5.00.

Large Lace Collars, 69c; from \$1.00.

Large Lace Collars, 29c; from 50c.

Kid Gloves, 69c; worth \$1.00.

Children's Heavy Cotton Drawers, 8c each.

Genuine Heatherblow Petticoats, 99c each Thursday.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

MERRIMACK ST. STORE

J. Hodges was held from his late home, 11 Burnside street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Harris of the Park Street church officiated. Mrs. Alice Shaffer sang the favorite hymns of the deceased, "Face to Face," "In the Sweet Bye and Bye," and "Shall We Gather at the River." There were many beautiful floral offerings, among which were: Pillow, from the wife; sprays of pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Beardsley, Mrs. J. E. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Shaffer and Mrs. C. Kelly, Home Department of Chelmsford Street Sunday school; spray of lavender sweet peas and pinks, Mr. and Mrs. O. Allen; spray, Mt. Vernon church; friends; spray, asters and pinks, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Moore and Laura Moore; sprays of roses, Sunday school class, Mr. and Mrs. Fred P. Smith, Mr. Edward Silver and shopmates; standing wreath, from North Chelmsford Machine and Supply Co.; spray white asters, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hayes, Mrs. Pratt; spray of dahlias, Mrs. Willet; bouquet, Mrs. Wood. Burial was in the Edison cemetery. Undertaker C. M. Young in charge.

BURKE—The funeral of Parker L. Burke was held yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 236 Methuen street. Rev. A. F. Woodworth officiated. Burial was in the Edison cemetery, in charge of J. A. Weinbeck.

SCOTT—The funeral of Mrs. Julia A. Scott, who died at Glen River, N. Y., aged 52 years, recently, took place yesterday afternoon at the Lowell cemetery. Rev. C. A. Smith officiated. J. A. Weinbeck was the funeral director.

GROGAN—The funeral of Ripley M. Grogan, aged nine months, who died recently in South Weymouth, took place yesterday afternoon in the Edison cemetery. Rev. Henry C. Alford of South Weymouth officiated. Burial was in charge of J. A. Weinbeck.

THE POLICE BOARD

Granted Minor Licenses Last Last

At the regular session of the police board last evening the question of revoking the license of Moses Shapiro as a special policeman for the Jewish synagogue came before the board, but definite action upon the ultimate decision of the board was postponed.

Yesterday being the Jewish feast day of Rosh Hashana, or the New Year, the petitioners appeared before the board last night and requested that the hearing be held at some other time. They did not wish to interfere with the processes of the day, accordingly the hearing was continued for one week.

Licenses surrendered and cancelled were: Common victualler—James F. McGarvey, 544 Middlesex street; Marcelle Pelletier, 349-351 Moody street.

Special police warrant—James Laird for Massachusetts cotton mills and U. S. M. railroad on Canal street.

Licenses granted: Common victualler—Michael Champagne, 349-351 Moody street. Mrs. Charles E. Dow, 544 Middlesex street; George Licouras, 455 Market street.

Harrier and peddler—Moses Teller, 95 Perkins street.

Junk collector—Louis S. Smith, 24 Angle street.

Amusement parlor—Mrs. J. G. Desjardins, 277 Allen street.

To sell ice cream, fruit, etc., on the Lord's day—Rebecca A. MacKenzie, 18 Prescott street.

Hackney coach—Napoleon Blodreau, 319 Moody street.

Special police for Lawrence Manufacturing company—Harry C. Aldrey, 161 Hall street; Harry C. Randall, 35 Stanley street; Harry Walker, 325 West Sixth street; and Edward P. McAlroy, 129 Tremont street.

In view of the fact that the present is the first year that Columbus day has been a legal holiday, it was voted to ask an opinion from the city solicitor as to the application of the law closing saloons on that day. The board was undecided whether or not the law would apply to that day.

37 WERE KILLED

Trains Were in a Crash in Illinois

STANTON, Ill., Oct. 5.—Thirty-seven persons were killed and from 18 to 25 injured in a collision on the Illinois traction system, two miles north of Stanton, late yesterday.

Three of the injured and possibly more are not expected to survive. Reports from the wreck up to the present time have been difficult to obtain. Some of the statements received from there make the number of injured as high as 50, but it is not believed the list will run over 25.

The collision occurred between a local train northbound and an excursion train headed toward St. Louis and loaded with passengers on their way to

view the parade of the Veiled Prophets at St. Louis.

The accident, according to present information, was due entirely to the disregard of orders by the crew of the local, which was in charge of M. A. Leonard, conductor, and John Liernan of Stanton, motorman.

Dickerson's curve is at the bottom of a decline both from the north and from the south.

The cars came together with a terrific crash and were piled in one huge mass of wreckage, through which the bodies of the dead and wounded were scattered.

As quickly as possible word of the

accident was telephoned to Springfield and Peoria, and a special car was immediately rushed from each of these points.

In a short time a car containing 28 bodies was sent to Carlinville and placed in an undertaking establishment.

From Springfield all physicians were hurried to Stanton.

The two trains came together with such awful force that the cars were not only telescoped but were battered out of all semblance to their original shape. They were simply a mass of splintered wood and twisted iron and steel eight feet high.

FAMILY TROUBLES

Led to a Terrible Tragedy in Providence, R. I.

Man Murdered His Wife and Then Committed Suicide—Man Supposed to be Cause of Trouble is in Serious Condition

PROVIDENCE, R. I., October 5.—John Schnellbacher, who, it is believed, caused Robert Robinson, Jr., through jealousy, to murder his wife and commit suicide last night, lies today in the Rhode Island hospital in a serious condition as the result of two bullet wounds inflicted by Robinson during the trouble last night. Schnellbacher was placed on the operating table during the forenoon and an attempt was made to locate the two leaden missiles, one in the head and the other in the left leg.

Answering the door bell last night, Robinson, who was a traveling salesman, found Schnellbacher standing on the step. Robinson, it is said, had had trouble with Schnellbacher concerning family matters and he ordered the man to leave and keep away from his home. Instead Schnellbacher attempted to force his way into the house. The two men grappled and during the trouble Robinson drew a revolver and fired three shots, two of which entered Schnellbacher's body.

Robinson re-entered the house and, locating his wife in a bedroom, shot her through the head. Then turning the muzzle of the weapon on himself Robinson ended his own life by shoot-

ing himself in the head. Neighbors, hearing the several revolver reports, rushed to the house and with Schnellbacher upon entering the bedroom found Mrs. Robinson dead on the floor while her husband lay beside her breathing his last.

The couple had been married but a few months and both moved in good society in this city. With the one exception of the husband's jealousy of his wife, who, it is said, believed Schnellbacher was a caller while he was traveling for his company, no reason could be given today for the tragedy.

Mrs. Robinson, who was 21 years old, was the daughter of William Prev, assistant manager of an express company operating in this and several other cities in New England. Mrs. Robinson was of an extremely attractive appearance and took quite a prominent part in social events here. Mr. Robinson, who was 22 years of age, was a traveling salesman for an Attleboro, Mass., button concern.

WAVE OF REVOLUTION

EMPLOYEES AT FARM THE MONARCHY NIGHT EDITION

Testify in the Suit of Brown vs.

Harrington Today

Testimony Deals With the Food Supply, Its Quantity and Quality in 1909—Nurse at Farm Testified That Supply of Food Was Deficient in Part of 1909 and That Conditions Improved After Mr. Howe Went There

The third day's proceedings in the case of Brown vs. Harrington were begun at 10 o'clock with John H. Donlon, baker at the city farm, on the stand for cross examination.

"Was there any difference in the food prepared by you in 1909 and other years?" asked Mr. Hill.

"It was about the same."

"What did they have for breakfast?"

"Rolled oats, bread, tea or coffee, and in the hospital they got butter."

"For supper?"

"Rolled oats, bread and tea. Then there was pudding and toast in the hospital."

"For dinner?"

"On Monday, corned beef, cabbage, when we had it, and tea. Tuesday, mutton stew with potatoes in it. Wednesday, peasoup; Thursday, squash from the farm and turnips; Friday, fresh fish one week, salt cod the next; Saturday, vegetable soup in winter and in summer beefsteak. Sunday, beans."

"Did that bill differ from that of previous years?"

"If I remember rightly it was about the same."

"You served cabbage and squash when you had them?"

"When we had them we gave them to the inmates. Of course in the summer we didn't have them. Whatever we raised we served."

"Did you have more green stuff in 1909 than previous years?"

"If I remember right, I think we did."

"How did you prepare the tea?"

"We first heated the water in the tank. At 9.30 we put in the tea bag and kept it there until 11 o'clock and then we took out the tea bag."

"Did you have any trouble with the water in 1909?"

"Yes, the water was bad and it made the tea bad until Mr. Mayberry got a filter."

"What time of year was that?"

"I don't remember."

"Was there any time that you were short of meat?"

"If I remember rightly there were times that I didn't get as much as I ought to. I complained to the clerk at the store house but he didn't make any change so that I took what I got and said nothing."

On redirect examination Mr. Donlon was asked if he had talked with Mr. Brown, Mr. Mayberry or Mr. Hill since yesterday and he replied negatively.

Mr. Qua reviewed the menus with the witness.

"What kind of beef did you use?"

"You'll have to ask the butcher. I just called it fresh beef."

"All the meat served was either boiled or stewed?"

"Yes sir."

"Do you remember in what part of the institution the strawberries were served?"

"Well, they'd send them around as far as they'd go. They were raised on the farm."

"Did all the able bodied inmates get strawberries?"

"I think so."

Mr. Hill at this point asked if the inmates ever got clams and the witness replied that sometimes they got clams whenever they had them.

"Now Mr. Witness all the vegetables served at the farm were raised there?"

"Yes."

"And the only time vegetables were

THE MONARCHY

Of Portugal Threatened With Being Wiped Out

Latest cable advices officially confirm that Portugal is swept by a revolution of far-reaching extent, threatening the safety of the royal family and the existence of the monarchy itself.

The royal palace at Lisbon has been under bombardment from warships which have made common cause with the revolutionists. The extent of the destruction and loss of life is not yet known, owing to rigorous censorship and the interruption of telegraphic communication.

King Manuel, apparently, has fled from the capital and sought refuge on board a foreign warship either Brazilian or British. Early advices today to the French foreign office stated that the king was still at the palace last night, resisting the advance of the revolutionists. Later the Brazilian legation at Paris was advised that the king had taken refuge aboard the Brazilian battleship San Paulo, now at Lisbon in connection with the visit of President-elect Fonseca of Brazil. British warships have been rushed from Gibraltar to the scene of disaster and the Paris Temps, a governmental paper, is informed that the king had gone aboard one of the British ships.

At Rome grave fear is felt that the royal family will be imprisoned and possibly meet a tragic fate similar to that of King Carlos.

Detailed reports from Paris coming through roundabout channels assert that after desperate fighting in the streets of Lisbon the royal standard was torn down and the flag of the republic raised over the royal palace.

The British government is said to be considering intervention in behalf of the members of the royal family.

Censored despatches that reached the Spanish frontier this afternoon indicated that a large part of the garrison of Lisbon has gone over to the revolutionists and that a battle is now in progress.

A report received at Pisa, Italy, is that troops loyal to the king were still successfully defending the royal palace at 8 o'clock this morning.

King Manuel II, whose dethronement has been attempted, and perhaps already accomplished by those who would establish a republican form of government for Portugal, was born Nov. 15, 1889, the younger son of the late King Carlos I and Queen Maria Amelia, daughter of Philippe, Duke of Orleans. He succeeded to the throne

CONTRACTS AWARDED

For Mason Work on the New Bridge in Billerica Street

Mayor Meehan made a tour of inspection of the grade crossing work in Walker, Plain, School and Lincoln streets yesterday and he also visited Lawrence street where the street department is on work on a new bridge. The mayor said that the work was being pushed in all quarters and that the company doing the grade crossing is waiting for the iron for the bridges in Plain and Lincoln streets. Everything is in readiness for the iron and it will be laid as soon as it arrives. The building of the iron work of the bridges will not be a very big job and unless the iron is too long delayed in arriving the bridges will be built before the snow flies.

Contract for Mason Work

City Civil Engineer, Bowers has been informed by the Boston & Maine railroad that the contract for the mason work for the new bridge in Billerica street has been let to Coughlin & Shells for \$2,285. There were ten bids and Coughlin & Shells' bid was the lowest. The Boston & Maine railroad has promised that this bridge will be built this year and the work

will be pushed right ahead.

Can't Get Together

The Lawrence city council and the Lowell city council were to have crossed bars at a ball game tomorrow, but it's all off. The president of the Lowell city council left word at the city hall this forenoon that the game was off. He had heard from Lawrence and he knows that the Lawrence councilmen are afraid to meet the local aggregation.

No More Typhoid

No new cases of typhoid fever have been reported at the office of the board of health within the last few days, and this means that the epidemic is on the wane.

Some New Buildings

Abram Wolfe has been granted a permit to build an office, store room and tenement in Cheimsford street. The building will be 20 by 40 feet, two stories.

Mrs. Agnes J. Wardell will build a two-family house in Westford street. The building will be 33½ by 60 feet, two and one-half stories.

Miss Della A. Campbell will build a two family house in Westford street near Rutland street. The building will be 28 by 60 feet, two and one-half stories.

ESTABLISHED 1884

J.F. O'Donnell & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

All business entrusted to our care will receive personal attention. A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired. Telephones: office, 439-5; residence, 439-6.

MARKET ST. CORNER WORTHEN.

BALLOTS

For judges and so-called. Get our prices.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Your Auto Shed

Choose the right light in the right place.

Portable light about nonportable machine.

Flameless light near inflammable material.

Electric is the best for garages.

Lowell Electric Light

50 Central Street

If you want help at home or in business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Ayer's Pills

Health

STOP THAT COUGH

Our Syrup White Pine and 25c

Tar is Good.

CARTER & SHERBURNE, Cut Price Drug Store

6 O'CLOCK

AMES RENOMINATED

No Opposition to Congressman in Convention Today

The Fifth Congressional Republican convention came to order this morning in the republican headquarters and placed in nomination Col. Butler Ames of Lowell for the fifth consecutive term for congress. The convention was extremely harmonious and everything went off as previously arranged by the leaders, other than a few unlooked-for remarks by the permanent chairman, Hon. Newton P. Frye of North Andover, who sounded the keynote of the old doctrine of the republican party. He said that there were no insurgents, no standpaters or any others who should be considered, nothing but pure and simple, real republican doctrine should be preached.

Joseph H. Legare, private secretary to Congressman Butler Ames, called the convention to order, as the chairman of the district convention, and Secretary George F. Frederick of Methuen under instruction from the chairman read the call for the convention. After the secretary read the call, the temporary chairman appointed the following committee on credentials: Fred M. Abbott, of Lawrence; R. W. Dow, of Methuen; Charles F. Cope land, Lowell; F. A. D. Singh, Billerica and Nesbitt Gleason of Andover. This committee retired and reported that there were but 61 delegates present.

A motion was then made that the temporary organization be made permanent, but Temporary Chairman Mr. Legare, said he could not serve, and while he thanked the convention for their confidence in him he would rather have some more distinguished gentleman serve, and the Hon. Newton P. Frye of North Andover was chosen permanent chairman and the temporary secretary.

Mr. Frederick made the permanent secretary. David A. Bailey of Lawrence placed in nomination the name of Col. Butler Ames as the candidate for congress, in a very eloquent speech, and the nomination was seconded by ex-Alderman George H. Taylor of Lowell. The secretary of the convention was instructed to cast one ballot for the nominee, which was done amid great applause. The congressman was escorted to the platform and delivered a speech in which he took particular occasion to say that the next speaker of the national house of representatives would be a man of today, not of the past, "and I assure you that it will not be the present speaker, 'Uncle Joe'."

Congressman Ames in accepting the nomination, said in part:

"Dangerous to our party's welfare are those who are oblivious to the desires and wishes of the people generally, and such are the bosses in our party, whose very age makes them so conservative and so non-progressive that public uprising threatens our party's leadership."

"I have endeavored to hold myself, at all times, free to voice and act upon the desires of my constituency and not to be the slave of any ring or machine. I've held my views as my own reason dictated, with no allegiance to any corporation influence."

"If my people are insurgents or progressives in their desires and hopes, then by all means class me as a progressive, too. I have the animosity and opposition now of the large corporation interests in the state, not because

THE MONARCHY

REVOLUTIONISTS IN CONTROL OF LISBON SITUATION

LONDON, Oct. 5.—There is a possibility that Great Britain will use its good offices to secure respect for the persons of King Manuel and the queen mother, Amalia of Portugal, from the revolutionists, who are reported to be in control at Lisbon. There is much public sympathy here for King Manuel. It is explained that it is too much to expect of a boy that he would be a force in politics.

As to the reflections on his private life, all such suspicion is new in this country. The close relations between the ruling houses and government of Great Britain and Portugal give the empire a direct interest in the outcome of the revolution.

A wireless message received by the admiralty department today, confirmed the press despatches that reported a revolution in Lisbon. The British government ordered warships to Lisbon to protect the interest of the British subjects. Then followed a long conference at the British foreign office between Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, and Marquis De Soveral, the Portuguese minister to Great Britain, and from the fact of this prompt conference it is concluded generally that Great Britain will use her friendly offices in the emergency.

King Manuel visited England as a youth and has been here three times since he was called to the throne. To those who have followed affairs in Portugal the news of the revolution did not come as a surprise. For some weeks telegraphic news from Lisbon has been censored but mail letters from correspondents at the Portuguese capital have drawn attention to the growing strength of the republicans, as shown in the recent elections, and to the waning popularity of the monarch.

The correspondents predicted important happenings at an early date. A London firm which does a large business in Portugal received a cablegram this morning from Oporto containing an order for goods. This is an indication that the revolution up to this forenoon had been confined to Lisbon. This is the only wire message received from Portugal in the past 24 hours. The cable between Lisbon and the Azores is interrupted.

The Portuguese legation here also is without official advices. Acting, however, on the news despatches, the Marquis De Soveral, Portuguese minister to Great Britain, called at the foreign office early today and had a long conference with Sir Edward Grey.

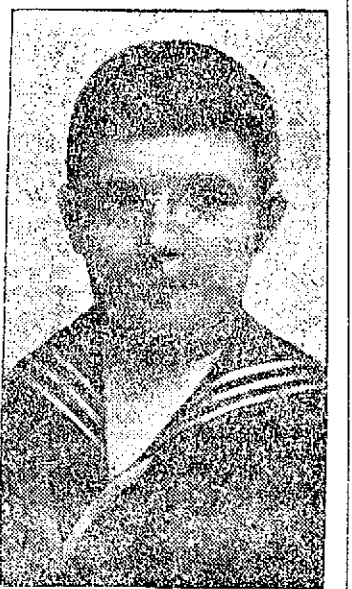
Foreign Secretary Sir Arthur Nicholson, secretary of the foreign office, upon hearing, through private sources last night, that telegraphic communication with Lisbon was interrupted, sent a message to British Minister Sir F. Villiers asking the cause. This message, like all other messages, was received at the cable office at the secretary's risk and no response was received.

The Eastern Telegraph Co. has had no communication with Portugal since yesterday and the direct Spanish company, which works its wires through Spain, reports no communication today beyond Madrid.

Portuguese securities fell today two points and console eased. There was not much selling.

The Portuguese consulate also was without official information from Lisbon. An official of the consulate said candidly that the news of a revolution was not unexpected.

"For a long time," he said, "there



KING MANUEL II OF PORTUGAL

had been great dissatisfaction with the state of affairs on the part of the republicans, mainly because they had concluded from the progress made by Brazil that progress could be made in Portugal only under a republican form of government."

Mateus De Sampaio, a Portuguese deputy and personal friend of King Manuel, who was in London yesterday, had occasion to forward a telegram to his home in regard to the proposed visit there by King Manuel.

He received an invitation, sent through the telegraph company, that it would be impossible for his majesty to be delivered.

THE ONLY NEWS

MADRID, Oct. 5.—There has been no communication between Madrid and the Portuguese capital since Tuesday morning. The only news of the revolution came by wireless from Santarém.

It is believed here that the revolutionists have cut the telephone and telegraph wires with the intention to restore them only when they are prepared to announce to the world that a republic has been proclaimed.

PORTUGAL IS ISOLATED

PARIS, Oct. 5.—It is reported at the Portuguese legation here today that King Manuel had taken refuge on the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo. Portugal since yesterday has been isolated from the rest of the world and neither republicans declare that the country is in the throes of a violent revolution. All of the navy and a

REV. DR. BURTON

Now President of Smith College

NORTHAMPTON, Oct. 5.—In the presence of a great assembly of educators from all parts of the United States as well as representative scholars of Europe, Rev. Marion Leroy Burton, D. D., today received the keys and charter of Smith college and became president. Never before had Smith college witnessed such a scene, for the retiring president, L. Clark Seyle, was the first head of the college and he began his work without any ceremony. The great throng of educators in cap and gown with their brilliantly colored doctors' hoods made an impressive spectacle today as they paraded into the new assembly hall where the ceremonies were performed.

The procession was headed by Dr. Burton and L. Clark Seyle, the president emeritus.

Governor Draper followed the two educators and then came the board of trustees, the president of the alumni association, Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence Clark of Williamstown, the recipients of honorary degrees, members of the college faculty, the delegates from the alumni organizations and the members of the students' council.

President Seyle offered the invocation and the formal exercises began. Accepting the charter, President Burton pledged himself to maintain the ideal of Smith college.

Then came addresses of greeting by Gov. Draper; President Lowell of Harvard; Dean Tyler of the faculty of Smith college; Mrs. Mary Day of Syracuse, N. Y., a former president of the alumni association, who pledged loyalty and support of the college body; and Miss Sarah Campbell Evans of Augusta, Ga., a member of the junior class and president of the students' council, who welcomed President Burton and paid a tribute to President Emeritus Seyle.

Following this anthem, "Till Things Change," from Miss Lillian Ellish, by the college choir, President Burton delivered his inaugural address.

As he closed the choir sang "O God, Our Help in Ages Past," and the conferring of the honorary degrees began.

BATTLE IN PROGRESS

IN LISBON GARRISON

BADAJOS, Spain, Oct. 5.—The few messages which had reached the frontier this afternoon from correspondents in Portugal had been mutilated by censorship. It seems certain from them, however, that a battle was in progress and a large portion of the Lisbon garrison had joined with the revolutionists.

W. C. T. UNION

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 5.—Delegates to the number of 150 arrived in this city today to attend the 35th annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Rhode Island. The meeting was opened by a devotional service conducted by Mrs. E. P. Nichols. Several addresses were delivered by prominent members of the union, following which the reports of the various officers were read. Later in the day committees for the ensuing year were appointed.

FUNERALS

RAFFERTY.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Ellen Rafferty took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her home, 601 Gorham street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church, where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. O'Brien. The choir under the direction of James E. Donnelly sang the Gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Mr. Donnelly and Miss Whiteley. Mrs. McKennedy presiding at the organ. Among the many beautiful floral tributes were a large pillow inscribed "Mother" from the family; sheaf of wheat with purple ribbon inscribed "Aunt" from Miss Minnie Rafferty and Miss Rose Kelley, and a large wreath from Mr. Frederick Welch and friend. The bearers were Michael Kelley, Eugene McGreevey, Edward O'Brien and Ralph Clark. At the grave Rev. Fr. O'Brien read the committal prayers, and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEATHS

CUMMINGS.—Dorothy Cummings, aged 8 months, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick J. Cummings, 50 Elm street, this morning.

PRICE OF SUGAR REDUCED

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced five cents a hundred pounds today.

TWO CONVENTIONS

Held in Lincoln Hall in Gorham Street Today

A. G. Pollard Presided at Middlesex County Republican Convention and Also at Convention Nominating District Attorney—Everything Was Cut and Dried—John J. Higgins Was Nominated for District Attorney and John R. Fairburn for Sheriff

The Middlesex County republican convention was held in Lincoln hall, Gorham street, this forenoon. A. G. Pollard of this city presided, and Geo. J. Burns of Ayer was chosen secretary.

Charles H. Richardson of Lowell was re-nominated for county commissioner for three years and Chester E. Williams of Waverley for three years. Mr. Williams was appointed by the clerk of courts some time ago to succeed the late Commissioner Francis J. Bigelow.

Hon. Edward E. Thompson of Woburn and Frank A. Patch of Littleton were nominated as associate county commissioners for one year.

John R. Fairburn of Cambridge was re-nominated, by acclamation, for sheriff. The old county committee was re-elected.

There were 187 delegates present.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

The district attorney convention was called in Lincoln hall at 11:30 and on motion it was voted that the chairman and secretary of the county committee be made temporary chairman and secretary of the district attorney convention.

This organization was made permanent.

The committee on credentials re-

VERMONT ASSEMBLY MEETS

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 5.—The 21st biennial session of the Vermont general assembly, at which a United States senator will be chosen and during which action will be taken on many matters of state importance, was opened at the capitol here today. Dr. Mead then formally took over the reins of government from the retiring executive, George H. Prouty.

United States Senator Carroll S. Page of Hyde Park is without opposition in the republican party for re-election.

Probably most important of the state matters awaiting consideration is that of simplifying the present method of proposing amendments to the constitution.

There was but one contest today, that for speaker of the house. Before Speaker Cheney called the house to order today F. E. Howe of Bennington was the most prominent candidate.

The retiring governor probably will deliver his farewell message tomorrow morning. The inaugural address of Governor Mead is expected on Thursday.

MATRIMONIAL

A very pretty fall wedding occurred at the home of the bride's brother, Mr. Norman T. Wilcox, of Burr street, this morning, when in the presence of friends and relatives Miss Clara Wilcox and Mr. Charles Z. Burdick were united in marriage by Rev. A. Frederick Dunne. The newly married couple are residing at the present time in Meriden, Conn.

INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The men in charge of the state campaigns of both the republican and democratic parties are waiting with interest for the action of the Independence league state convention which meets late this afternoon. There has been some talk that the league may endorse the candidacy of Henry L. Stimson, the republican nominee for governor, with Hearst as lieutenant-governor.

PLATFORM FIGHT

IS BIG ISSUE IN REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The political pots in Massachusetts, especially those in the democratic camp, boiled furiously today. Although there was considerable activity in republican circles, platform planks and not candidates were the principal issues. With the democrats, however, the matter of a candidate for governor to be nominated at the state convention tomorrow, was still in dispute.

Today the democratic field of gubernatorial aspirants had been practically narrowed to two men who are openly seeking the nomination. These were Charles Hamlin of Boston, former assistant secretary of the treasury under President Cleveland and James H. Vahey of Watertown, a former member of Massachusetts senate and the party's candidate for governor in 1908 and 1909.

Congressman Eugene Foss, the one time republican who had been enthusiastically for the gubernatorial nomination this year, was believed by all practical politicians to be out of the race today, organized labor having served notice on Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston and other Foss adherents that the labor vote of the state would not be given to Foss on account of his record as an employer and as a member of congress.

As an employer the labor leaders, President John Golden of the United Textile Workers and Vice President James Duncan of the American Federation of Labor, said that Foss had been on friendly terms with organized labor and that the labor vote would be given to Foss on account of his record as an employer and as a member of congress.

After Mayor Fitzgerald announced last night that he had withdrawn his support of Mr. Foss because of the stand of the labor leaders there was great rejoicing in the Hamlin and Vahey camps and the managers of each of the two remaining candidates claimed the victory for their respective men. Then came the report that Colonel William A. Gaston, twice an unsuccessful gubernatorial candidate, was being groomed for the nomination. Colonel Gaston said last night that he would not be a candidate but this declaration did not silence the talk of the republicans' availability.

The republican convention is held tomorrow simultaneously with all of the democratic though in a different hall. All of the candidates for the state ticket are unopposed but there is a prospect that there may be an animated contest over a platform plank submitted by Joseph Walker, speaker of the Massachusetts house of representatives and declaring in favor of a permanent independent tariff commission, which shall report directly to congress any proposed changes in the tariff schedules.

FOR PELLETIER STREET HEARINGS

Fitzgerald Favors Him Several—to be Held for Governor October 17

On the night of Oct. 17 the committee on streets will give hearings on the following petitions:

J. A. Plante and others, that Acton, Bolton, Chilton and Lenton streets be accepted.

Edmund Brickett and others, that a sidewalk assessment against him in Parker street be partially abated, on account of a curved stone being used at the corner of Pine street.

Bernard Ready and others, that Court street be laid out and accepted from Manchester street to Plain street, and that a sidewalk be laid on the westerly side and on the easterly side as far as No. 30 from Manchester street.

W. H. Gallagher and others, that concrete sidewalks be laid on both sides of Aiken street from Lakeview avenue to the bridge.

John P. Manahan and others, that Manchester street be accepted from Branch street to Grove street.

Louis Cayer and others, that a sidewalk be laid in Brimcote street on both sides from White street to Sixth street.

Martin D. Sullivan and others, that edgestones be laid in Cross street on the southerly side, abutting the common street.

Emma B. Woessner and others, that Fruit street be accepted from Boston road to Marshall road, and that sidewalks of cinders be laid.

Harry J. Whitte and others, that Circuit avenue be laid out and accepted, and that sidewalks be laid.

MISSIONARY WORKERS

WORCESTER, Oct. 5.—Most of the countries forming the Near East, principally Bulgaria and Austria, had a share in the discussion today by leading educators, missionaries and diplomats intimate with local conditions there at the second of the five days conference being held at Clark university, with a view of general enlightenment on their problems.

Turkey received most attention in the addresses of the day. Prof. Hart of Harvard college discussed "Extra territoriality in Turkey." Dr. Fred Sheppard of Antab, Turkey, recalled first-hand "Personal experience in Turkish lands, Turkey and relief work."

"The physical environment as a factor in the present condition of Turkey," was considered in a paper by Dr. Elizabeth Huntington of Yale.

was discussed by Dr. Edward Grosvenor of Amherst college. "Austria's acquisition of Bosnia and Herzegovina and her release of the Sanjak of Novi bazars" was the subject of an address by Prof. Herman Schofield of George Washington university, and Dr. Morris H. Turk spoke of "Albania, the land of the eagle people."

BAPTIST ASSOCIATION

MILFORD, N. H., Oct. 5.—The morning session of the 55th annual convention of the New Hampshire Baptist association in session at the First Baptist church here were filled today with interesting reports showing the progress of the various churches of the state during the year past. The various state officers and minor committee appointments were made.

A DISASTROUS FIRE

NORTH SYDNEY, N. S., Oct. 5.—The most disastrous fire that North Sydney has experienced in some time broke out today and destroyed two buildings causing a loss of \$30,000. The firms occupying the burned buildings were: McKenzie & Hickey, general men's furnisheers; F. H. Rudderham, druggist; Allen and Dewolf, wholesale grocers, and the Canadian Express Co.'s office. The loss is about half covered by insurance.

GRAND CEREMONY

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Three cardinals, the most notable company of prelates of exalted rank ever assembled in this country, among them sixty bishops, together with a host of lesser church dignitaries, participated in the ceremonies attendant upon the consecration of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic cathedral here today.

Outside the cathedral was surrounded by tall flagstaffs placed every few feet on three sides, the Stars and Stripes and the papal flag alternating on them, while over the doors were papal shields. Laurel and autumn leaves were conspicuous in the interior adornment of the massive edifice on Fifth avenue. The ceremonies began by Archbishop Farley and his attendants in procession around the edifice blessing the walls. The following ceremony consisted in the anointing of twelve crosses on the inner wall with the form: "Sanctificetur consecratur hoc templum."

Vast crowds surrounded the cathedral for blocks while the ceremony, perhaps the most impressive ever witnessed in the history of Catholicism in America, was in progress.

A pontifical high mass at 11 o'clock, celebrated by Cardinal Gibbons, and pontifical vespers at 8 o'clock, at which Mgr. Palermo, the apostolic delegate will be the celebrant, were other notable parts of the day's ceremonies.

Loafing is poor business. If you are out of work seek employment through THE SUN want column. It's cheaper than shoe leather. Try it.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF Household Furnishings AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED Crescent Range PETER DAVEY, 134 Market Street Furniture Dealer Undertaker Funeral Director Telephone Connection 79-2

GRACE'S FUTURITY

Colorado E. Defeated in the Kentucky Races

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 5.—Grace, the beautiful daughter of Peter the Great and Orianna, yesterday afternoon accomplished a task that her sister, Coacervina, so splendidly attempted a year ago, that of placing her name on the honor roll of the Kentucky futurity.

Colorado E, 2.05 3-4, holder of the record for 3 year old trotters, was forced to bow before this grand racing miss from Cleveland. The champion went down to defeat with colors flying and last night had more admirers because of the race he trotted than his wonderful speed flights have ever made for him.

Not in the 18 years that the futurity has had a place on the Lexington program has there been a more pleasing contest for the large crowd which gathered to see the famous event.

The race yesterday was fast, and even the most outspoken decliners of the three-in-five system admit it was a credit to the sport. The time, 2.03 1/4, 2.03, 2.10, 2.09 1/4, may seem a trifle slow, but the wind was blowing a gale, so that 2.03 pacers could not touch 2.04.

Grace fairly outpaced the Denver speed marvel, but many friends of Colorado E say that Macey handled his prize pupil poorly. No one, however, says the great colt was not himself, so to the daughter of Peter the Great belongs all the glory that justly goes to the conqueror of a champion.

The race was a happy disappointment, as it was figured that Colorado E and Native Belle would race themselves to death. The Moko filly, who 12 months ago in the junior division of the futurity trotted in 2.07 1/4 and made a show of Colorado E, was not a dangerous factor. In two heats she broke

and in the other two died away on a trot.

Race in Detail

Colorado E took the first heat as he has won all his others this season, by rushing off in front and finishing with something to spare. Macey was in trouble early in the second heat, for going into the turn his colt shifted to a pace and before he could get him squared away he and Native Belle, who had made a break, were behind their field.

Up the back stretch these speed wonders flew, marching the middle half in 1.01 in trying to overhaul Emily Ellen. But the advantage of the Tod filly was too great, her rivals falling short in the drive at the finish.

The next trip Macey made no effort to carry his colt around the turn, fast but when out of it he turned Colorado E loose and a quarter in 30 seconds killed off Emily Ellen. The followers of the Denver youngster were all smiles, as they looked for a repetition of the first heat.

Swinging into the stretch the white face of Grace was seen at Macey's side. At the drawgate the chestnut filly was at the colt's saddle, and under a hard drive outtropped him to the wire, winning by a head in 2.05, the fastest heat of the race.

Sue D set the pace for half a mile in the fourth heat; then Colorado E moved to the front again, being forced into second place by the rush of Grace through the stretch.

The fifth heat was much the same, except that Colorado E took the lead earlier in the mile. McDevitt waited until headed for home before making his drive.

CONVERTING ASSETS INTO CASH

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Bank Commissioner Chapin is fast converting the assets of the Greenfield Savings bank into cash so that the bank may resume business. Judge Rugg of the supreme judicial court today authorized the sale to Edwin Moore for \$35,000 of the Berkshire hotel in North Adams and to Clinton Larrabee a tract of land at North Adams on the same account.

NO FEAR OF EPIDEMIC

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—There need not be the slightest fear over the possibility of a cholera epidemic because of a death from cholera at sea on board the steamship Sant Anna, which came into port yesterday and is now held in quarantine. This was the statement made today by the quarantine officials. The cholera victim on the Sant Anna was a steerage passenger.

The 1072 steerage passengers on the Sant Anna were removed to Hoffman island today while two suspicious cases on board have been transferred to Swinburne island hospital. The Moltke, from Naples and Genoa and the Virginia, from Naples, are detained at quarantine. A suspicious case among the Moltke's steerage passengers was removed to Swinburne island. The patient is said to be very ill.

A "suspicious case" removed from the steamship Germania on Sept. 26 proved to be, according to Health Officer Doty, a cholera case. The patient subsequently died.

AMOSKEAG DIRECTORS CHOSEN

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 5.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co., held at noon today, the board of directors was chosen as follows:

T. Jefferson Coolidge, George A. Gardner, Charles W. Amory, George Von L. Meyer, George Wigglesworth, Frederick Dumaine, Frank P. Carpenter, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., T. Parsons.

The reports were accepted and E. L. Homer, E. W. Parker Straw and Edwin F. Jones were elected a committee on accounts. The report of the treasurer, Frederick C. Dumaine, showed the finances of the concern to be in excellent condition.

GIVEN TEN YEARS

Indian Guilty of Trying to Wreck Train

HOUILTON, Me., Oct. 5.—In addition to the sentences by Judge Bird in the supreme court yesterday William Gabriel, a Passamaquoddy Indian, received the heaviest sentence of the term 10 years in state prison. Gabriel was convicted of attempting to wreck a Bangor & Aroostook train by placing ties on the track.

Harry Ward of Mars Hill, convicted of forgery, got 18 months in state prison.

BASEBALL AT BROWN

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 5.—With several of its best players on the sidelines because of injuries, Brown university was prepared to line up against Rhode Island State college on Andrews field this afternoon with an entire substitute back field and several new men on the line. For all of this and the fact that the men from the state college have a victory over Tufts and a tie with the Massachusetts Aggies under their belts the Brown men were satisfied with their knowledge of the new rules and a few trick plays would bring a decisive victory to their camp on college hill.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

NORTH ADAMS, Oct. 5.—Convention business and the discussion of Sunday school methods occupied the delegates to the 21st annual meeting of the Massachusetts Sunday School association today. President Augustus R. Smith of Lee presided.

The forenoon was given over to addresses by Rev. E. S. Winchester of Boston on "The Bible, Your Text Book," Rev. Vincent Ravi of Cambridge and Rev. H. A. Durfee of Vermont on "Some Possibilities in Rural Places" and by Rev. Burt Leon York of West Medford on "Foundations for an Effective Sunday School Session."

The treasurer, Rev. W. H. Bryant of Boston read his annual report and General Secretary Hamilton Conant made his annual survey of the field.

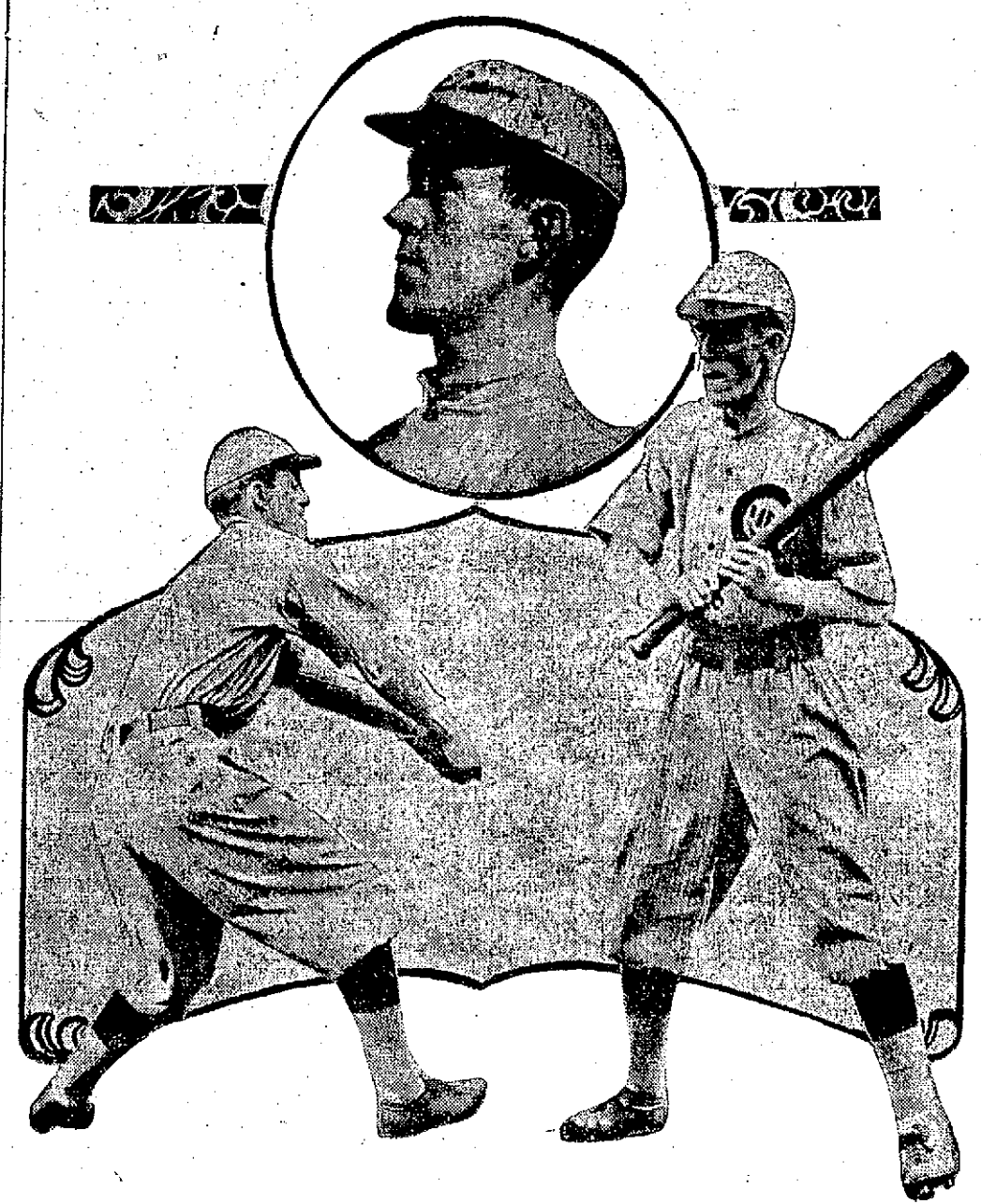
BETSY ROSS CIRCLE

The regular meeting of Betsy Ross circle, No. 24, Ladies of the G. A. R., was held last evening. Reports of a recent rummage sale were read and adopted, and arrangements were made for the observance of the circle's anniversary, on the 18th of October. A supper was served.

THREE TENEMENTS for sale, good location, two 5-room and one 3-room tenement with bath, renting for \$24 month. Price \$2100. Modern 6-room cottage, steam heat, open plumbing, price \$1600. Knapp & Hunt, 60 Central block.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THREE VIEWS OF JOHNNY EVERS, THE CHICAGO CUBS' GREAT STAR



CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Despite the fact that Johnny Evers, the Cubs' great second baseman, will not be able to play in the coming series with Philadelphia for the world's honors, many experts here are still sure that Chance's baseball machine will carry off the honors. While the injury to Evers was a terrible blow to the Cubs, they figure that the team received similar blows all-year and yet managed to play great ball. They point to the fact that Zimmerman, who has succeeded Evers at station No. 2, is putting up a grand game and batting hard. In a recent game in Cincinnati

he performed a feat that never has been equaled in the league park grounds. He knicked two balls over the left field fence for home runs. Previous to this there had never been a ball put over the fence during a game on the Cincinnati grounds. There were several such hits before the present grounds were reconstructed. Zimmerman scored all three runs secured by the Cubs. While it must be conceded that Zimmerman is filling Evers' shoes as well as anyone could, still the latter's services will be missed in the coming series. Evers is one of the grandest players the national pastime

HENRY STIMSON

Accepts Nomination for Governor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—In accepting the republican nomination for governor of New York yesterday, Mr. Stimson said, in part:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the notification committee: "With a high appreciation of the honor conferred by the convention, and with a profound sense of the responsibility assumed, I accept the nomination for governor.

"I am deeply impressed with the importance of the mission of the republican party as a leader in progress. As our governments, state and national, confront the successive problems which are raised by the great industrial and social changes of our country, the welfare of the people and the security of their material interests will be found to depend in very large measure upon whether or not the leadership in such changes is taken by the republican party. The giant growth of our commerce and our industries, the absorption of our free land, the gradual change of the American nation from a farming people to one largely living in cities with needs far more diversified than those of their fathers, have made and are making necessary a constant growth in our system of laws and in their administration. If the intelligent and prosperous business men of the country continue to participate in this movement, the necessary changes will be wise, constructive and permanent. Should they, on the contrary, go into opposition, the necessary reform would still undoubtedly come eventually; but they would come less wisely and conservatively, and with far more likelihood of disturbance to business and to the public."

Mr. Stimson then entered upon a criticism of Tammany hall, and continued:

"I pledge myself, if elected, to the principles of constitutional progress which I have outlined, and to a vigorous continuance and development of these policies of Governor Hughes."

Turning to the question of direct nominations, Mr. Stimson said:

"The issue upon which the attention of the state during the past two years has been most closely concentrated has been that of direct nominations. We all recognize and reprobate the evil at which this remedy is aimed. Our number of elective offices is so large, and the consequent political machinery involved in nominations so complex, that the average citizen leaves such matters to the control of more or less professional leaders or bosses. Upon the circumstances, it is easier for the compact special interests to make their influence felt, than for the unorganized public at large. Out of these difficulties arises frequently that corrupt combination of dishonest business and venal politics which is such a serious menace to our modern political life."

"It is against this evil that the system of direct nominations is aimed. Its purpose is to bring the candidate into more direct relations with the electors; in this way to perfect and insure true representative government, and to eliminate the boss and the convention with their opportunities for professionalism and corruption. It may be that the evil cannot be entirely cured until we simplify our elections by diminishing the number of elective offices and concentrating more responsibility upon those whom we do elect, and in my judgment one of the great political reforms of the future lies along the lines of the so-called 'Short Ballot' system. That reform, however, rests in the future. It requires much

when challenged have received the approval of the courts. The public service law, with its amendments, including the effective control of gas and electric light companies; laws making more effective the supervision of insurance and banking; the pure food and inspection law; acts requiring sanitary conditions in factories, safeguarding the employees and limiting the hours of employment for minors; the act strengthening the semi-monthly payroll, and regulating employment agencies; the recent act providing for the regulation of telegraph and telephone companies; and, finally, and of great importance, the act establishing in New York for the first time in the Union the principle of compulsory compensation for industrial accidents, and correcting much of the gross injustice of our negligence law.

"Such is the record of our party as a progressive party. Legitimate business has nothing to fear from such a program. Such progress in the past has never been inconsistent with permanent prosperity. On the contrary, it is an insurance against ultimate disaster."

Mr. Stimson then entered upon a criticism of Tammany hall, and continued:

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Turning to the question of direct nominations, Mr. Stimson said:

public discussion and constitutional amendment for its adoption. The system of direct nominations requires no such delay. The platforms of both parties contain declarations in its favor. Under such circumstances the records of the two parties furnish the best guide to the elector as to the sincerity of their professions. It is to the republican party that all of the statutes now upon the statute books safeguarding the present conduct of primary elections are due. . . . In the last legislature a majority of the republicans in both houses voted in favor of this legislation, and it was defeated through the action of a majority of the democrats in both houses. At the republican convention at Saratoga, after a full and open debate upon the question, our party pledged itself definitely to the enactment of the principle into law. . . . I undertake, if elected, to use the constitutional powers of my office to that end."

FUNERAL NOTICES

BURNS.—Died Oct. 4th, in this city, Mrs. Kezia Burns, aged 74 years at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary J. Downes, 11 Hazeltine street. Private funeral services will be held at 11 Hazeltine street, Thursday, after noon at 2 o'clock. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

PEPIN.—In Chelmsford Centre, Oct. 4, Mrs. Ann M. Pepin, aged 77 years, 3 months, 10 days. Funeral services will be held from the residence, Thursday, Oct. 6, at 2 p. m. Friends invited. Under direction of Undertaker Perham, Chelmsford Centre.

MCGURN.—The funeral of Thomas McGurn will take place from his late home, 660 Gorham street, at 8.30 o'clock Friday morning. Funeral mass at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. John J. O'Connell, undertaker.

O'NEIL.—The funeral of Raymond O'Neil will take place Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, 61 Claire street. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. C. H. Molloy & Sons in charge.

BOSCA.—The funeral of the late Joseph Bosca will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from his home, 31 Cross street, and at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

QUINN.—The funeral of the late Mary C. Quinn will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from her home, 11 Salem street and at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

ANGELO.—The funeral of the late Michael Angelo will take place Friday morning at 8.15 o'clock from his late home, No. 4 Dalton place, off West Third street, and there will be a high mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

TEWKSBURY INMATES

Were Arraigned Before Judge Hadley This Morning

There were quite a few offenders before Judge Hadley this morning for taking a long walk from the state infirmary in Tewksbury, and they were sent back to the institution. It seems that they walked out the other day and thought they could get work, and then they turned right round again, and walked back, but they could not be received until there was a second permit from Judge Hadley and they were escorted to the station by Constable Gately of Lowell and Constable Farmer of Tewksbury. They all pleaded guilty, and gave the following names: John Connelly, Daniel Finnegan, Patrick Farwick, Joseph Sullivan, William Brown, Thomas Anderson, Thomas Henry, Patrick Lyons and Frank J. McGlunchoy.

Thomas F. Murray was in on the charge of a fourth offence of drunkenness, and as it was his 4th appearance before the court he was sentenced to five months in jail.

John O'Connor came up from Quincy Prison, and now he will not go back

again for some little time to come, as he will reside elsewhere for a few months. Frank E. Austin, a parole man, was sent back to the state farm, and Jos. J. Redmond and Thomas Breen were fined \$5. Charles J. Burns will spend the next few months in the Lowell jail. Mary Lamarche was charged with being drunk and assaulting one of her neighbors, by pulling her hair and bumping her head and otherwise injuring the complainant. She pleaded not guilty, but the court found her guilty upon both charges, and she was sentenced to two months on the charge of drunkenness and three months for assault and battery.

Edward O'Connor and George Bray, for illegally keeping open on Sunday and transacting an unlawful business, were adjudged guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$5 each.

There were four \$2 drunks, and two released by the probation officer.

CALLED A DRAW

Moran and Moore Went 12 Rounds

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—It is unsettled, as far as decisions go, as to who is the better boxer, Owen Moran of England or Pal Moore of Philadelphia. Their 12-round contest at the Armory A. A. last night was declared a draw by Referee Charley White of New York.

While Moran did not show the snap or put up so good an article of boxing as he did in previous bouts here, the contest was a fast and clever one.

To some it looked as if Moran should have got the award, and there were others as positive that Moore won the contest, but the greater number regarded the decision as a fair one.

The boxers were in good shape. Moran had some advantage in weight and reach, on the little Englishman. The latter, instead of boxing in all the time, undertook to outbox Moore, but the Quaker, with his long reach, showed better at times than did Moran.

About all the forcing was done by Moran, for Moore had planned to let the Britisher bring the work to him, which would help him to do some good countering. He did so.

A couple of times Moore was cautioned about hitting low, but none of the blows he did plant below the mark had any bad effect on Moran.

Moran did some fine feinting and both were clever at blocking and got away well in avoiding blows. There were a number of lively exchanges in which the boxers landed with both hands on face and body, and during this rapid work the members were much enthused.

Moore's long reach bothered Moran considerably, and often he had to jump in with his punch in order to land on the face. Moore never varied from his plan, so there was not the whitest flash that there was in his previous bouts in this city.

Moran was much displeased at the referee's decision. The preliminaries were about the most rugged seen at the club for a long time and excited the members more than did the feature bout. It was a bad night for Uncle Sam's Jackies, three of whom were in the preliminaries.

In the first bout Young Jasper, who was substituted for Jim Rocco, stopped J. Broderick, one of the navy cracker, in five rounds.

In the second bout Dick Howell of Nova Scotia was given the decision over W. Rector of the navy at the end of six rounds. It was a great bout, a veritable slugfest.

Joe Geary of Roxbury surprised the members by his work against Bill Nash of the navy in the other bout. He showed more stamina than ever before and though at times he looked like a loser he evened up the score before the six rounds were over and the bout was called a draw.

The program for next Tuesday night's meeting includes six-round bouts between Mark Conley of South Boston and Mike McIntyre of St. John, Young Nadeau of Whitman and Joe White of South Boston and Al Limerick of Haverhill and John Gallant, the national amateur 115-pound champion. The feature bout of 12 rounds will be between Tommy Quill of Brockton and Leo Houck of Lancaster, Pa.

LATER CAR SERVICE

The Boston & Lexington line has introduced a late car service between here and Boston, which will be greatly appreciated by those people who have occasion to visit the local theatres.

A through car from Merrimack square to the elevated station at Sullivan square, Charlestown, leaves every night now at 11.15 o'clock, arriving at the Boston terminal two hours later. This car was put on especially to accommodate theatre patrons living outside the city.

A car formerly went through as far as Arlington Heights, where a long wait was necessary before it was possible to continue to Boston proper. This has been obviated by the new arrangement, which will provide comparatively quick service to Boston.

COLUMBUS DAY WILL BE OBSERVED IN THIRTEEN STATES



both branches of its legislature passed a resolution "setting aside the 12th day of October each year as a public holiday, to be known as Columbus day." The governor, who was heartily in favor of the measure, signed it immediately, and the bill became a law. Other states that have made Columbus day a legal holiday are California, Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania. It will doubtless surprise many to know that there are no less than twenty-nine statues and monuments to Columbus in America. There are six in Spain and seven in Italy. What is believed to be the first Columbus, an organization of Catholics laymen, that so many states have enacted laws giving the people a holiday. It was Colorado that took the lead in the matter. On April 1, 1907, at Washington.

SUED FOR \$50,000

Breach of Promise is Alleged Against Famous Professor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dr. Harry Thurston Peck, one of the foremost Latin scholars in the world, who was named as defendant in a \$50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Miss Esther Quinn of Boston, was dismissed as anthon professor of Latin language and literature by the trustees of Columbia university yesterday.

The dismissal grew directly out of Miss Quinn's suit and subsequent developments, which involved Dr. Peck in controversy with Pres. Butler of the university.

Although the resolution of the trustees terminates Dr. Peck's connection with the university "forthwith," his counsel announced last night that he would not relinquish his position without a legal fight. In consideration of his long service the board voted him a lump sum equivalent to his salary, \$50,000, for the current academic year.

Immediately upon being notified of the trustees' action, Dr. Peck sent the following letter in part as follows:

"I regard this action on your part as illegal and in violation of my contract

with Columbia university. Inasmuch as you are acting in violation of the letter and spirit of the university charter and of my agreement with this institution I insist on your carrying out your contract with me and that you respect my contractual relations with the university."

Dr. Peck had no written contract or agreement with the university. His counsel said last night:

"There is a provision in the charter of 1775 that no professor shall be discharged except upon the filing or bringing of written charges against him. There was no charge brought against Dr. Peck."

"Dr. Peck is not an employee of the university; he is an officer in the true sense of the word, and I shall take steps to protect him in that capacity."

"There is nothing that I can say regarding today's developments," Dr. Peck said last night. "This matter is too serious now to be made a topic of idle conversation. It is getting down to brass tacks."

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING	Won	Lost	P. C.
Chicago	37	48	.432
New York	39	46	.461
Pittsburgh	36	52	.405
Philadelphia	35	53	.398
Cincinnati	34	54	.388
Brooklyn	32	56	.364
St. Louis	30	58	.341
Boston	29	59	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING	Won	Lost	P. C.
Philadelphia	36	46	.438
New York	34	48	.415
Detroit	33	49	.402
Boston	30	52	.366
Cleveland	28	54	.341
Washington	26	56	.316
Chicago	25	57	.303
St. Louis	24	58	.291

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS
At Boston—New York 17, Boston 9.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 3, Pittsburgh 1.
At Cincinnati—Chicago 3, Cincinnati 2.
(Called end of fifth, rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, Boston 1.
At New York—New York 8, Washington 5.
At Detroit—Cleveland-Detroit game postponed rain. Two games tomorrow.

GAMES TODAY
American—Boston at Washington, New York at Philadelphia, Cleveland at Detroit.
National—Pittsburgh at St. Louis.

DIAMOND NOTES
The remarkable pitching of Russell Ford, the Highlanders' star, has been the topic of much conversation in the city. He is not wholly due to the use of a splitter, although many players and critics seem to think that Ford

depends exclusively upon a moist delivery. Superstitious persons have even made themselves believe that the young New York pitcher possesses supernatural powers and is a sort of juggler. Players that have been fooled by him have been heard to say that they do not know what kind of balls Ford shoots up to them and that his curves are different from any they have ever seen before.

There is no doubt that Ford has mastered the spit ball with unusual results, that he can make the ball "break" either to the right or to the left at will and that he has perfected the scientific use of this so-called mystery ball to a degree that might be called black art. But it is also true that Ford is a great pitcher of natural ability without the use of the damp fling. In the first place he is a powerfully built young man, with broad shoulders, deep chest, strong arms and steady underpinning. Then again, he is a cool headed, careful student, with clear eyesight and wonderful control. It is this control that is one of the secrets of his success. Coupled with it is confidence in himself, great speed and quick curves, together with a beautiful slow ball. Not afraid to shoot the ball over the plate, or rather the corners of it, Ford necessarily must have a constant advantage over the batsmen who cannot afford to play the usual waiting game.

Combining these natural qualities with the mysteries of the spit ball, Ford may be regarded as a freak. There isn't a thing about scientific pitching he doesn't know, and he never fails to take advantage of every point. He is never careless, never pitches a ball without a purpose and has a head filled with gray matter. Ford knows how to save his strength. He has an

Stop Women And Consider

This Fact—that in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers twenty-five years.

The present Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, was for years under her direction, and has ever since her decease continued to advise women.

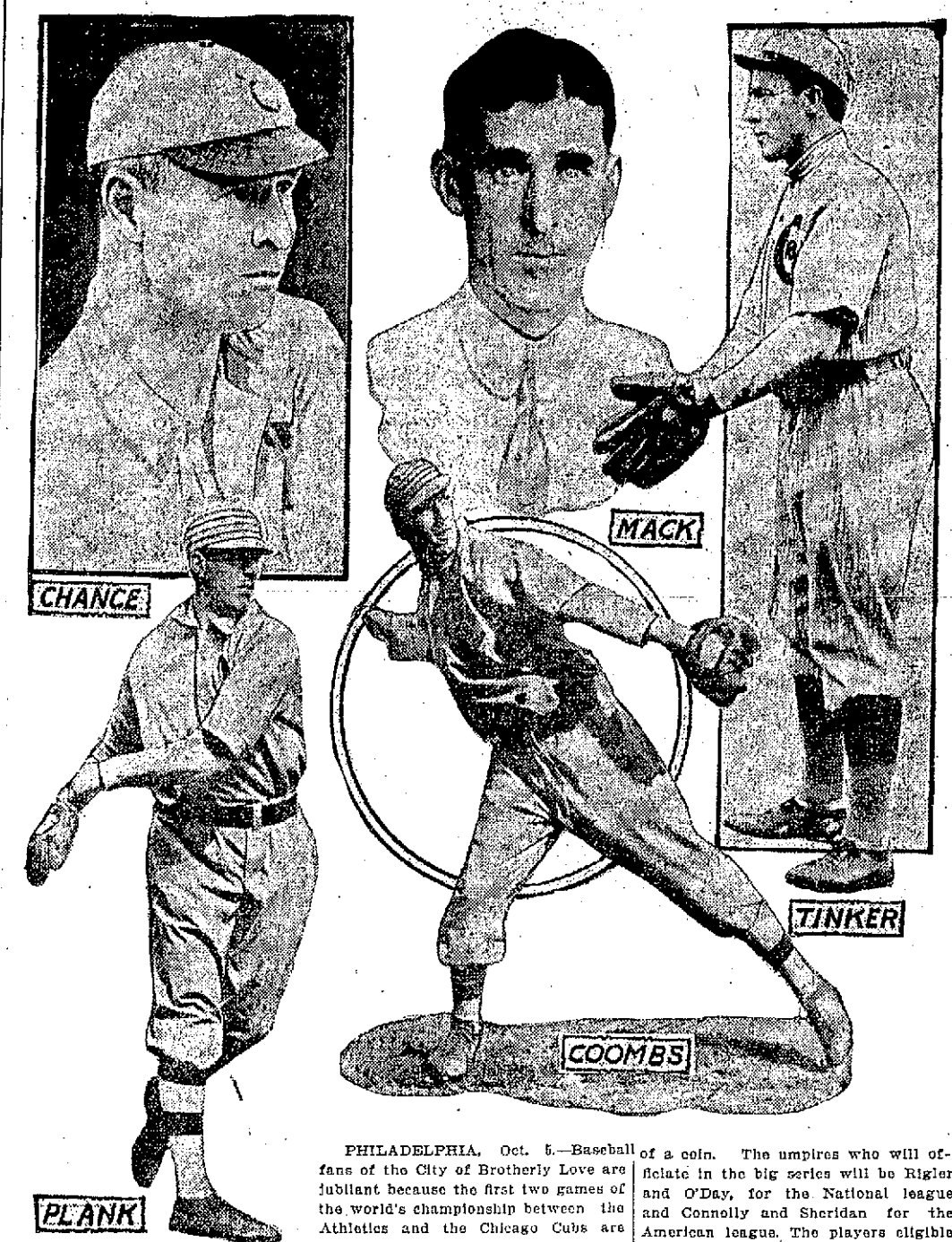
Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty causes them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. Such questioning and examination is unnecessary. Without cost you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING INVITATION:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

BASEBALL FANS AWAIT CALL OF TIME IN WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES



PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5.—Baseball fans of the City of Brotherly Love are jubilant because the first two games of the world's championship between the Athletics and the Chicago Cubs are to be played at home. This was decided at a meeting of the national commission at Cincinnati, and from now until Oct. 17, when the first game is called, all will be expectancy in the camp of the local fans. The series will be played off in the following manner: First game, Monday, Oct. 17, at Philadelphia; second game, Tuesday, Oct. 18, at Philadelphia; Wednesday, Oct. 19, train trip from Philadelphia to Chicago; third game, Thursday, Oct. 20, at Chicago; fourth game, Friday, Oct. 21, at Chicago. If other games are required to settle the supremacy a fifth game will be played Saturday, Oct. 22, after a hurried run in a special train from Chicago to Philadelphia, and in case another game is required another hurry run in a special train will be made from Philadelphia to Chicago in time to play the sixth game on Sunday, Oct. 23. If the series should not be settled by this time the pace of playing the seventh game will be determined by the toss of a coin. The umpires who will officiate in the big series will be Rigler and O'Day, for the National league and Connolly and Sheridan for the American league. The players eligible to take part in the series are: Chicago National league club—Archer, Beaumont, Brown, Cole, Chance, Evers, Foxen, Hofman, Kilgus, Kane, McIntyre, Needham, Overall, Pfeffer, Pfeister, Richie, Reulbach, Sheppard, Steinfield, Schulte, Tinker, Weaver, Zimmerman; Philadelphia American league club—Atkins, Bender, Barry, Baker, Coombs, Collins, Denohue, Dygert, Davis, Derrick, Houser, Kartel, Krause, Lapp, Livingston, Lord, Morgan, Murphy, McInnis, Oldring, Plank, Thomas, Strunk. The scorers selected by the national commission are Francis Richter of Philadelphia and Taylor Spink of St. Louis. John Heydler, secretary to President Lynch of the National league, and Robert McCoy, secretary to President Johnson of the American league, have been selected business managers of the series. Reserved seat prices were fixed at from \$1 to \$3, while the price for general admission will be 50 cents.

with Sweeney, Blair, Mitchell and young Joe Walsh in harness the Hill-men will be well fixed for backstops next year. Walsh is a most promising youngster, who will get the necessary experience in due time. He is practicing daily at the Hilltop.

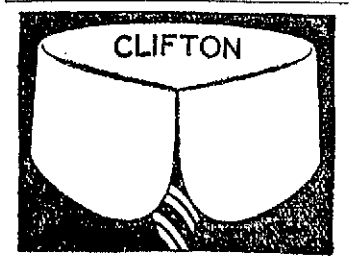
JAIL SENTENCE

WHISKEY FOUND IN WAGON DRIVEN BY WOMAN

GARDINER, Me., Oct. 5.—Joseph Dyer and Charles Bailey of Litchfield were fined \$100 and given 60 days in jail, and in default of payment 60 days additional, on a charge of the illegal possession of liquor yesterday, and both were further bound over to the county jail on a charge of cruelty to animals.

The two men were seen driving a horse that moved slowly and seemed weak. A wagon driven by Mrs. Nellie R. Fogg, aged 18, daughter of Dyer, followed. City Marshal Wakefield and Officer Blaisdell followed them, and in the wagon driven by the young woman 37 pints of whiskey were found.

Ideal Food Cutters only 95c at The Thompson Hardware Co.



CLIFTON, 2 1/2 in. high BEDFORD, 2 1/2 in. high
The New ARROW Notch COLLARS
Sit snugly to the neck, the tops meet in front and there is ample space for the cravat.
Mfg. for Mr. Clifton, Peabody & Co., Makers

SENATOR HIBBARD

Given Unanimous Renomination in the Eighth District

The eighth senatorial district republicans held a convention yesterday in the republican headquarters and formally nominated Hon. Joseph H. Hibbard for senator. The nomination address was made by Rep. George H. Stevens of Dracut, who served with Mr. Hibbard at the state house.

Mr. Stevens paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Hibbard for the work he has done as senator, particularly for the eighth senatorial district.

William W. Duncan, city solicitor, and member of the state republican committee called to order and Mr. Wallace T. Butterfield, of Tyngsboro, was chosen temporary chairman.

Mr. Whipple, of Pepperell, was nominated secretary. Mr. Whipple declined to serve and Mr. Erson B. Barlow of Lowell was chosen.

After a committee on credentials had performed its work the vote showed Mr. Hibbard to be the unanimous choice of the convention.

In accepting the nomination Sen. Hibbard made the following brief but pointed address:

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the senatorial convention: Again I stand before you, my heart filled with gratitude, to accept another nomination at your hands, prouder and more grateful than ever if I may say so by reason of the fact that, though seeking a fourth nomination with two worthy candidates in the field against me, the voters of this city and district have named me by a preponderance of votes that leaves no uncertainty behind as to whom they desired to represent them.

SUPERIOR COURT

Continued
Harry W. J. Howe Cross-examined
Harry W. J. Howe on the stand in the latter part of yesterday afternoon's session, testified under cross examination as follows:
"The mayor told you on January 28 that he wanted Courtney removed and Dacey appointed?"
"Yes, there was no doubt about that."

"Did you vote for Mr. Courtney's removal?"
"I did."
"Who was there?"
"The reporters, and the mayor was there earlier in the evening."
"Did you ask you to vote for Mayberry?"
"He expressed that desire."
"And that's why you voted for him?"
"Partly."
"Why didn't you vote for Dacey?"
"His name was not proposed at that time."
"What caused you to make that August investigation?"
"Complaints I had heard from inmates and from outsiders. Previously I complained to Mr. Mayberry about the tea and butter."

"What specific objection had you to the tea?"
"It was insufficient and not of sufficient variety. At supper and breakfast bread was the principal article of food. I complained of those meals. There wasn't enough meat at dinner. I didn't see any vegetables."
"Between March and April and August did you find anything to complain of relative to insufficient clothing?"
"Only from report."
"Did you carry your complaints to the mayor?"
"Yes, I spoke to him from time to time."
"Did you speak to any of the members about them?"
"I did at a meeting in April."
"As a matter of fact you didn't mention these complaints until October?"
"I have the impression that I spoke to Mr. Brady and to Mr. Drapeau prior to August."
"Were any of the members of the board in town from July to October?"
"I think so."
"But you didn't complain to them?"
"I did not."
"You made a complaint to the mayor, that the sick should have butter on their toast?"
"I did and he said he would speak to Mr. Mayberry."
"How long afterward did you find a change in the butter?"
"From two to four weeks."
"How many meals did you have at the institution with the inmates?"
"Two, I think. I've taken tea there."
"Did you make any complaint after August?"
"I don't remember."
"Did you find an improvement in the tea after your complaint?"
"Not much."
"Well, it tasted like tea in October didn't it?"
"Well yes."
"What was the trouble with the molasses?"
"It was sickening. It's impossible to describe it. The taste was offensive."

Also Was Rancid
"What was the trouble with the oleo?"
"It was rancid."
"Who wrote that report that you presented to the charity board?"
"I wrote it myself."
"How long did it take you?"
"Two or three evenings."
"All you know about this pound of tea to 60 gallons of water is what you have been told?"
"Told by the man in charge of making it."
"And you say the mayor asked you to keep quiet that you had found quiet?"
"Practically that."
"Did you ever state that the mayor was behind you in these charges?"
"I don't believe I ever told anyone but he did say he would back me up."
"How did he come to say that?"

Would Fire Mayberry
"I don't know. He said it and he said he was going to fire Mayberry because he was too small a man for the place."
"Did you complain to the state board of health?"
"No, it wasn't necessary. The responsibility was with our board and the mayor."

7-20-4
10c Cigar
Factory's output now upwards of half-million weekly. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the world.
Factory, Manchester, N. H.
Bright, Sears & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
SECOND FLOOR

MAYOR GAYNOR

Sends Apology for Action Taken by Acting Mayor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—It became known last night that John Purroy Mitchell, as acting mayor of New York, caused official complaint to be made that the U. S. army building and the appraisers stores in this city were being "conducted as gambling houses."

Mayor Gaynor took action in the matter last night in the form of a letter of apology in reply to a sharp letter of protest received from Lieut. Col. M. Gray Zallinski, deputy quartermaster. The mayor said:

"I am in receipt of your communication showing that the police commissioner, acting under the direct order of acting Mayor Mitchell, served notice on you in your official capacity that the U. S. army building was being conducted as a gambling house, and calling on me for any evidence there may be to substantiate that statement. I beg to say that there is not such evidence and to express my deep regret that such an insulting notice should have been served on a U. S. government official. May I say also that I equally regret the similar occurrence

in the case of the U. S. appraisers' stores building."

Besides the foregoing letter there are other indications that the mayor is not altogether pleased with the methods pursued by Mr. Mitchell as acting mayor. The letter openly condemned the vice and gambling in the city and recommended the removal of Police Commissioner Baker. While Mayor Gaynor has given no hint of what he will do with the police, he said in an interview last evening that he is not in sympathy with "smirching the city's name."

"I did not ask for Mr. Mitchell's report," he said, "and have not had time to read it. The least said is soonest mended. Let me hope this city, as orderly a city as there is in the world, will never be held up by any persons or newspapers as the mere refuge and home of unfortunate women and gamblers. Let us all proceed, without scandalizing the city, to minimize these vices which, like all other vices, will always exist."

Needless of danger, the mayor resumed his old custom of walking across the Brooklyn bridge yesterday.

TRIED TO ESCAPE DUNNIGAN WINS

Joseph Lepine Breaks No. Chelmsford School Away From Jail House Row Settled

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 5.—A dash for liberty was made yesterday by Joseph Lepine of this city, under arrest at the sheriff's office in the county court house, in care of Deputy Sheriff A. A. Leonard of Wallingford, being held on a charge of breach of the peace. Lepine, who last year was a special officer, is charged with insulting Miss Ethel Brown, a waitress in one of the local hotels, while she was out walking with a man Saturday night.

While waiting for the arrival of the justice Lepine went to the door of the sheriff's office to talk with his mother, and it was from here that he made his escape. He ran over Court street and was stopped for a minute by William Tuttle, who gave chase, but he again broke away and was finally captured in Prospect street. He spent the night in the county jail.

FAMILY ESCAPED

A Newburyport Home Destroyed by Fire

NEWBURYPORT, Oct. 5.—The home of Richard Everett, 10 Spofford street, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and Mr. Spofford, his wife and three children had a narrow escape from being burned with it. The fire apparently started in the kitchen from an overheated stove.

The firemen had a long run to reach the building, some of them going three miles, and when they arrived the house was afire from top to bottom. Neighbors assisted the Everett family, which was nearly hemmed in by the fire, to get out. They then tried to save some of the furniture, but got out only a small part of it. The loss is estimated at \$2500, partly covered by insurance.

While on the way to the fire, one of the horses of the fire engine, which had two miles to run to the fire, collapsed while going up a hill.

WANTS \$30,000

Man Enters Suit Against Wife's Family

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Laying alienation of his wife's affections at the door of his aged mother-in-law and his two brothers-in-law, one of whom is a Harvard instructor, George A. Gray, a Charlestown real estate dealer, entered suit yesterday in the East Cambridge court for \$30,000.

The defendants are Mrs. Alice R. Kendall, Arthur J. Kendall, instructor in hygiene at the Harvard Medical school, and Richard F. Kendall, a 16-year-old Somerville high school athlete. They all reside at 338 Broadway, Somerville, where Gray lived with them up to last July.

As was expected the opponents of the new school building on the McNally lot in North Chelmsford had their trouble for naught, for at the sixth special town meeting at which the matter was considered last evening, the town adhered to its former action.

Town Clerk Edward J. Robbins called the meeting to order at 8 o'clock and under article one, J. Adams Bartlett was chosen moderator. Walter McNaney and Fred L. Fletcher were appointed tellers. A motion was made by Frank A. Mallory that the check list be used in voting upon all questions to be determined at the meeting, was carried by a vote of 187 to 118. Before a vote was taken on this question the request was made by James P. Dunnigan that the report of the selectmen relative to illegal voting said to have taken place at a previous special town meeting was replied to by Selectman D. Frank Small in which it was shown that the matter was without foundation.

During the voting all who were not registered voters were consigned to the galleries and the voters held forth in the floor.

A motion to lay article 2 upon the table and take up article 5 was lost, 142 to 58. It required more than half an hour to get the vote on this question.

Article 2, to rescind the action of a previous meeting to borrow the sum of \$17,500 for the purpose of building a four-room school house on the McNally lot at North Chelmsford, then came up. Capt. J. J. Monahan made a motion that the article be dismissed and his plea for a vote for the good of the children and a vindication of the action of the last meeting brought applause. One hundred and twenty-five voted for dismissal and 118 against.

There were several lively fights among the voters that lent spice to the occasion and Messrs. James P. Dunnigan and Frank Mallory were in evidence during the evening.

CHOLERA CASE

Aboard the Liner Sant' Anna

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The steamship Sant' Anna, from French and Italian ports, now detained at quarantine, had a case of cholera aboard. The victim, a man in the steerage, died on Sept. 26 and was buried at sea.

Two other cases of intestinal trouble are under observation. Meanwhile the Sant' Anna, carrying 224 first-cabin passengers, some of them prominent Americans, and 1072 in the steerage, is held as a possible "cholera carrier" pending further investigation.

In addition to the Sant' Anna there has been detained at quarantine the steamship Moltke, from Genoa and Naples, and the steamship Virginia from Naples.

Dr. A. H. Dory, health officer of the port, says that not only cholera patients died aboard the Sant' Anna, but a steamer passenger, a "suspected case," recovered from the steamship Germania, Sept. 26, subsequently died on Swinburne island. Examination indicated that this also was a cholera case.

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

A MOST IMPORTANT SALE

Fine Willow and French Ostrich Plumes

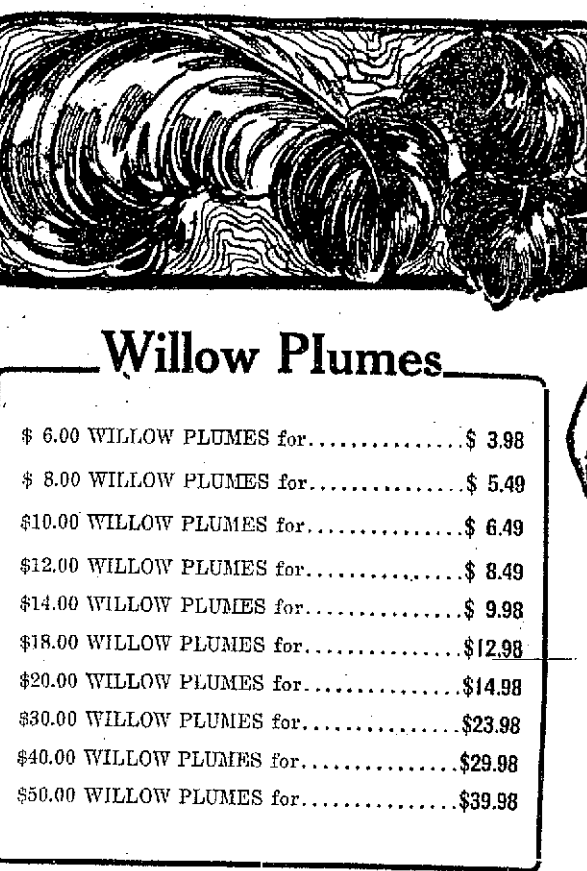
COMMENCING TOMORROW AT 8 O'CLOCK, AT PRICES AVERAGING 1-3 TO 1-2 LESS THAN REGULAR

Every woman in Lowell knows for an assured fact that Ostrich Plumes are "par excellence" the most stylish trimming for millinery this season. With this in mind, we have prepared a most unusual event, and on Thursday morning inaugurate the Biggest Sale of French and Willow Plumes that has ever been known in this city.

\$5000 WORTH OF OSTRICH PLUMES

DIRECT FROM THE LARGEST OSTRICH FARM IN THE WORLD

highest quality—rich, broad, dense and lustrous, are marked for this SPECIAL SALE at just a little over one-half price. THE QUALITY IS GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE. Every plume is of the best selected stock from the male birds, with very firm fibres, broad faces and beautifully curled. Dyed by the famous French process, their glossy, lustrous finish, their softness and beauty will instantly appeal to you. The scales of prices which we give below show the pronounced savings that will be made possible by attending this very unusual sale.



Willow Plumes

\$ 6.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.49
\$10.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 6.49
\$12.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$18.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$12.98
\$20.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$30.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$23.98
\$40.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$29.98
\$50.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$39.98

French Plumes

\$ 2.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.39
\$ 2.50 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.98
\$ 4.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 2.49
\$ 5.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.49
\$ 6.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.49
\$10.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 7.49
\$12.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$16.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$11.98
\$18.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$13.98
\$20.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$25.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$17.98

Sale Opens Thursday—See Special Window Display

SUMMER HOLIDAYS ARE OVER—STORE OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY

O'LEARY'S MATCH

The Veteran Walker Proves His Worth

The St. Louis Republic publishes the following:

"Dan O'Leary, the veteran pedestrian, walked into The Republic office at 8 o'clock last night and stated that he had just won a walking match from Edwardsville to Granite City, Ill. O'Leary, who is now 67 years old, was the six-day hero of thirty years ago. He won six-day races in London, New York, Chicago and San Francisco and was as famous a sporting celebrity in his day as John L. Sullivan or Jim Corbett."

O'Leary is now a traveling salesman. He was en route from Boston to St. Louis when he struck up a conversation with two strangers in the smoking car. The talk drifted to Weston, and his recent feats.

J. C. Donaldson of Boston and Geo. Armstrong of Buffalo were both confident of their ability to "outwalk" any man on the train. Neither had any idea of O'Leary's identity. When Dan showed his bald head and said he was some stepper himself the Buffalo and Boston gens dared him to get off the train and walk to St. Louis. A small wager was made and all three dropped off at Edwardsville.

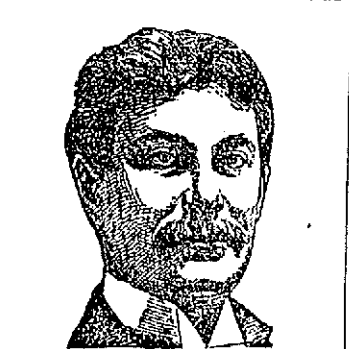
It was agreed that each man should carry his own luggage. Dan had checked his trunk through and had nothing but an overcoat with him. The other two had grips. The trio started from Edwardsville at 9 o'clock, and O'Leary was out by himself when he reached Granite City at 12 o'clock. He waited for Armstrong and Donaldson and helped them on a trolley car, then walked to the Eads bridge entrance on the east side.

"It was nothing but a pleasant little stroll for me," said O'Leary. "I'm feeling fine, eat three square meals a day and no man of my age in the world is enjoying better health. We took the highway from Edwardsville and found the road pretty good. The two men I beat are shoe drummers. They may be able to sell shoes, but they don't know how to shod themselves, for they were complaining of their feet when they reached Granite City."

Don't Pay a Dentist Too Much

Your local dentist will charge you about four times as much as I would—he doesn't do much business, so he must "get it out of you"; besides he does not know how to do it painlessly, and, in nine cases out of ten, he performs operations with old-fashioned instruments, which enable him to do only inferior work. My inventions I control solely, and when anything new comes out I buy it. Remember—my patrons get the latest and best, and for less money.

Best set Teeth \$8, good set \$5, Gold crowns \$5, bridge work \$5, gold fillings \$1 up, other fillings 50c; painless extraction free when sets are ordered.



Dr. Thomas Jefferson King
Dr. King's "Natural Gum" sets of teeth absolutely defy detection.

King Dental Parlors
Over Hall & Lyon's
88 Merrimack St., Lowell
Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 2. French spoken. Lady attendant. Telephone 1374-2.

10,000 TREES

Were Destroyed by Forest Fire

NORTH ABINGTON, Oct. 5.—The forest fire which broke out in the neighborhood of Carey hill in Brockton Sunday afternoon and which it was supposed the firemen of that city had gotten under control, broke out again yesterday and developed large proportions. Both fire companies from this place responded to an alarm and found the fire was sweeping rapidly along toward the West Abington village. A call for volunteers to assist the firemen was responded to by about 50 men.

The fire was sweeping along through the dense woods when the attention of the firemen was called to the danger of a number of the residences on Chestnut and Hancock streets and the firemen were rushed to those points. A stand was made near the old Poole mill and there the path of the flames was diverted.

In the path of the fire was a young grove of 10,000 pines which had been set out some time ago by Edward Holmes and they were all destroyed. The meadows in the vicinity of the ponds in West Abington were all burned over.

FIRST SUPERIOR

Tendered Reception at Sacred Heart School

The Sacred Heart school hall was the scene of a delightful reception last evening when many graduates and former pupils of the school assembled at a reception tendered to Rev. Sister Joseph, of the Sisters of Mary who was the first superior of the school.

Sister Joseph has been enjoying a visit to the scene of her former labors and her former pupils were prompt to honor her.

The exercises were opened with an address of welcome by Rev. James McDermott, O. M. I., a former pupil who later in the evening presented the guest of honor a purse of \$50 in gold on behalf of those present. The program was as follows: Address, Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I.; solo and chorus, "School Days," Mary Doyle and scholars; recitation, selected Margaret Jennings; solo, selected, Mrs. Adelaide A. Muldoon; song and chorus, "Days That Are Gone Seem the Brightest," Misses Doyle, Nolan, Sullivan, Clancy, Lynch, Jennings, Maguire and Linnane; solo, "Ellen Ashore," Frank Maguire; solo, "Where Are the Scouts of Yesterday," Kathleen Jennings; solo, "The Gay Hussars," George Klevin; solo, "Silver Threads Among the Gold,"

TO OPEN UP LAND

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—Thirty thousand acres of land in the Lakeview land district will be thrown open to settlement November 26 and to entry, filing and selection on December 26, 1910. This is a large body of land formerly embraced in the Silver Lake irrigation project which the government has decided to open up for the benefit of the settler. Some of the land is said to be equal to the best grain and agricultural land in the state.

Emphasis is laid by the department on the fact that no one will be allowed to gain rights to the land by settlement previous to November 26.

Now is the time! NOW

To set those broken panes of glass and get ready for winter.

We give putty with each light and the points.

FLOOR BRUSHES AND POLISHES

The Thompson Hardware Co.

254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

Paint Dept.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

THE ANTI-SPITTING LAW

The law against spitting on the streets should be more rigorously enforced. Most people take this law as a joke, and for the simple reason that there is little attempt made to enforce it beyond the mere fact of posting notices that such a law exists.

In one Massachusetts city the police recently undertook to enforce the anti-spitting law, and the method adopted was to stop the person found guilty of violating the law for the first time, take his name and present him a card bearing a copy of the law, and stating the penalty. This was a sufficient warning against the second offence, and it had a good effect.

There are probably five thousand people in this city who do not know such a law exists, and they go about spitting upon the streets and sidewalks with the utmost unconcern. They feel that it is nobody's business where they spit, and the same people spit in churches and public halls because they don't know it is forbidden.

There are probably five thousand more, who fully understand the law and its requirements, but who openly and deliberately violate it.

The rest of the population understand the law, and observe it fairly well. Now a few examples of the right kind would enlighten those who do not know, and would cause those who know but do not care, to change their attitude.

We have in this office a communication from somebody calling attention to the total disregard of the anti-spitting law by the people who line up on the sidewalks in different parts of the city, near the mill gates, and even occasionally at Merrimack square. This occurs usually in the early morning, or at noon, and we believe there is good reason for the charge made by the writer of the communication. A survey of the sidewalks and gutters after the crowds have disappeared will offer ample proof that the anti-spitting law is wholly disregarded.

At a time when the spread of disease through the dissemination of germs is well known it must be understood also that this habit of spitting on the public streets is very dangerous, and for that reason should be stopped. The police alone can stop it by a little vigilance, by cautioning the people to be more careful, or by the arrest of a few people who still wilfully disregard the provisions of the anti-spitting law.

WHERE COMPULSORY ARBITRATION IS NEEDED

The great need of compulsory arbitration of labor disputes is shown in the lockout of 700 mills in Lancashire, England, all because of the action of a single employee backed up by a labor union.

George Howe, an employee of the Fern mill, upon orders from his union, refused to obey his foreman and clean the machinery he operated. He said that this was not a part of his work, and on his refusal he was dismissed. A strike followed and arbitration was sought, but the owners of the Fern mill insisted that work should be first resumed without Howe. The operatives insisted that the mill remain closed pending arbitration of the differences or else that Howe resume with the other men. The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners refused, the unions were equally obdurate and the lockout followed in 700 mills, leaving 200,000 hands idle for an indefinite period.

There is here an example of the absurd extreme to which a slight difference may be carried when either side shows a determination to oppose the other on the slightest provocation. The only remedy in such a case is compulsory arbitration. It is shown that both sides are organized to the teeth, all ready for war, and now they are in an industrial conflict that will entail enormous loss for both sides, loss that might and should be prevented by the prompt decision of an arbitration court.

THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

The Postal Savings banks are not likely to be popular in New England. The ordinary savings bank is good enough and safe enough for all practical purposes, and it has the advantage of using the deposits for the development of the property in the community in which it exists.

Every savings bank in Lowell invests in safe mortgages on local real estate. Thus it advances money at a fair rate of interest, whereas the Postal Savings bank will receive deposits and pay a small rate of interest. It will not invest the deposits in local enterprises, and thus the deposits are simply removed from the community. They may be invested in government bonds, or in London consols, but not in any way that will help the community in which the depositors live. The Postal bank is necessary where there are no others, as in wild places where the ordinary bank would not be safe. But it would be superfluous in any New England state.

THE REWARD SHOULD FETCH THEM

The reward of \$100,000 now offered for the arrest of the authors of the Los Angeles horror should result in their capture. Already the purchase of the dynamite has been traced, but as to the purchasers there seems to be no tangible clue. It is probable that they had mechanism set to work for nearly a day before setting off the dynamite, so that they might have time to get out of the state without detection.

The school board has wisely given its sanction to a proposition to sell all the old schoolhouses that are not used. The Hadley street, the Fayette street and Old Moody school buildings have been abandoned for school purposes except the Old Moody which has been used as an evening school by the city.

We shall be pretty well supplied with theatres in Lowell when the new Keith theatre of Merrimack square shall have been completed. It would be well now for some of our enterprising business men to turn their attention to providing Lowell with at least one first class hotel that would attract attention throughout New England.

SEEN AND HEARD

THE TARIFF

Tariff on soap.
Tariff on rope.
Tariff on sugar and copper.
Tariff on shoes.
Tariff on screws.
Those who must buy come a cropper.
Tariff on brass.
Tariff on glass.
Tariff on coffins and cradles.
Tariff on steel.
Tariff on meat.
Tariff on dippers and ladies.
Tariff on glue.
Tariff on beer.
Tariff on halters and bridles.
Tariff on boots.
Tariff on fruit.
Tariff on Bibles and idols.
Tariff on hay.
Tariff on clay.
Tariff on coal oil and candy.
Tariff on jugs.
Tariff on drugs.
Isn't that tariff a dandy?
Tariff on hats.
Tariff on sheets.
Tariff on wipers and cottons.
Tariff on beans.
Tariff on screens.
Isn't the whole tariff rotten?

Tariff on lead.
Tariff on bread.
Tariff on organs, pianos.
Tariff on hats.
Tariff on slaw.
Tariff on prunes and bananas.
Tariff on socks.
Tariff on clocks.
Tariff on all of creation.
But, glory be,
They don't care
To put a stiff tax on salvation.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

The Chippewa Indians on White Earth reservation in Minnesota are going to have a hard winter, and unless the Indian office sees fit to do its duty or contributions are made by friends of the Indian there is likely to be a good deal of suffering. Nearly all the crops failed, and berries and wild rice did not grow on account of the dry weather. The superintendent of the Indian school on this reservation, N. B. Hurr, bought \$37.20 worth of supplies to feed the blind and sick Indians during the summer, and has learned that he will not be reimbursed for the expenditure. The superintendent has written to an archeologist at Phillips Academy, in Andover, appealing to him to procure money from the missionary societies or from individuals.

At a meeting of the Dartmouth Medical school faculty, which was called by President Ernest Fox Nichols, Dr. John M. Gile, professor of the science and practice of medicine, was chosen dean of the department to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. William T. Smith. Dr. George S. Graham, formerly of Everett, who was chosen secretary of the department a year ago, was re-elected. With the exception of the election of Dr. Gile as dean, the faculty board remains the same as last year. Dean Gile was born at Pembroke N. H. in 1864. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1887 and from the medical school of the college in 1891. After his graduation he served three years in a hospital and then returned to Dartmouth as an instructor in the department of medicine. He was made professor of the science and practice of medicine in 1896 and has since held that chair. Dr. Gile is chief surgeon at the Mary Hitchcock Memorial hospital. He is well known in politics, and he is considered one of the best surgeons in New England.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

"The Tales of Hoffman," which is being given at Hathaway's theatre this week, is the most notable offering of the season. The play, Randolph Hartley has made it from Offenbach's grand opera of the same name and the third act is given in almost its entirety. A story thrilling and set to music which is now a classic is told, and the production has won the approval of all who have seen it. Miss Helena Frederick as "Antonia" sings admirably throughout. The other members of the cast are adequate. Charles Montrell, the great French juggler, appears to advantage, and Helen Carmen, whose smile is surely infectious, has all the earmarks of a

TO TREAT SKIN TROUBLES

It is difficult to understand why so many people continue to suffer from eczema and other skin diseases when they can get a box of the new medical compound Cadum at all druggists for 10c. Relief follows soon after it is applied, and the itching stops at once. Cadum destroys the disease-producing germs. It is good for pimples, redness, blotches, rash, roughness, scaly skin, chafings, acne, sores, ulcers, eruptions.

A Sure Investment

Would you care to spend \$2 and get \$6 in return in less than six months? That is just about what you can save by putting on Goodwin's Weather Strips. You can have them applied on almost any door, and they keep out cold air and dust. Remember the place.

J. B. GOODWIN

11 THORNDIKE STREET

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 25c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

For Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mixed by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

genuine comedienne. Ruby Raymond and her boys dance better than ever before and Barnes and Robinson have some fetching songs and patter. The Kerey myriophone is genuinely good, while the City Comedy four open the bill well.

THEATRE VOYONS

The lovable old schoolmaster who is bothered and distracted almost to death by his children, the pompous and excitable school committee man, and a whole room full of kids form the characters of "Examination Day at School" the feature at the Theatre Voyons today. The mischievous children by their pranks cause the old school teacher's discharge but in the end they cause his reinstatement. It is a touching picture, well acted and staged with every possible care. "The Quarrel" is a fine dramatic subject and "Reedham's Orphanage Festival" gives a most interesting view of a drill at this institution which is far ahead of anything before seen. The comedy is a laugh and the musical program unexcelled.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Everyone seems pleased with the show at the Academy. Whittman Bros. are conscientious par excellence, carrying special scenery. Marquery Karr & Co. do a very pleasing singing and talking act, assisted by a piano. Von Mitzel & Raymond, who were members of the old stock company at this theatre, have a very clever dramatic sketch in "The Man from Nags Head City." The biograph picture "Examination Day at School" is a big laugh from start to finish. Change of bill on Thursday. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

If you want to go to a theatre and just sit in your seat and laugh and be thoroughly amused without taxing your mind with anything too serious, you want to go to the Merrimack Square theatre this week. For as a sorrow killer, the bill is one of the best imaginable.

Bruce Morgan and his Piccadilly Jollies have a bright, refreshing act presenting some catchy songs and some really wonderful dancing. The act is elaborately put on, too. Then, Danny Simmons, a Lowell favorite, is on hand in a sketch of songs and monolog and imitations which is as witty as it is intensely funny. The Aerial Magicians present a stirring tragedy act with raising stunts, and Miss Mitzel Almond gives unique vocal imitations.

The Scenic Stock company appears in a laughable one act play, "Mr. Mutte," and several films of excellent moving pictures are also on the bill.

GREAT VIOLINIST

Francis MacMillen, the great American violin virtuoso, whose visit to Lowell at Colonial hall on Oct. 17th is being looked forward to with so much interest, has been engaged as one of the soloists for the home-concerts this season by the Boston Symphony orchestra, the Theodore Thomas orchestra of Chicago, the New York Philharmonic society orchestra, the Philadelphia orchestra, and the Cincinnati Symphony orchestra. He will play under the batons of Max Fiedler, Fred

HER HAND AND ARM BURNED AND ITCHED

Could Hardly Sleep at Night for About 11 Months. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and was Completely Cured.

"My mother had a red spot on her right hand which began to grow worse rapidly. The neighbors said it was a tetter. She got some medicine from a doctor, but it did not do any good. In about a week the tetter began to break out on her arm too. She used five or six different kinds of ointments and three different kinds of salves. Not one of these did her a particle of good. Her hand and arm could hardly sleep so much that she could hardly sleep at night. Her hand was that way for about eleven months. Finally a friend of ours recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to use. She bought some immediately and began to use it. She washed her hand and arm with Cuticura Soap and warm water. Then she applied the Cuticura Ointment and bandaged her hand up. The next morning we all noticed a great improvement. Before she had used a half of a box of Cuticura Soap and a very little ointment her hand was completely cured. Now her hand is as well as ever. I think Cuticura Soap and Ointment is the greatest skin remedy ever discovered. C. E. Canady, San Leandro, Cal., Mar. 7, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies are the most economical treatment for afflictions of the skin such as infants, children and adults. A box of Cuticura Soap (25c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Prop., Boston. 64-66 North St., New York City. A full and complete list of ailments treated by Cuticura is given in the booklet "The Treatment of Skin and Scalp Affections."

SAVE TIME AND MUSCLE

Goodale's Wash Clean with Go it. We have customers who have used it for years and say it does not injure the clothes and saves 99 per cent of the labor on wash day.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 317 CENTRAL STREET

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Andrew street.

THE FLOUR



BE PARTICULAR

eric Stock, Gustav Mohler, Carl Pöhl and Leopold Stokowski.

With the various orchestras, MacMillen will only be heard in a concert. How much nearer Lowell people will get an insight into this great man's art, when they will have the pleasure of hearing him interpret many of the great works of the great masters.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

The ever popular Frank Daniels appeared at the opera house last night in the musical comedy "The Belle of Brittany." As usual a full house greeted Mr. Daniels, who for a generation has been a prime favorite with the theatregoers of Lowell. The comedy has many catchy songs, has fine dancing and comical situations that afford Mr. Daniels an opportunity for displaying his ability as a comedian. He was applauded, of course, and he made an impromptu speech at one of the curtain calls, that was as good as any part of the show. His makeup, his gestures, and his jokes were very funny while his ability to present the comical side of things was ever present, and he made the most of many difficult situations in which his support was not up to the standard that might be expected from a Daniels' company. Still the support deserves credit for their general vivacity, their fine dancing and singing, and their ability as a whole to meet the requirements of the comedy presented. Mr. Daniels has often had a better vehicle for his peculiar talents than "The Belle of Brittany."

The audience was much pleased at every point, and was profuse in its applause for Mr. Daniels.

Among the young ladies who assumed prominent roles were Miss Minerva Coverdale, a new member of the company, and one who played her part well, although but a short time attached to this company. Miss Christine Neilson was the main support of the star. She is a pleasing actress, a good singer and personally attractive. She won a fair share of the applause at last night's show.

On the whole the performance was quite successful if we are to judge from the size of the crowd and its appreciation of the work not only of Mr. Daniels, but of the entire company. The full cast was as follows: Marquise de St. Gaudier, Frank Daniels; Raymond de St. Gaudier, Fred Marshall; Philpote, artist, Fernand Ledoux; Vivien, artist, Harold A. Lockwood; Toilette, maid, to the Marquis, Minerva Coverdale; Mlle. Denise de la Vire, ward of the Marquis, Florence Butler; Mademoiselle Poquette, Annie Stevens; Adele, Josephine Harmon; Christine, Grace Williams; Mlle. de la Vire, Madeline Don Levy; Clotilde, Alfretha Naar; Posillions to the Marquis, Irene Barry; Babette, Nettie Wilson; Rene Barry; Babette, Poquette's daughter, Christine Neilson.

"THE BLUE MOOSE"

To hear little Vanda Ludlow "pull off" the stunts along with "The Blue Moose," will be a revelation to her friends, who have heretofore known her as a demure thing. It was for this same demureness and charm of manner that Clyde Fitch, the author of this latest sensational farce, selected Miss Ludlow for the rather difficult part of the Salome dancer.

Known as "The Blue Moose," Paulette Deane, the dancer, for \$2000 per month, undertakes to impersonate the real Mrs. Rollett, whose husband, secretary to Lowell, president of the Interstate railroad, wants to be promoted to division superintendent. There is also a very much alive Mrs. Lowell and Papa Rollett, both of whom as well as the real Mrs. Rollett, are drawn into the general turmoil. Also there is a lover of the "Moose" who comes all the way from "Prisco" just in time to get in the mix-up. The cast required to present the piece is one of the largest if not the largest ever seen in a farce. It is with an excellent cast that Mr. G. J. Carpenter will present the play here for the first time next Friday and Saturday at the Opera House.

TAN ROBERTSON

When playing "The King" to his brother Forbes-Robertson's Hamlet some years ago, Mr. Tan Robertson (now starring in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back") witnessed a unique incident in the grave scene. The casket had all assembled and the corpse of Ophelia had been lowered into its last resting place, when it is the duty of the queen to step down to the grave and with the words "Sweet is the sweet, farewell," strew flowers upon the dead body. On this occasion it must have appeared to the audience that a miracle happened, for instead



SCENE FROM "THE BLUE MOOSE" AT THE OPERA HOUSE, OCTOBER 7 AND 8.

of the flowers obeying the natural law of gravity, the air was clouded by their ascent to the heavens; then, seeming to gather together at a given point, they descended in a graceful downpour upon the sable-clad, sad and long-suffering Hamlet. Alas! from the sublime to the ridiculous, the flowers were made of paper and the engines under the stage had caused a great draught to rush up the trap. Hence these flowers!

"A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI" There is one star soon to be seen at the opera house who is awaited

FREE BOOK ON PILES

TELLS HOW TO CURE THEM WITH INTERNAL MEDICINE

Do you know the cause of piles? Is it internal or external? Do you know how Dr. J. S. Leonard found the cause and cure?

All these questions answered fully in a booklet mailed free by Dr. Leonard at Carter & Sherburne's, Lowell, Mass., who sell the successful remedy, Hem-Roid, under guarantee, at \$1.00 per large bottle.

VACATION FANCY WORK

ALICE H. SMITH

Central Block - - - 53 Central St.

STAMPING

Carroll Bros.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS

36 Middle Street

Telephone 1650

LOSS IS \$25,000 FIRE IN BILLERICA

Disastrous Fire Occurred at Man-The Cole Store House, Near De- chester, N. H. pot, a Total Loss

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 5.—A dozen persons were driven from their homes and three horses, 40, carriages and sleighs, more than 200 bags of grain were burned and four buildings were damaged, by fire, entailing a property loss of \$25,000 last night.

The fire was discovered within a small stable in the rear of a large livery kept by Edward H. Boyan at 145 Hanover street. From this small stable the flames extended to the larger one, and to three buildings immediately east, and also to three dwelling houses in the rear of Manchester street.

The flames lighted the sky for miles as they took great hold of the hay and grain, and an explosion of gasoline in the motor cycle shop of James Dyer, 155 Hanover street, added to the brilliancy.

Three alarms were given and the entire fire fighting force of the city responded, hemming in the square where the fire had its origin. Tons of water

were poured upon the blazing piles and within 30 minutes after the firemen got to work it was under control, although the battle was waged for nearly two hours afterward.

There were 42 horses in the Boyan stable and all but three, which were stabled within the small building in which the fire started, were saved. Twenty carriages were burned, together with a large quantity of grain and hay.

Mr. Boyan's loss is from \$5000 to \$6000, and the building is damaged as much more. It is owned jointly by John N. Sanborn of this city and J. M. Johnson of Derry. The Dyer motor cycle shop was located next east and but little of its furnishings and stock were saved. There were two dwelling houses between the Dyer shop and Pine street and both suffered loss.

Among those burned out were Morris Pelcher, Miss Rose Gendron, Miss Jeanie Gendron, Miss Ida Gendron, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Martel and children, Mrs. Salome Cormier, Rodolphie and Delrose Cormier and Leonard Norman.

Several of the horses rescued from the stable got loose and ran frantically through the street, knocking down Sergt. John T. O'Dowd of the police department. His shoulder was badly wrenched and he was carried to his home.

CARPENTERS UNION

The carpenters' union of this city held a very important meeting last night, and inducted into membership 15 new members. After the business meeting the union held an open house.

Mr. Fannigan of Worcester, president of the state branch of carpenters, addressed the gathering. Mr. Millett, also of Worcester, spoke to the French members of the union. Mr. Shields was also a speaker who was applauded much. Announcement was made that the state convention of the craft will be held here in January next.

The town of Billerica was visited last night by one of the most serious fires that has occurred in this locality for a long time. The alarm was given at 11.30 o'clock, and before any effective work could be done by the department, the big storehouse occupied by Elmer E. Cole, near the Bennett Hall station, of the Boston & Maine, on the main highway, between this city and Billerica, was entirely destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The first intimation that the town people had of the fire was when at 11.30 o'clock the church bells in the Centre were rung by the Rev. J. Harold Dale, and the fire at that time had been burning more than 15 minutes.

The fire was first discovered by Assessor Jones. The building is owned by De Lacy Corkum and he was not aroused until the fire had made considerable progress. When the firemen arrived their chief work was to prevent the flames from reaching other buildings. The storehouse contained hardware and goods of various kinds valued at over \$5000. These were the property of Mr. Cole, who had but small insurance.

The storehouse was built in 1892 and was 125 feet long. Fred C. Church had the insurance on the contents of the storehouse.

A BRONZE BUST Of Archbishop Williams to Be Erected

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—To show their affection for the late Archbishop Williams, the Knights of Columbus are to have a magnificent monument erected in this city in remembrance of the first archbishop of Boston, who labored for more than three score years in advancing the church of which he was a distinguished prelate.

Ever since the death of the archbishop, the Knights of Columbus have been intending to erect some sort of lasting memorial in his honor, in partial recognition of his great work, but the form it should take was not definitely determined until a short time ago when after the institution of a council of the order at Roslindale, which

adopted the name of John J. Williams in memory of the late archbishop, when the idea was conceived by that branch of the organization, that no more appropriate form could it take than to place an enduring bronze figure of the churchman in the city of his birth.

Since the idea was suggested, the members of the order have enthusiastically labored to make it a reality, and so well have they succeeded that a beautiful bronze bust has been made of him by Hugh Cairns, the well known sculptor, who has produced what is said to be the most lifelike reproduction that it is possible to make.

The model is a bust in bronze, four feet six inches high, which weighs about three tons, and it is to have a splendid setting on a granite obelisk with several steps and exedra, upon which will be an angel in a kneeling position, with outstretched wings.

The monument will be about 20 feet high when set in position and to cost \$30,000, and will it is expected, rival any work of art to be found in this locality.

The model is on exhibition in the art gallery of the Mechanics Fair, and on Columbus Day it will be carried on a float by members of John J. Williams council in the great parade to be held on that day.

ALDERMEN MET Jurors Drawn for the Cambridge Court

At a regular meeting of the board of aldermen, held last night, the following jurors were drawn by Alderman Quail to serve in the supreme judicial court at Cambridge, beginning Tuesday, Oct. 18th:

George A. Willson, 30 Burritt street, druggist.
John J. Dawson, Richardson hotel, clerk.

James A. Bryan, 124 Westford street, furniture dealer.
Frank P. Flanagan, 22 Westford street, steam fitter.

Andrew A. Gray, 18 Tolman avenue, commercial traveler.

A resolution for the extension of the Lawrence street sewer at a cost of \$1000 was adopted.

The board voted a sewer in Sanborn street at a cost of \$350.

A sewer in Albert street at a cost of \$300 was voted.

Joseph R. Beharrell was voted a sewer in Highland avenue at a cost of \$400.

J. F. Lisle asked for a sewer in Summer street, and the matter was referred.

Recommendations from the committee on licenses were adopted.

Leave to withdraw was granted in the petition for poles in June street, and the petition to change the location of a pole in Nesmith street, Alderman Carmichael objecting to the latter report of the committee on wires.

Resolutions granting pole locations in Hildreth, Grace and other streets were read and voted.

16 YEARS OLD Div. 1, Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H. Celebrates

Division 1, of the Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., celebrated the 16th anniversary last evening. A business meeting was opened at eight o'clock, President Katherine R. Downes in the chair. The chief item of the business meeting was the initiation of 15 new members and the approval of 15 new applications for membership. All other business was dispensed with and the doors were thrown open for the invited guests and friends of the members. Remarks were made by Rev. Dr. Keleher, who congratulated the auxiliary on having such a noble looking crowd of young women, who were not ashamed to show their true Irish heartedness. He was acquainted when the president informed him that the division is reaching the standard of 400 members and is in splendid financial standing.

A pleasing musical program was in order, a feature of which was a duet by the Misses Mollie and Irene Handley, "The Weaving of the Green," was sung by Mr. James E. Donnelly, who was obliged to respond to many enclosures. Other contributors to the program were the Misses Margaret and Rose McDonough and Mr. Michael Ray-bull.

This brought the entertainment program to a close and Mrs. Maurice O'Connor, mother of the refreshments, got busy with her hustling crowd of prettily dressed girls, among whom were Mrs. McLaughlin, Mrs. McQuarrie, Mrs. Haviland, Lucy Sheridan, Mrs. Ripley, Margaret Murray, Katie Garney, Mary Cox, Mary King, Della Conway, Katie Jones, Alice Haynes and Mrs. Nora Sheridan. The next item of the evening was dancing, which was

Thursday Bargain Day

Discontinued styles 97c tailored white and colored waists. Styles never shown before for 69c

Lingerie, tailored and silk waists, formerly priced \$1.97. Thursday bargain day 97c

A few Dutch neck, lawn and batiste waists, formerly priced 97c. Thursday bargain day 29c

Your choice of any of our \$1.97 tailored linen waists. Thursday bargain day \$1.50

Your choice of any of our \$5.00 black taffeta or messaline waists. Thursday bargain day \$3.97

Pure Irish linen, hand embroidered tailored waists. Thursday bargain day 97c

The White Store
116 Merrimack Street.

enjoyed until midnight, after which all the guests departed hoping to have the honor to be present at the next anniversary in October, 1911.

The following gentlemen were on the platform, Rev. Dr. Keleher, Dr. J. H. Boyle, James E. Donnelly, Mr. Slattery, Pres. Hubert McQuade of Div. 28, Pres. John Rourke of Div. 8, Pres. Patrick Connolly of Div. 11, Pres. Michael McMillen of Div. 1, and Pres. Dennis Lynch of Div. 2, all of whom spoke.

The committee in charge was as follows: Katherine Clancy, floor director; Della Fitzgerald, assistant; Alice Sadle Murphy, Mollie Handley, Alice Casey, Nora Kenney, Margaret Murray, Mrs. Sheehan, Nellie Fitzgerald, Helen Lynch, Helen Lyons, Mary Lee, Mollie and Katie O'Brien.

We can't have this weather long, and The Thompson Hardware Co. advise you to get your fireplace ready. They have all the fixtures for the fireplace.

AN AGED COUPLE Found Wandering in Everett and Malden

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Unable, because of some strange bewilderment of the brain, to give an account of themselves, an aged man and woman, who are believed to be husband and wife, were found within a day of each other, wandering about aimlessly, one in Everett, the other in the Maplewood section of Malden. She is now in the Malden almshouse and he is at the Tewksbury state farm. Nobody has yet made any inquiries at either place concerning them.

"Mrs. Mary Donovan," as the woman gave her name when she was discovered on Monday, cannot remember anything about herself which might serve to definitely identify her or restore her to her relatives, if she has any. The man, who was found on Sunday, cannot even tell his name. The theory that he is the woman's husband, and that he had roamed away and she had gone searching for him and become lost herself is strengthened by the circumstance that while he was picked up in Everett, she when found was near the Everett line, and several persons, furthermore, recall having seen her in the city of Everett.

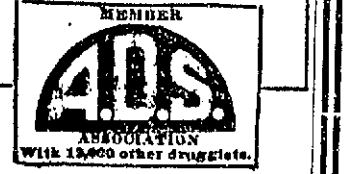
40'S PEROXIDE CREAM

Is the best cream made for the skin. If you have a red, rough, blotched, sore, unsightly skin, try this great product of the American Druggists' Syndicate.

You can use it for massaging wrinkles and for a sallow complexion, as it whitens and beautifies, is safe, harmless and does not grow hair.

No woman who values her appearance and who wants a smooth clear skin should let a day go by without trying it for the face, neck, arms and hands.

Get it for 25c. at any A. D. S. drug store.



Frank J. Campbell, 255 Central St.; Fells & Burkinshaw, 418 N. Middlesex St.; Heule's Pharmacy, 402 Moody St.; R. J. Lang & Co., 374 Merrimack St.; Wm. H. Noonan & Co., 305 Bridge St.; John H. O'Neill, Lawrence St. cor. Wamslett; Routhier & Dellella, 632 Merrimack St.; Charles W. Trombley, 415 Bridge St.; Fred Howard, 107 Central St.; John T. Sparks & Co., 747 Lakeview Ave.

Gilbride's

Store Open All Day Thursday

THURSDAY

WE START THE BALL A-ROLLING BY OFFERING EXTRA-ORDINARY VALUES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF THE STORE. NEW FALL MERCHANDISE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Our First Bargain Sale of Women's HATS

In our New Millinery Department, Second Floor, Thursday, Un-trimmed Silk Plush Hats, all colors, large and small shapes, values \$4.50, \$5 and \$6. Thursday all at one price,

\$1.69
SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

A SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR THURSDAY

DRAWERS—"Fruit of the Loom" Cotton with deep ruffle of tucks and embroidery, regular price 39c. Thursday..... 25c
High neck, long sleeve gowns, good cotton, insertion and tucked front, regular price 59c. Thursday..... 50c
Round neck, short sleeve gowns, trimmed with val. lace, ribbon run, regular price \$1.00. Thursday..... 75c
Long White Skirts, made of good cotton, full width, regular price 39c. Thursday..... 29c
Long White Skirts, with ruffle of tucks and embroidery, regular price 89c. Thursday..... 59c
Long White Skirts, with deep ruffle of embroidery and cluster of tucks, regular price \$1.00. Thursday..... 89c

A Remarkable Low Price Sale in Our Linen Department Thursday

TOWELS
Extra Heavy, Pure Linen Huck Towels, warranted grass bleached, size 23x46, three patterns, regular price 40c each. Sale price..... 29c Each
Extra Heavy Huck Towels, size 18x36, with red or white borders, regular price 12 1-2c each. Sale price..... 10c Each
Good Size Turkish Towels with red borders, regular price 12 1-2c. Sale price..... 9c, 3 for 25c
We have a few more of those Wash Cloths with the red borders. We will close them out..... 3 for 5c

FANCY LINENS
24 inch Renaissance Doilies, all linen centres, round and square, five different designs, regular price 75c. Sale price 49c Each
15 inch Renaissance Doilies, plain centres, all linen, regular price 39c. Sale price..... 25c Each
18x54 Renaissance Scarfs, plain centres, all linen, two designs, regular price \$1.00. Sale price..... 79c Each

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES
81x90 Waxed Seam Sheets, good quality cotton, regular price 79c. Sale price..... 59c Each
81x90 Waxed Seam Sheets, good quality cotton, regular price 89c. Sale price..... 59c Each
81x90 Seamless Sheets, extra heavy cotton, regular price 89c. Sale price..... 69c Each
45x36 Pillow Cases, good fine cotton, regular price 15c. Sale price..... 12 1-2c Each

New Dress Goods on Sale Thursday

36 inch Storm Serge, in black, navy, brown, green and garnet, guaranteed all wool..... 50c Yard
New Dress Fluids..... 25c Yard
36 inch Poplinette in all the staple shades, plain and shadow stripes, wool filling, regular 39c quality..... 29c Yard
54 inch Shepherd Check Suitings..... 49c Yard

BASEMENT DEPARTMENT

27 inch Outing Flannel in a neat line of patterns, regular priced 10c, for..... 7 1-2c Yard
\$2.50 11-4 Extra Heavy Wool Finish Blankets for..... \$1.69 Pair
\$7.00 Wool Blankets, pink and blue borders. Special..... \$5 Pair

In the Upholstery Dept. Thursday EXCEPTIONAL VALUES

Best 50c Oilcloth (laying free). Thursday only..... 39c Sq. Yd.
Best 75c Linoleum (laying free). Thursday only..... 55c Sq. Yd.
Tapestry Brussels Rugs, 8-3x10-6, worth \$15, for..... \$10.98
1 Lx Straw Matting, worth 35c, for..... 19c a Yard
75 Yds Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular price \$1.25, for..... 89c Pair
Irish Point Lace Curtains, regular price \$4.50, for..... \$3.50 Pair
Arabian Lace Curtains, regular price \$1.75, for..... \$1.25 Pair
Couch Covers, regular price \$1.25, for..... 99c Pair

To Remove Superfluous Hair

Dr. Duval, the eminent physician, says: "consider DeWitt's the only safe, sure and radical cure for that very common and objectionable trouble, superfluous hair. DeWitt's is totally different from the powders, pastes and other remedies, which simply break the hair off making it grow heavier than before after each removal. Booklet containing full information of this remarkable treatment, with testimonials of physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals, prominent magazines and newspapers, will be mailed free, in plain sealed envelope, on request to DeWitt's Chemical Co., Park Ave. and 23rd St., New York.

The honest dealer will offer a substitute on which he makes more profit. DeWitt's is sold at all good stores, including

A. G. POLLARD CO.



1000 Hand- some Coats to Choose From

We can show you every good style in vogue this season. Customers are coming in fast. We protected you on the prices. It pays to trade with a store carrying our purchasing power.

Coats at \$5.95

In Thibet cloth, 50 inches long, fitted styles, sizes to 44.

Coats at \$8.98

Cheviots and mixtures, trimmed collars. Later they will cost \$12.50. Misses' and Ladies' sizes \$8.98

\$15 Serge Coats in Black and Navy \$10.50

Yoke and sleeves lined, sizes to 44. A great Bargain

Auto Coats, Raincoats, Misses' Coats, Children's Coats

Coats from a Child's Coat at \$1.98 to \$40.00 for a Fine Fancy Broadcloth or Tourist Coat.

There is Great Demand for Dresses for Street and Evening Wear

See our immense showing in Serges, Panama, Messaline and Nan's Veiling.

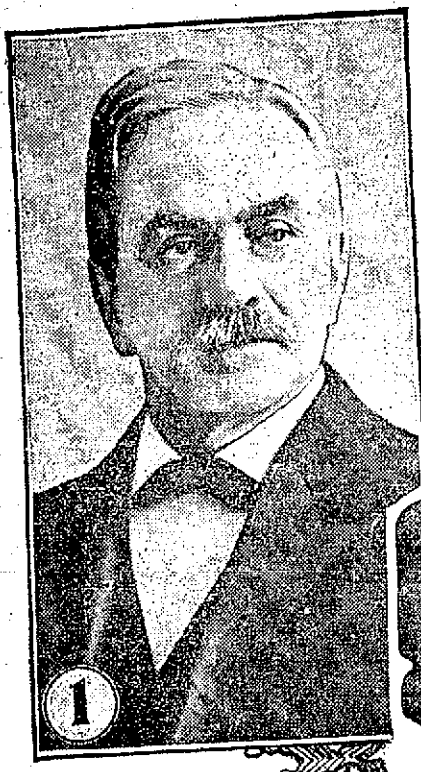
PANAMA DRESS..... \$7.98 | SERGE DRESSES..... \$10.00

SPECIAL OFFER—\$15.00 Messaline Dresses Evening Shades \$10.98

Waist Bargain 3 Dozen Moire Silk Waists, selling at \$3.50, Today and Tomorrow \$1.98

New York Cloak and Suit Co. 12-18 JOHN STREET

NATION WIDE CRUSADE AGAINST WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC HAS BEGUN



By CHARLES N. LURIE.

SIXTY thousand miles of enthusiasm and earnest, well directed effort toward a worthy end—such is the program of the American Purify federation's crusade against the "white slave" traffic, starting from Chicago Sept. 29 and ending in the same city on the last day of October. In the course of the federation's tour at least seventeen cities will be visited, and a convention in furtherance of the aims of the federation will be held in each one. In the larger cities two day meetings will be held; in the others the program will be condensed so that only a one day stop will be made. The tour will be a "swing around the circle" in the western part of America. A similar tour will be made in the east next spring, and the results will be made the subject of formal discussion and comparison at the American Purify congress to be held in St. Louis in October, 1911.

Embraced in the list of cities to be visited during the present campaign against the "white slave" evil are Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Vancouver, Spokane, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Tucson, El Paso, Houston, New Orleans, Memphis and St. Louis. In each place the arrangements for the reception of the purify workers and for assistance in their work are being made by the leading reformers. The church federations, ministerial associations, Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associa-

tions, women's clubs, temperance societies, reform organizations and in some cases the chambers of commerce are exerting themselves to bring the attendance at the conventions up to the highest possible figure.

To B. S. Steadwell, president of the American Purify federation, is awarded the credit of originating the idea of a nation wide crusade against the "white slave" traffic. He believes that so widespread a movement will be far more efficacious in calling public attention to the evil which it is designed to combat than would be a large convention of the federation held in one city. It is a series of conventions that is planned, giving to each city the presence of a large body of prominent workers in this field to encourage and aid the local reformers. With that end in view Mr. Steadwell and his coadjutors have assembled some of the nation's best known reformers and purify workers. Among them are the following:

Dr. Ernest A. Bell and Arthur Burrage Parwell of Chicago, the Rev. J. G. Shearer of Toronto, Canada; Mrs. Della Thompson Lutes of Coopers-town, N. Y.; Mrs. E. M. Whittemore and the Rev. Dr. Edward Russell Perry of New York city; James H. Paten of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. A. B. Sims and John B. Hammond of Des Moines, Ia.; Professor T. W. Shannon

of St. Louis, Dr. Emma F. A. Drake of Denver, Rabbi Tobias Schanfarber of Chicago, W. L. Clark of Leamington, Ont.; J. Frank Chase of Boston and Owen O. Ward of Springboro, Pa. Bell and His Work.

A tower of strength in the fight against the "white slave" traffic, by which is meant the organized dealing in white women for immoral purposes recently made the subject of enactment by the national legislature, is found in Ernest A. Bell of Chicago, one of the leaders of the present movement. Dr. Bell has made a careful, thorough study of the subject and has embodied the results of his investigations in a recently published book. He is the chairman of the "white slave" traffic committee of the American Purify federation and for the past six years has been the superintendent of the Midnight mission of Chicago, of which he was the founder. Out of the

mission have grown the Illinois Vigilance association and other missionary and reformatory societies. During the federation's tour Dr. Bell will speak upon and represent the national work against the vile traffic.

Arthur B. Farwell of Chicago, another representative in the federation's work, is famous as the president of the Chicago Law and Order league and of the Illinois Vigilance association. For years he has made a study of the problem of the combating and eradication of evil in large cities. He is an interesting and able speaker. Rabbi Schanfarber, another Chicago representative, is one of the leaders of his coreligionists. He is an orator of power and one of the most enthusiastic of American workers for reform.

The women who will take part in the campaign have given years to the advancement of the purify cause. Mrs. Lutes is the editor of American Motherhood and has written several books

of wide circulation. Mrs. Drake is also an author and has figured prominently on the lecture platform. Mrs. Whittemore is known throughout the world as the founder of the great rescue work for girls and women known as the Door of Hope.

All of the other members of the federation's party have borne conspicuous parts in the warfare against the "white slave" trade. They have made special studies of the problems involved in the suppression of the traffic and will urge on their hearers the support of the movement against the importation and distribution by organized bodies of the unfortunate victims of the "business." State legislation to supplement the national law recently passed will be advocated and the progress of the world will be told. Most of the laborers in this field hold that the recent grand jury in New York, headed by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was wrong in finding that there is no gen-

eral organization of "white slave" dealers covering the entire country. They declare that the jury in its report enumerated many elements that would naturally enter into just such an organized force.

New National Law Approved.

They approve of the new national "white slave traffic act" (so called officially), which provides for the infliction of drastic punishment upon any person convicted of participation in the importation or transportation between states of women for immoral purposes. "Everything possible should be done to enforce the law," say the reformers, and they profess great interest in the fight to test the constitutionality of that clause of the law which makes the steamship lines responsible for the free transportation of persons ordered deported after they have lived in this country more than the three years fixed as a limit by the old statute. A test case will be carried to the supreme court, as the enforcement of the statute as its stands will mean the loss of large sums of money to the transatlantic steamship lines. Since the passage of the law designed to curb the traffic the immigration inspectors, aided by the state and municipal authorities, have been gathering up undesirable women residents all over the country and ordering them deported. Before the passage of the law any woman who had lived in this country three years was immune from arrest and deportation.

Naturally the steamship companies resent the attempt made to provide these undesirable aliens with free transportation to the countries whence they came. The case which probably will be selected for a test is that of a Russian girl, seventeen years old, who was brought to New York from Buffalo for deportation. It has been proved that she was landed in this country on Sept. 25, 1905, from the Red Star liner Finland. An attempt was made to put her on board a Red Star steamship bound for Europe, but the officers refused to receive her. Plain Intent of Congress.

William Williams, commissioner of immigration at New York, at once referred the question to the secretary of commerce and labor, and the department held that the plain intent of congress in the "white slave" act was that, though the three year limit for deportation was done away with, the steamship lines must bear the cost of deportation.

The Red Star line contends that this was not the intent of the law, that the girl came here before the passage of the amendment, that there was nothing to show that she had any evil intent when she arrived here and that the section of the law involved is unconstitutional. The claim is set up that the expenses of deportation should be borne by the immigration fund.

While this case was being prepared the friends of the girl came to her assistance, and she is now out on bail. It may be that her release will be obtained and the order of deportation rescinded.

The Chicago to New York Air Race

CONDITIONS OF THE CHICAGO-NEW YORK AIR RACE FOR \$25,000.

At least three competitors must start or no race.
The start shall be made on Saturday, Oct. 8, 1910, after 10 a. m., from a practicable field within the city limits of Chicago, and the finish shall be within the city limits of New York. Competitors shall start as nearly as possible simultaneously. Intervals, however, will be allowed, if necessary or desirable, but in any case all must start on the same day. The start may be postponed from day to day because of bad weather, but not beyond Oct. 18, 1910.

The race must be completed within 168 hours, or seven days, after the start. No limit is placed on the number of stops.

Each entrant must have a record of one hour's continuous flight. Each competitor must finish in the same machine in which he starts, but any repairs, such as re-covering planes, installing new motors, etc., may be made on the way as required.

To win the prize of \$25,000 the winner must cover the course before any flight of equal or greater distance has been made in this country.
If the competitors start simultaneously the winner shall be he who, fulfilling the conditions of the race, first lands in New York; if the competitors start at intervals, the intervals shall be taken into account in determining the winner. Competitors must arrange for their own supplies and for the transportation of the same.



Photos by American Press Association.

would be able to compete in such a contest.

To the Chicago Post and the New York Times belongs the honor of proposing the air race from the second American city to the first. The flight has been planned to take place from west to east on account of the direction of the prevailing winds at this time of year. Flying against the wind for a thousand miles is a task that would be a little too much for even the best of the aeroplans in the present state of the science and art of flying. As it is, the long flight is expected to test in the most severe manner the capabilities of the fliers. The conditions, printed elsewhere on this page, are considered liberal by the aviators, who are unanimous in declaring that long cross country races afford the best possible tryouts of man and machine.

On the entry list of the contest are the names of some of the best known fliers. Among them are Glenn H. Curtiss, the holder of the international trophy, won at Rheims last year; Charles K. Hamilton, generally considered the most daring of American aviators, who flew from New York to Philadelphia and back; Charles F. Willard, prize winner at Los Angeles and one of the youngest of the famous air men; Captain Thomas S. Baldwin, dean of American aviators, former balloonist and a man of international renown in air work; James Radley and Charles G. Harmer, Englishmen, the former of whom recently broke the



British record for speed in an aeroplane by flying a mile in 47 2-5 seconds, and Tod Shriever, Joseph Seymour, J. C. Mares and J. A. D. McCurdy, all men of note among aeroplans.

It will be interesting to compare the records made during the Chicago-New York race with some of the recent performances of the air men in Europe. One of the greatest of these has been the cross country race in France, of which M. Le Blanc was the winner. The race took the aeroplans from Paris to Amiens and return by roundabout routes, the total distance covered being 485 miles, which is about half the distance between Chicago and New York. Another record making

feat was M. Bielevue's flight from Paris to Bordeaux, a distance of 365 miles in an almost direct course. He started in his biplane from Paris on Sept. 1 and finished on Sept. 3, having covered 365 miles with four stops. His actual flying time was 7 hours 5 minutes 54 seconds. On the third and last day atmospheric conditions compelled M. Bielevue to rise to a height of over 8,000 feet.

Inspired probably by the offer of the New York and Chicago newspapers, the Paris Journal has offered a prize of 200,000 francs, or \$40,000, for an airship race from Paris to Berlin to Brussels to London and back to Paris. This necessitates two crossings of the English channel, a feat deemed impossible until M. Bielevue showed the way to Molsheim and the others who have followed him.

Another great proposed cross country race is the St. Louis-New York contest for a prize of \$30,000 offered by two newspapers of those cities.

The Chicago-New York race precedes the international gathering of the fliers at Belmont park, New York, planned to be the greatest meeting of its sort ever held, and the balloon flight, starting from St. Louis, for the international cup. The latter event will take place Oct. 17. The Belmont park meeting's dates are Oct. 22 to 30. The greatest prize at the latter tournament of the fliers will be the international trophy won by Glenn H. Curtiss at Rheims last year, the possession of which awarded this year's international meet to America. Some of the best of American and French fliers as well as men of other nationalities will compete at St. Louis and at Belmont park.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

Three Jeff Davises.

The occasional speeches of United States Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas serve to keep a historic name before the American public. Including the present senator, there have been three Jeff Davises in American history. President Jefferson Davis of the Confederacy was the first. Less known, but nevertheless a distinguished soldier, was General Jefferson Columbus Davis, known during the civil war as Jeff Davis. General Davis fought on the Union side and made a gallant record. He was a major general of volunteers and attained the rank of colonel in the regular army. His operations were largely in northern Arkansas, where he gave the bushwhackers and guerrillas of Arkansas and Missouri some lively tussles. General Davis was the first United States army officer to command a post in Alaska. Recently a new army post in that territory has been named in his honor. He fought through the Mexican war and was in the civil war from the very first to the final shot.

COLUMBUS.

By JOAQUIN MILLER.

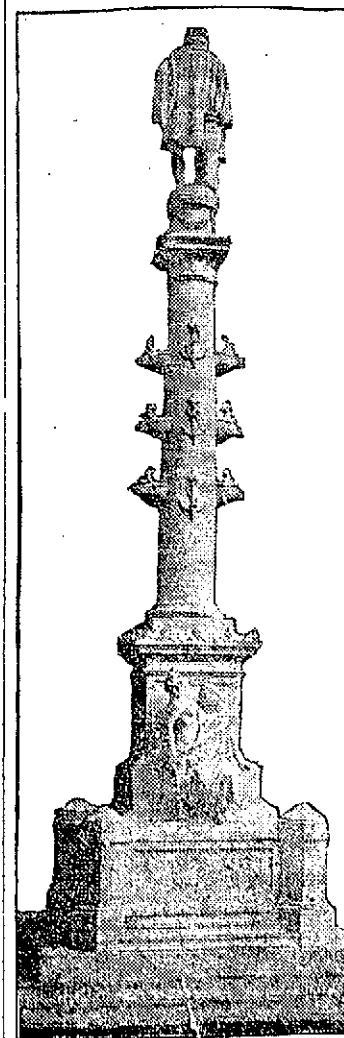
BEHIND him lay the gray Azores,
Behind the gates of Hercules,
Before him not the ghost of shores,
Before him only shoreless seas.
The good mate said: "Now must we pray,
For, lo, the very stars are gone!
Brave admiral, speak! What shall I say?"
"Why, say, 'Sail on, sail on and on!'"

"My men grow mutinous day by day;
My men grow ghastly wan and weak."
The stout mate thought of home; a spray
Of salt wave washed his swarthy cheek.
"What shall I say, brave admiral, say,
If we sight naught but seas at dawn?"
"Why, you shall say at break of day,
'Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!'"

They sailed and sailed, as winds might blow,
Until at last the blanched mate said:
"Why, now not even God would know
Should I and all my men fall dead.
These very winds forget their way,
For God from these dread seas is gone.
Now, speak, brave admiral, speak and say!"
He said, "Sail on, sail on and on!"

They sailed; they sailed. Then spake the mate:
"This mad sea shows his teeth tonight.
He curls his lip; he lies in wait
With lifted teeth, as if to bite.
Brave admiral, say but one good word—
What shall we do when hope is gone?"
The words leapt like a leaping sword,
"Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!"

Then, pale and worn, he kept his deck
And peered through darkness—ah, that night
Of all dark nights! And then a speck—
A light! A light! A light! A light!
It grew; a starlit flag unfurled—
It grew to be Time's burst of dawn.
He gained a world; he gave that world
Its grandest lesson: "On! Sail on!"



COLUMBUS MONUMENT, NEW YORK.

[Wednesday, Oct. 12, will be Columbus day, the four hundred and eighteenth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. Columbus day is a legal holiday in twelve states, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania have decided to honor thus the memory of the great navigator. The bill to make the day a holiday in Massachusetts was signed on April 29 last. Only a few special celebrations of the day have been planned for this year. Among them is the presentation of a bust of Columbus to Detroit by the Italian Americans of the city. There is a plan on foot for the purchase by the Knights of Columbus of the house in Genoa, Italy, in which Columbus was born and its transformation into a shrine for American visitors to Italy.]

TO SPEND \$10,000,000

Action Taken by Directors of B. & M. Railroad

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Approximately \$10,000,000 for new equipment and improvements was appropriated by the directors of the Boston & Maine railroad at a meeting yesterday afternoon. A large portion of the appropriation will be spent in strengthening bridges on various divisions. About one-third of the appropriation represents the amount which will be applied to equipment, the larger part of which is to be spent for new passenger coaches, although a portion will be spent for passenger and freight locomotives.

Among the bridges to be strengthened in order that the heavy type of locomotives may be run over practically the whole system are those on the northern part of the White mountain division and on the western part of the Fitchburg division between Greenfield and Rotterdam.

LE BLANC CASE

Witnesses Brought from Cape Breton

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Three witnesses who are to testify regarding Mrs. Lillian M. Glover's life in West Arichat, C. B., were brought to Boston from that place yesterday by State Detective Byrnes, and were sent to Woonsocket, R. I., to await the trial of Hattie Le Blanc, the 17-year-old girl accused of murdering Clarence F. Glover in his laundry at Waltham.

Capt. Peter King, 70 years old, was one of those who came to Boston yesterday to help the accused girl. In the contest over the Glover will it was hinted that Capt. King could tell of incidents reflecting upon Hattie Le Blanc, but yesterday he declared that such insinuations were outrageous.

"Detective Byrnes came to my house with Miller Terrio, whom I knew by reputation, and asked me questions concerning the life of Hattie," said Capt. King. "I told him that she was an honest and upright girl when she lived in Arichat. He took down what I said, and later made similar visits to other people in the town."

"I never saw Mrs. Glover in my life. I knew her father and mother well. Hattie lived with my daughter for a time. She was always a nice girl so far as I knew and saw. The charge made against me is absolutely false. I left Arichat to come to Boston to help the girl all I can."

During the 10 months that she has been confined in the East Cambridge jail Hattie Le Blanc, it was said yesterday, has been a model prisoner. She is looking eagerly forward to her trial, which is scheduled to take place next January.

Lillian and Irene LeBlanc, her sisters, have been frequent visitors to Hattie LeBlanc at the East Cambridge jail, and have written many letters to her. The sisters will be witnesses at the trial.

The four brothers of Clarence F. Glover, who were not beneficiaries under his will, will also be witnesses for the defense.

MASKED ROBBERS

Held up a Druggist in Roxbury

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Two masked men entered the drug store of Charles L. Blake at 122 Bird street, Roxbury, last night, and after firing one shot at the proprietor, which sent him scurrying to a place of safety, they robbed the

cash register of \$16. The job was done in much the same manner as that done in the Beacon Pharmacy, Somerville, Monday night, when Patrick J. Flaherty, the clerk, was held up at the point of a revolver by four men and forced to hurry to cover. In that job the amount stolen was identical with that taken at Blake's last night and the two jobs bear the same earmarks. Shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. Blake attended to some women customers, and after they departed he was alone for several minutes. Finally the door opened and two men, one about 5 feet 10 inches and the other 5 feet 5 inches, both with dark suits and caps and

white masks on their faces, entered. The taller of the two pointed a revolver at Mr. Blake and ordered him to throw up his hands. When he failed to comply on the instant a shot whizzed over his head into a bottle on a nearby shelf. Mr. Blake dropped to the floor and scurried into the back room. He heard the cash register ring, and a few seconds later he heard them go away. A train passed just about the time, thereby drowning out the sound of the revolver shot. When Blake dared venture out he could find no traces of the robbers.

AMATEUR FOOTBALL

The North common will be represented in the local amateur football world this season by the North Ends. Their record last year was an enviable one, which this year will be better if intentions count. The 1910 rules will be adhered to. Next Saturday, Oct. 8, the Hustlers will be the opposing eleven in the opening game. Games with teams averaging 140 pounds are desired.

Anyone desiring a game should communicate with Manager Edw. Noonan, 32 West Third street.

TRIED SUICIDE

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 5.—News reached the city late yesterday afternoon that Alida Cogswell True, wife of Dr. Charles L. True, a Tilton dentist, attempted to end her life yesterday morning with a revolver. Mr. True was at her summer home on Cogswell's hill in Canterbury, 12 miles from this city.

Dr. True was at home and arose to light the fires. Soon afterward he heard a shot and returning to his wife's room found that she had shot herself directly above the heart.

It was reported by telephone last evening that she was still alive, but that her recovery was doubtful. Mrs. True has been in a sanitarium at Nashua and in the state insane hospital in this city for treatment. She had seemingly recovered and her act of yesterday morning was a shocking surprise to Dr. True.

Mrs. True is the daughter of William Cogswell of Tilton. She was formerly a well known church singer and also proprietor of a millinery establishment at Tilton.



LOWELL SEES IN PRESENT INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY A GUARANTEE OF FUTURE PROSPERITY

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1910

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store For Thrifty People

SPECIAL SALE OF

Untrimmed

Hats

Begins Tomorrow Morning

600 UNTRIMMED FELT HATS—Samples from a prominent manufacturer in New York. All the newest large and small shapes and every color. Hats worth \$2 and \$3.

ONLY

98c

EACH

ON SALE THURSDAY A. M. SEE WINDOW

Palmer Street

Centre Aisle

Basement Bargain Dept.

Thursday Specials

SHELF OILCLOTH—One case of Shelf Oilcloth, large assortment of patterns in all new coloring, 5c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 2c**

YARD WIDE PERCALE—Best quality of Manchester percale remnants in light, medium and dark colors, all new patterns and very fine quality, full yard wide, 12 1-2c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

MERCERIZED NAPKINS—100 Dozen Mercerized Napkins, all hemmed, ready to use, very fine quality, in large variety of patterns, usually sold at \$1.00 a dozen. **Thursday Special, Each, 5c**

PRINTED ETAMINE—Yard wide etamine, printed both sides, in very handsome patterns, in all the newest colors and shades, usually sold on the piece at 15c yard. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

FINE CAMBRIC—Fine cambric, 36 inches wide, nice and fine quality for underwear, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 7c**

HUCK TOWELS—75 Dozen Huck Towels, hemmed, white and fast color borders, heavy quality, 18x36 inches, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Each, 6 1/2c**

CRIB BLANKETS—One case of white crib blankets with fast color mottle borders, worth 50c pair. **Thursday Special, Each, 15c**

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Men's Union Suits, made of fine combed yarn and blue, 50c and 75c value. **Thursday Special, Suit, 25c**

Fleeced Cottons for Fall Wear

Our Wash Goods Department Offers the Following Napped Cotton Fabrics, as New Goods, Unusually Low Priced:

Two Cases Heavy Twilled Fleeced Print, for house dresses, etc., 27 inches wide, regular price 12 1-2c, special, 8c yard

Two Cases Printed Diagonal Cloth, a beautiful finished fabric for children's and ladies' dresses in dark shades only. Regular price 17c, special, 10c yard

Two Cases "Tennis Flannel," printed to look like the real Scotch flannel, full yard wide, for children's and ladies' dresses, men's shirts, pajamas, etc., fast colors. Regular price 20c, special, 12 1-2c

Two Cases "Melton-Velvet," Kimono Flannel in handsome Japanese designs—the kind that retails everywhere for 17c yard, special, 12 1-2c

PALMER STREET

CENTRE AISLE

Please Your Boy

GET HIM A

"High Flyer"

A little flying machine that will go 600 feet up into the air, with no more effort than spinning a top. John Wanamaker sold 2158 in three days in his New York store. The most wonderful toy ever produced. We will give one of these with every purchase in our boys' department of \$4.00 or over. See them in our window. Come in and let us show them to you.

Foot Balls, Shin Guards and Nose Guards

—AT—

Macartney's

(FORMERLY LOWELL ONE PRICE)

R. J. Macartney. Tel. 2401. 72 Merrimack St.

You Should Buy The Best Paint

When you come to paint your house you must figure on investing a certain amount—say \$25 to \$50, two-thirds of which is for labor. If you spend \$2 or \$3 more than a cheap so-called paint would cost and get the best paint you will save more than the few dollars extra outlay because you will be assured of utmost service.

Low Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint is not only the best paint but the most economical. It gives you most for your money—most in wear, in looks and in hiding power. It may cost more per gallon but less for the job and you can depend on it.

We sell all of Low Brothers "High Standard" products and the Little Blue Flag on the can is your protection. Let us talk over your paint needs and show you in plain figures where you can save money. New color cards and combinations ready.

OUR AUTO DELIVERS THE GOODS
ERVIN E. SMITH CO.
43-45-47-49 Market Street.

FITZ QUILTS FOSS

Gaston is Now Mentioned as Candidate for Governor

Hamlin Managers Claim They Have Enough Votes to Win—Labor Leaders Made a Strong Protest Against Foss

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The democratic gubernatorial situation took a sudden turn last evening, when Col. William A. Gaston dropped into the Hotel Bellevue and began hobnobbing with the Foss and Hamlin and Vahey delegates.

The colonel has not been in the habit of calling at the Bellevue cafe at the dinner hour, and the advance guard of the delegates assembled from the central and western part of the state to push the booms of Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield and David I. Walsh of Fitchburg for lieutenant governor were surprised to see him.

He stoutly denied that he was a candidate for governor, and when pressed by the newspaper representatives he declared that he would not take the nomination if named, but these statements on the part of the colonel did not prevent prominent Hamlin and Vahey men from declaring that they would head a movement for his nomination for governor in the democratic convention tomorrow.

Col. Gaston insisted that he merely dropped into the hotel to "see the boys" and ascertain what was going on, and that his unusual visit had no political significance. Notwithstanding the colonel's declaration, many of those present insisted that he should allow the use of his name as a compromise candidate for governor.

Col. Gaston dined with Dr. John W. Coughlin of Fall River, the man who succeeded him as a member of the democratic national committee, a recognized Hamlin man, while Mr. Hamlin's campaign managers, Col. Cole, Major Crowley and ex-Pire Commissioner Wells, sat at an adjoining table.

Fitzgerald Abandons Foss

The longer Col. Gaston tarried at the Bellevue the more insistent the out-of-town delegates became that he should allow the use of his name as a candidate.

Word reached the colonel's table early in the evening that the Foss managers were perplexed and that they feared that the congressman's boom had collapsed. A hurried consultation was held by the Foss men at headquarters late yesterday afternoon and word was sent out that unless heroic and practical measures were resorted to the Foss movement would die a natural death and there was grave danger of either Vahey, Hamlin or Gaston being nominated.

Chairman Macleod, who had been dining at the Bellevue also, was sent for and informed that the Foss movement was in a bad way.

He was informed that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the Foss movement on the ground that the labor men would not stand for Foss nomination. This, it was said, he told Mr. Foss himself after he had conferred with Vice Pres. Duncan of the A. F. of L. and John Golden, prominent in textile circles.

Mr. Macleod told his intimates at dinner that Fitzgerald had quit the Foss movement.

The announcement that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the attempt to nominate Foss gave a great impetus to the Gaston boom, and the Vahey and Hamlin forces were correspondingly depressed. Representatives of both of these factions acknowledged that the Gaston talk had upset their plans, but none of them would say anything against the candidacy of Col. Gaston, who has twice led the party as its candidate for governor.

All of the Vahey and Hamlin men about town last evening had a good word to say for Col. Gaston and nobody denied that he would make an excellent candidate. There is little doubt, Col. Gaston's friends said, that his name will be presented to the convention and that his candidacy will be seriously considered.

It is felt that Mayor Fitzgerald will not oppose him as the colonel, it is claimed, has always been friendly to him in all of his political fights.

Labor Leaders See Fitzgerald

The purpose which prompted the

W. A. LEW'S
Steam Dying and
Cleansing Works
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
29 John St. Morris Block

House Bargain
Roger Street Section

9-room house, furnace heat, bath, open plumbing, hot and cold water, tubs, soapstone sink, hardwood floors throughout, open fireplace, lot of land, 70x36 feet; will sell at a bargain.

BYAM BROS.
97 Central Street

Taylor Roofing Co.

In case your roof needs shingling or a gravel roof you can call up the above number and get the lowest figures. We use Galvanized iron, and warrant all our work. Tel. 331-10.

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Messrs. Crowley and Cole, the Hamlin managers, united late in the evening in the following statement:

"The collapse of the Foss boom today has made it plain that our original intention—that Mr. Hamlin would be nominated on the first ballot—was justified in every way. When we gave voice to that we had a very exact idea of our delegate strength, and what has happened is just what we expected."

The Hamlin campaign has been run solely for the purpose of presenting his claims for the nomination. The candidate has himself talked to the delegates and early outlined his platform for their information.

"His services as arbitrator in labor disputes, which have brought about increased wages and increased hours of labor to over 6000 men in this state, have secured for him the indorsement of employers and employees alike for the justice of the decisions at which he has assisted."

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The rush to the Hamlin standard began early yesterday morning and continued through the entire day. By 10 Mr. Hamlin was obliged to leave his law-office and go to the public headquarters in Young's. He found an even larger crowd there and finally a new suite of rooms was taken.

Messrs. Crowley and Cole, the Hamlin managers, united late in the evening in the following statement:

"The collapse of the Foss boom today has made it plain that our original intention—that Mr. Hamlin would be nominated on the first ballot—was justified in every way. When we gave voice to that we had a very exact idea of our delegate strength, and what has happened is just what we expected."

The Hamlin campaign has been run solely for the purpose of presenting his claims for the nomination. The candidate has himself talked to the delegates and early outlined his platform for their information.

"His services as arbitrator in labor disputes, which have brought about increased wages and increased hours of labor to over 6000 men in this state, have secured for him the indorsement of employers and employees alike for the justice of the decisions at which he has assisted."

"The Hamlin victory belongs to the democratic party as a whole. No campaign machine, no matter how elaborate—could have brought the remarkable indorsement of Mr. Hamlin to the present state, were it not that the public itself was demanding his nomination."

The purpose was not to induce Mayor Fitzgerald to become a candidate for governor.

"Their purpose," said this authority, "was to tell the mayor that if he were supporting Congressman Foss as a gubernatorial candidate under the impression that the congressman would be satisfactory as a candidate to labor, then the mayor was much mistaken. The labor representatives made it plain that they did not look with favor upon Mr. Foss's candidacy."

"There was no discussion as to supporting Mr. Fitzgerald as a candidate, then the mayor made it plain to them that he had announced his position several days ago, and was not a candidate. The mayor reiterated that his position was unchanged today."

"The labor representatives went further into the question of candidates for governor, and made it plain that either Mr. Hamlin or Mr. Vahey would be acceptable to labor. Regarding Mr. Vahey, they said that in the past he had supported him and would do it again if he was nominated."

"Mr. Hamlin was also acceptable, and while he belonged to no labor organization he had always been fair to labor. In their opinion, however, the contest lay between Mr. Hamlin and Mr. Foss and they desired the mayor to know that between those two men Mr. Hamlin would be acceptable and Mr. Foss would not be acceptable as a candidate."

Doherty and Walsh Booms

Two other unexpected booms started yesterday for lieutenant governor. Yesterday's favorite was Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield. Following close on to the heels of the Doherty announcement was the statement that Worcester friends of David I. Walsh of Fitchburg had put him into the contest for second place. Friends of Doherty, who is a big whip manufacturer, said that his nomination would solve the difficulty of choosing between ex-Mayor Harper of Springfield and ex-Mayor Connor of Northampton, whose friends are saying all sorts of unpleasant things about one another.

Doherty is well to do, a leading business man of the western part of the state, and his friends believe that he would give Lieut. Gov. Frothingham a great run for the second place on the ticket. The mention of Doherty's name caused a great deal of praise from all factions of the party, and most of the leaders last evening said that if Doherty wants the nomination he ought to have it.

Walsh, it was pointed out, was a most available man, and comes from a section which casts a big democratic vote.

Vahey's Latest Claims

Vahey's campaign committee issued the following statement last night:

"The list of convention committees and the nomination of chairmanships are stated by the state committee were made up without consulting Mr. Vahey or with his advisors. There is, however, absolutely no objection to most of the men named, but it is exceedingly unfair to award the places of honor to men who have been exceptionally active for one candidate and shut out representatives of the other candidates."

"The convention will have enough to attend to and enough work to do without bothering with such details. We hope the state committee will have the good sense to adjust this matter so that there need be no contest over it at the convention."

"There are more delegates pledged to Mr. Vahey than to any other candidate, but we have no fear of the Australian ballot

TROUBLE IN PORTUGAL

MANY WITNESSES THE MONARCHY EXTRA

Testify in the Suit of Brown vs.
Harrington TodayTestimony Deals With the Food
Supply, Its Quantity and Quali-
ty in 1909—Nurse at Farm
Testified That Supply of Food
Was Deficient in Part of 1909
and That Conditions Improved
After Mr. Howe Went There
—Other Employees of Charities
Department Gave Evidence

The third day's proceedings in the case of Brown vs. Harrington were begun at 10 o'clock with John H. Danton, baker at the city farm, on the stand for cross examination.

"Was there any difference in the food prepared by you in 1909 and other years?" asked Mr. Hill.

"It was about the same."

"What did they have for breakfast?"

"Rolled oats, bread, tea or coffee, and in the hospital they got butter."

"For supper?"

"Rolled oats, bread and tea. Then there was pudding and toast in the hospital."

"For dinner?"

"On Monday, corned beef, cabbage, when we had it, and tea. Tuesday, mutton stew with potatoes in it; Wednesday, peasoup; Thursday, squash from the farm and turnips; Friday, fresh fish one week, salt cod the next; Saturday, vegetable soup in winter and in summer beefsteak. Sunday, beans."

"Did that all differ from that of previous years?"

"If I remember rightly it was about the same."

"You served cabbage and squash when you had them?"

"When we had them we gave them to the inmates. Of course in the summer we didn't have them. Whatever we raised we served."

"Did you have more green stuff in 1909 than previous years?"

"If I remember right, I think we did."

"How did you prepare the tea?"

"We first heated the water in the tank. At 3:30 we put in the tea bag and kept it there until 11 o'clock and then we took out the tea bag."

"Did you have any trouble with the water in 1909?"

"Yes, the water was bad and it made the tea bad until Mr. Mayberry got a filter."

"What time of year was that?"

"I don't remember."

"Was there any time that you were short of meat?"

"If I remember rightly there were times that I didn't get as much as I ought to. I complained to the clerk at the store house but he didn't make any change so that I look what I got and said nothing."

On redirect examination Mr. Danton was asked if he had talked with Mr. Brown, Mr. Mayberry or Mr. Hill since yesterday and he replied negatively.

Mr. Qua reviewed the menus with the witness.

"What kind of beef did you use?"

"You'll have to ask the butcher. I just called it fresh beef."

"All the meat served was either boiled or stewed?"

"Yes sir."

"Do you remember in what part of the institution the strawberries were served?"

"Well, they'd send them around as far as they'd go. They were raised on the farm."

"Did all the able bodied inmates get strawberries?"

"I think so."

Mr. Hill at this point asked if the inmates ever got clams and the witness replied that sometimes they got clam chowder instead of fish.

"Now Mr. Witness all the vegetables served at the farm were raised there?" asked Mr. Qua.

"Yes."

"And the only time vegetables were served to the inmates was after the summer when they had grown and had been harvested?"

"Yes sir."

Thomas J. Flynn

Thomas J. Flynn, driver of the supply wagon and in charge of the store house testified.

"Was there as much meat bought for the inmates in 1909 as formerly?" asked Mr. Qua.

"I don't think so," replied the witness.

Mr. Qua asked a question relative to the outdoor relief and Mr. Hill objected on the ground that the article referred to the poor at the city farm only.

Mr. Qua argued that in another place the article referred to the poor who lived away from the farm.

The court ruled that the questions should refer solely to the inmates of the farm and the defence saved an exception.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hill, Mr. Flynn said he ordered the food for the farm in 1909 through the purchasing agent.

"How did you make up your mind as to how much meat you needed?"

"I guessed at it."

"But you are of the opinion that less meat was furnished in 1909?" asked Mr. Qua.

"Yes sir."

Thomas F. Danahy

Thomas F. Danahy, formerly receiving officer, but now a nurse, was the next witness.

"Did you notice that food supplies were reduced under Mr. Mayberry?"

"Yes sir, for the first two months. The inmates would ask me for more and I didn't have it to give them. Then it got better and there was an improvement along the latter part of July Mr. Mayberry's administration. In July Mr. Mayberry ordered molasses on the men's table and later he gave them sugar and later milk. There was much complaint against the tea. It didn't look like tea and I can't describe just what it was."

"On holidays and once a week," continued Mr. Danahy, "the men received olive oil or butterine. I never tasted it."

"Do you remember Mayor Brown going to the institution and getting statements from the officers?"

"Yes, I think it was in December after election."

"Do you remember what he said to you?"

"He asked me how I found things going and I told him about as I have testified. He had me swear to what I told him."

"Did you see the mayor there before that?"

"I saw him there once or twice. I remember seeing him there one morning in October."

Cross examined by Mr. Hill, witness said he had charge of the men who were able to work and the alcoholic inmates.

"In any part of 1909 did the men in your charge have milk?"

"Yes, at one time."

"Did they ever have molasses before 1909?"

"Molasses was served before that time."

"Did you see any men who were suffering from lack of food?"

"When they came in they were."

"Were the men served with more green stuff in 1909 than formerly?"

"Well, in the line of beans and peas they probably got a little more."

By Mr. Qua: "These vegetables were not served until they were raised on the farm?"

"They were not."

"And you had no vegetables but potatoes in the early part of the year?"

"Only potatoes and winter cabbage."

"And the milk?"

"The men got the milk that was not needed in the hospital."

"And all the meat was boiled or stewed?"

"Except on Fourth of July, Thanksgiving and Christmas, when they got roast meat."

Latest cable advices officially confirm that Portugal is swept by a revolution of far-reaching extent, threatening the safety of the royal family and the existence of the monarchy itself.

The royal palace at Lisbon has been under bombardment from warships which have made common cause with the revolutionists. The extent of the destruction and loss of life is not yet known, owing to rigorous censorship and the interruption of telegraphic communication.

King Manuel, apparently, has fled from the capital and sought refuge on board a foreign warship either Brazilian or British. Early advices today to the French foreign office stated that the king was still at the palace last night, resisting the advance of the revolutionists. Later the Brazilian legation at Paris was advised that the king had taken refuge aboard the Brazilian battleship San Paulo, now at Lisbon in connection with the visit of President-elect Ponce de Albuquerque.

British warships have been rushed from Gibraltar to the scene of disaster and the Paris Temps, a governmental paper, is informed that the king had gone aboard one of the British ships.

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6 O'CLOCK

AMES RENOMINATED

No Opposition to Congressman in Convention Today

The Fifth Congressional Republican convention came to order this morning in the republican headquarters and placed in nomination Col. Butler Ames of Lowell for the fifth consecutive term for congress. The convention was extremely harmonious and everything went off as previously arranged by the leaders, other than a few unlooked-for remarks by the permanent chairman, Hon. Newton P. Frye of North Andover, who sounded the keynote of the old doctrine of the republican party. He said that there were no insurgents, no standpaters, or any others who should be considered, nothing but pure and simple, real republican doctrine should be preached.

Joseph H. Legare, private secretary to Congressman Butler Ames, called the convention to order, as the chairman of the district convention, and Secretary George F. Frederick of Methuen under instruction from the chairman read the call for the convention. After the secretary read the call, the temporary chairman appointed the following committee on credentials: Fred M. Abbott, of Lawrence; R. W. Dow, of Methuen; Charles F. Copeland, of Lowell; F. A. D. Singh, of Billerica; and Nesbit Gleason of Andover. This committee retired and reported that there were but 61 delegates present.

A motion was then made that the temporary organization be made permanent, but Temporary Chairman Mr. Legare, said he could not serve, and while he thanked the convention for their confidence in him he would rather have some more distinguished gentleman serve, and the Hon. Newton P. Frye of North Andover was chosen permanent chairman and the temporary secretary.

Mr. Frederick was made the permanent secretary. David A. Bailey of Lawrence placed in nomination the name of Col. Butler Ames as the candidate for congress, in a very eloquent speech, and the nomination was seconded by ex-Alderman George H. Taylor of Lowell. The secretary of the convention was instructed to cast one ballot for the nominee, which was done amid great applause. The congressman was escorted to the platform and delivered a speech in which he took particular occasion to say that the next speaker of the national house of representatives would be a man of today, not of the past, and I assure you that it will not be the present speaker, "Uncle Joe."

Congressman Ames in accepting the nomination, said in part:

"Dangerous to our party's welfare are those who are oblivious to the desire and wishes of the people generally, and such are the bosses in our party, whose very age makes them so conservative and so non-progressive that public uprising threatens our party's leadership."

"I have endeavored to hold myself, at all times, free to vote and act upon the desires of my constituency and not to be the slave of any ring or machine. I've held my views as my own reason dictated, with no allegiance to any corporation influence."

"If my people are insurgents or progressives in their desires and hopes, then by all means class me as a progressive, too. I have the animosity and opposition now of the large corporation interests in the state, not because

any vote of mine has been cast against what was right or best or proper in the community, but because I've dared to stand for what was proper against their selfish desires, and because I am not a willing tool to their purposes. I have no fear that the people of this district will turn against those who serve them faithfully."

"Following the desires of Massachusetts and this district, I introduced a resolution last winter expressing the sense of congress of the desirability of freer and closer trade relations with Canada. It had the approval of the president, Mr. Taft, but the old guard headed by Payne and Dabell and Cannon, controlling the committee on ways and means would have none of it, even though I secured the signatures of a third of the republican membership asking for a hearing and a favorable report. I am glad that Sec. Knox has instituted negotiations within the last month with Canada, and Canada seems to be in a receptive mood."

"It will not be necessary for me to formally announce that I will not lend my vote to elect a speaker whose organization and control of the house has been to dominate and dictate every sphere of legislative action. It would be better for the peace of mind of the country that we made the most egregious mistakes in legislating for the common good, than to have the legislation controlled and dictated at the behest of the desire or belief of one man, no matter how wise or how good or how bad he may be."

"The congress of today should and will elect a speaker of today and not one of the past, and to those who have followed my course in congress, it is but reiteration to state that I will not vote for Mr. Cannon as speaker."

"I am a believer in our country and its institutions, in our people and their ultimate wisdom. I believe in our president, William H. Taft, in his honesty, his conscientiousness and in his singleness of purpose to obey his oath of office. I believe in our supreme and in all other courts, as necessary and as much a part of our body politic as our individual heads are necessary as a part of our bodies corporate. And above all I believe in and have confidence in our congress of the U. S., in its collective honesty, its wisdom and its integrity."

"If elected I pledge myself to serve the district as honestly and as faithfully as in the past; and perhaps with a shade more of knowledge and of experience."

The following district committee was appointed, the same committee as last year, with one exception:

Andover, Edward Brooks; Billerica, Chas. H. Kehrbaum; Burlington, Thos. Q. Reed; Carlisle, W. A. Prescott; Chelmsford, M. A. Warren; Dracut, Geo. H. Stevens; Dunstable, E. P. Proctor; Lynnfield, J. P. Ingraham, Jr.; Lawrence, David Bailey, Fred N. Abbott; Lowell, Lucius E. Derby, J. A. Legare, John C. Wilson; Methuen, Geo. G. Frederick; North Andover, Hon. N. P. Frye; North Reading, E. A. Carpenter; Reading, E. B. Drake; Tewksbury, Enoch Foster; Tyngsboro, Wm. Barry; Wilmington, Chas. Sargent.

After the convention adjourned the district committee met and elected Joseph A. Legare, of Lowell, as chairman, and George G. Frederick, of Methuen, as secretary. The convention then adjourned to the American House for lunch.

A DISASTROUS FIRE

NORTH SYDNEY, N. S., Oct. 5.—The most disastrous fire that North Sydney has experienced in some time broke out today and destroyed two buildings causing a loss of \$30,000. The firms occupying the burned buildings were: McKenzie & Hickey, general men's furnisiers; P. H. Rudderham, druggist; Allen and Dewolf, wholesale grocers, and the Canadian Express Co.'s office. The loss is about half covered by insurance.

GRAND CEREMONY

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Three cardinals, the most notable company of prelates of exalted rank ever assembled in this country, among them sixty bishops, together with a host of lesser church dignitaries, participated in the ceremonies attendant upon the consecration of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic cathedral here today.

Outside the cathedral was surrounded by tall flagstaffs placed every few feet on three sides, the Stars and Stripes and the papal flag alternating on them, while over the doors were papal shields. Laurel and autumn leaves were conspicuous in the interior adornment of the massive edifice on Fifth avenue. The ceremonies began by Archbishop Parley and his attendants in procession around the edifice blessing the walls. The following ceremony consisted in the anointing of twelve crosses on the inner wall with the form: "Sanctificetur consecratur hoc templum."

Vast crowds surrounded the cathedral for blocks while the ceremony, perhaps the most impressive ever witnessed in the history of Catholicism in America, was in progress.

A pontifical high mass at 11 o'clock, celebrated by Cardinal Gibbons, and pontifical vespers at 8 o'clock, at which Mgr. Falconio, the apostolic delegate will be the celebrant, were other notable parts of the day's ceremonies.

THE MONARCHY

(Continued)

REVOLUTIONISTS IN CONTROL OF LISBON SITUATION

LONDON, Oct. 5.—There is a possibility that Great Britain will use its good offices to secure respect for the persons of King Manuel and the queen mother, Amelia of Portugal, from the revolutionists, who are reported to be in control at Lisbon. There is much public sympathy here for King Manuel. It is explained that it is too much to expect of a boy that he would be a force in politics.

As to the reflections on his private life, all such suspicion is new in this country.

The close relations between the ruling houses and government of Great Britain and Portugal give the empire a direct interest in the outcome of the revolution.

A wireless message received by the admiralty department today confirmed the press despatches that reported a revolution in Lisbon. The British government ordered warships to Lisbon to protect the interests of the British subjects.

Then followed a long conference at the British foreign office between Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, and Marquis de Soveral, the Portuguese minister to Great Britain, and from the fact of this prompt conference it is concluded generally that Great Britain will use her friendly offices in the emergency.

King Manuel visited England last year and has been here three times since he was called to the throne.

To those who have followed affairs in Portugal the news of the revolution is not new. For some time past the weekly telegraphic news from Lisbon has been censored but mail letters from correspondents at the Portuguese capital have drawn attention to the growing strength of the republicans, as shown in the recent elections, and to the waning popularity of the monarch.

The correspondents predicted important happenings at an early date. A London firm which does a large business in Portugal received a cablegram this morning from Oporto containing an order for goods. This is an indication that the revolution up to this morning had been confined to Lisbon. This is the only wire message received from Portugal in the past 24 hours. The cable between Lisbon and the Azores is interrupted.

The Portuguese legation here also is without official advice. Acting, however, on the news despatches, the Marquis de Soveral, Portuguese minister to Great Britain, called at the foreign office early today and had a long conference with Sir Edward Grey.

Foreign Secretary Sir Arthur Nicholson, secretary of the foreign office, upon hearing, through private sources last night, that telegraphic communication with Lisbon was interrupted, sent a message to British Minister Sir P. Villiers asking the cause. This message, like all other messages, was received at the cable office at the sending office and no response was received.

The Eastern Telegraph Co. has had no communication with Portugal since yesterday and the direct Spanish company, which works its wires through Spain, reports no communication today beyond Madrid.

Portuguese securities fell today two points and consols eased 1/2. There was not much selling.

The Portuguese consulate also was without official information from Lisbon. An official of the consulate said candidly that the news of a revolution was not unexpected.

"For a long time," he said, "there



KING MANUEL II OF PORTUGAL

had been great dissatisfaction with the state of affairs on the part of the republicans, mainly because they had concluded from the progress made by Brazil that progress could be made in Portugal only under a republican form of government."

Mateus De Saupalo, a Portuguese deputy and personal friend of King Manuel, who was in London yesterday, had occasion to forward a telegram to his home in regard to the proposed visit there by King Manuel.

He received an invitation, sent through the telegraph company, that it would be impossible for his majesty to be delivered.

THE ONLY NEWS WAS BY WIRELESS

MADRID, Oct. 5.—There has been no communication between Madrid and the Portuguese capital since Tuesday morning. The only news of the revolution came by wireless from Santarém.

It is believed here that the revolutionists have cut the telephone and telegraph wires with the intention to restore them only when they are prepared to announce to the world that a republic has been proclaimed.

PORTUGAL IS ISOLATED

FROM REST OF WORLD

PARIS, Oct. 5.—It is reported at the Portuguese legation here today that King Manuel had taken refuge on the Brazilian battleship São Paulo. Portugal since yesterday has been isolated from the rest of the world and certain reports declare that that country is in the throes of a violent revolution. All of the navy and a

part of the army are reported to have deserted the monarchy and to have cast in their lots with the revolutionists.

The Portuguese warships shelled the royal palace while land forces after desperate fighting in the streets dragged down the royal standard and raised the banner of the republic. King Manuel is said to be a prisoner in the palace.

Though a revolution, peaceful or accomplished with violence, was not expected, it is generally believed that the immediate cause was the assassination in the capital of Prof. Bombarda, the republican deputy and chief of the Liberal league by a lieutenant of the army. So intense was the feeling against the throne that this incident, comparatively trivial in itself, was sufficient to start the outbreak.

Portugal, following the example of Spain, has been imbued in recent years with a strong anti-clerical sentiment and the government program included a revision of the status of the religious orders.

President-elect Fonseca of Brazil recently arrived in Lisbon, and last night a grand banquet was to have been given him by King Manuel. Accordingly the Brazilian president must have been a witness of scenes similar to those of 1889 in Brazil when the Portuguese empire was overthrown.

Evidence of the activity of those who aimed at the throne, have been found frequently of late. On Sept. 20 the police raided a bomb factory and arrested ten persons. This action was said to have followed the discovery of a widespread anti-monarchical plot with ramifications throughout the kingdom.

El Imparcial, an official organ, at that time declared the government was prepared to mercilessly crush a revolt.

GREAT APPREHENSION FELT

OVER NEWS FROM PORTUGAL

ROME, Oct. 5.—Great apprehension is felt here over the news from Portugal. Private reports are to the effect that the royal family has been imprisoned and a republic proclaimed.

Interest here is intense, especially as the queen dowager Maria Pia of Portugal is an aunt of the Italian king, while the vatican is anxious over the religious situation and the possible effect it may produce in Spain.

BATTLE IN PROGRESS

IN LISBON GARRISON

BADAJOS, Spain, Oct. 5.—The few messages which had reached the frontier this afternoon, from correspondents in Portugal had been mutilated by censorship. It seems certain from them, however, that a battle was in progress and a large portion of the Lisbon garrison had joined with the revolutionists.

W. C. T. UNION

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 5.—Delegates to the number of 160 arrived in this city today to attend the 36th annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Rhode Island. The meeting was opened by a devotional service conducted by Mrs. E. P. Nichols. Several addresses were delivered by prominent members of the union, following which the reports of the various officers were read. Later in the day committees for the ensuing year were appointed.

FUNERALS

RAFFERTY.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Ellen Rafferty took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her home, 601 Gorham street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church, where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. O'Brien. The choir under the direction of James E. Donnelly sang the Gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Mr. Donnelly and Miss Whiteley. Mrs. McKenney presiding at the organ. Among the many beautiful floral tributes were a large pillow inscribed "Mother" from the family; sheaf of wheat with purple ribbon inscribed "Aunt" from Miss Minnie Rafferty and Miss Rosa Kelley; and a large wreath from Mr. Frederick Welch and friend. The bearers were Michael Kelley, Eugene McGreevey, Edward O'Brien and Ralph Clark. At the grave Rev. Fr. O'Brien read the committal prayers, and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEATHS

CUMMINGS.—Dorothy Cummings, aged 8 months, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick J. Cummings, 50 Elm street, this morning.

PRICE OF SUGAR REDUCED

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced five cents a hundred pounds today.

INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The men in charge of the state campaigns of both the republican and democratic parties are waiting with interest for the action of the independence league slate convention which meets late this afternoon. There has been some talk that the league may endorse the candidacy of Henry L. Stimson, the republican nominee for governor, with Hearst as lieutenant-governor.

MATRIMONIAL

A very pretty fall wedding occurred at the home of the bride's brother, Mr. Norman T. Wilcox, of Burr street, this morning, when in the presence of friends and relatives Miss Clara Wilcox and Mr. Charles Z. Burdick were united in marriage by Rev. A. Frederick. The newly married couple are residing at the present time in Meriden, Conn.

PLATFORM FIGHT

IS BIG ISSUE IN REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The political pots in Massachusetts, especially those in the democratic camp, boiled furiously today. Although there was considerable activity in republican circles, platform planks and not candidates were the principal issues. With the democrats, however, the matter of a candidate for governor to be nominated at the state convention tomorrow, was still in dispute.

Today the democratic field of gubernatorial aspirants had been practically narrowed to two men who are openly seeking the nomination. These were Charles Hamilton of Boston, former assistant secretary of the treasury under President Cleveland and James H. Vahey of Watertown, a former member of Massachusetts senate and the party's candidate for governor in 1908 and 1909.

Congressman Eugene Foss, the one time republican who had been supported enthusiastically for the gubernatorial nomination this year, was believed by all practical politicians to be out of the race today, organized labor having secured notice on Mayor Fitzgerald's platform and other Foss adherents that the labor vote of the state would not be given to Foss on account of his record as an employer and as a member of congress. As an employer the labor leaders, President John Golden of the United Textile Workers and Vice President James Duncan of the American Federation of Labor, said that Foss had been unfair to organized labor and President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor has declared that Mr. Foss' stand in congress on matters affecting labor had shown him to be hostile or indifferent to labor's interests.

After Mayor Fitzgerald announced last night that he had withdrawn his support of Mr. Foss because of the stand of the labor leaders there was great rejoicing in the Hamilton and Vahey camps and the managers of each of the two remaining candidates claimed the victory for their respective men. Then came the report that Colonel William A. Gaston, twice an unsuccessful gubernatorial candidate, was being groomed for the nomination. Colonel Gaston said last night that he would not be a candidate but this declaration did not silence the talk of the colonel's availability.

The republican convention is held tomorrow simultaneously with all of the democratic though in a different hall. All of the candidates for the state ticket are unopposed but there is a prospect that there may be an animated contest over a platform plank submitted by Joseph Walker, speaker of the Massachusetts house of representatives and declared by Foss to be a permanent independent labor commission, which shall report directly to congress any proposed changes in the tariff schedules.

BAPTIST ASSOCIATION

MILFORD, N. H., Oct. 5.—The morning hours of the 56th annual convention of the New Hampshire Baptist Association in session at the First Baptist church here were filled today with interesting reports showing the progress of the various branches of the association during the year past. Resolutions were in order for the various state offices and minor committee appointments were made.

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REV. DR. BURTON

Now President of Smith College

NORTHAMPTON, Oct. 5.—In the presence of a great assembly of educators from all parts of the United States as well as representative scholars of Europe, Rev. Marlon Leroy Burton, D. D., today received the keys and charter of Smith college and became president. Never before had Smith college witnessed such a scene for the first head of the college and he began his work without any ceremony. The great throng of educators in cap and gown with their brilliantly colored doctors' hoods made an impressive spectacle today as they paraded into the new assembly hall where the ceremonies were performed.

The procession was headed by Dr. Burton and L. Clark Seyles, the president emeritus.

Governor Draper followed the two educators and then came the board of trustees, the president of the alumni association, Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence Clark of Williamstown, the recipients of honorary degrees, members of the college faculty, the delegates from the alumni organizations and the members of the students' council.

President Seyles offered the invocation and the formal exercises began. Accepting the charter, President Burton pledged himself to maintain the ideals of Smith college.

Then came addresses of greeting by Gov. Draper, President Lowell of Harvard, Dean Tyler of the faculty of State College, Mrs. Mary Day of Syracuse, N. Y., president of the alumni association, who pledged loyalty and support of the alumni body, and Miss Sarah Campbell Evans of Augusta, Ga., a member of the junior class and president of the students' council, who welcomed President Burton to the college.

Following the anthem "Lift Thine Eyes," from Mendelssohn's Elijah, by the college choir, President Burton delivered his inaugural address.

As he closed the choir sang "O God, Our Help in Ages Past," and the conferring of the honorary degrees began.

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Following

GRACE'S FUTURITY

Colorado E. Defeated in the Kentucky Races

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 5.—Grace, the beautiful daughter of Peter, the Great and Oranina, yesterday afternoon, accomplished a task that her sister, Czarevna, so splendidly attempted a year ago, that of placing her name on the honor roll of the Kentucky futurity.

Colorado E, 2.05 3-4, holder of the record for 3 year old trotters, was forced to bow before this grand racing mare from Cleveland. The champion went down to defeat with colors flying and last night had more admirers because of the race he trotted than his wonderful speed flights have ever made for him.

Not in the 18 years that the futurity has had a place on the Lexington program has there been a more pleasing contest for the large crowd which gathered to see the famous event.

The race yesterday was fast, and even the most outspoken decliners of the three-in-five system admit it was a credit to the sport. The time, 2.08 1/2, 2.08, 2.10, 2.09 1/2, may seem a trifle slow, but the wind was blowing a gale, so that 2.03 pacers could not touch 2.04.

Grace fairly outpaced the Denver speed marvel, but many friends of Colorado E say that Macey handled his prize pupil poorly. No one, however, says the great colt was not himself, so to the daughter of Peter the Great belongs all the glory that justly goes to the conqueror of a champion.

The race was a happy disappointment, as it was figured that Colorado E and Native Belle would race themselves to death. The Moko filly, who 12 months ago in the junior division of the futurity trotted in 2.07 1/2 and made a show of Colorado E, was not a dangerous factor. In two heats she broke

and in the other two died away on a trot.

Race in Detail

Colorado E took the first heat as he has won all his others this season, by rushing off in front and finishing with something to spare. Macey was in trouble early in the second heat, for going into the turn his colt shifted to a pace and before he could get him squared away he and Native Belle, who had made a break, were behind their field.

Up the back stretch these speed wonders flew, marching the middle half in 1.01 in trying to overhaul Emily Ellen. But the advantage of the Tod filly was too great, her rivals falling short in the drive at the finish.

The next trip Macey made no effort to carry his colt around the turn fast, but when out of it he turned Colorado E loose and a quarter in 30 seconds killed off Emily Ellen. The followers of the Denver youngster were all smiles, as they looked for a repetition of the first heat.

Swinging into the stretch the white face of Grace was seen at Macey's side. At the drawgate the chestnut filly was at the colt's saddle, and under a hard drive outtrotted him to the wire, winning by a head in 2.08, the fastest heat of the race.

She D set the pace for half a mile in the fourth heat; then Colorado E moved to the front again, being forced into second place by the rush of Grace through the stretch.

The fifth heat was much the same, except that Colorado E took the lead earlier in the mile. McDewitt waited until headed for home before making his drive.

THREE VIEWS OF JOHNNY EVERS, THE CHICAGO CUBS' GREAT STAR



CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Despite the fact that Johnny Evers, the Cubs' great second baseman, will not be able to play in the coming series with Philadelphia for the world's honors, many experts here are still sure that Chance's baseball machine will carry off the honors. While the injury to Evers was a terrible blow to the Cubs, they figure that the team received similar blows all year and yet managed to play great ball. They point to the fact that Zimmerman, who has succeeded Evers at station No. 2, is putting up a grand game and battling hard. In a recent game in Cincinnati

he performed a feat that never has been equaled in the league park grounds. He knocked two balls over the left field fence for home runs. Previous to this there had never been a ball put over the fence during a game on the Cincinnati grounds. There were several such hits before the present grounds were reconstructed. Zimmerman scored all three runs secured by the Cubs. While it must be conceded that Zimmerman is filling Evers' shoes as well as anyone could, still the latter's services will be missed in the coming series. Evers is one of the grandest players the national pastime

has known. To Frank Chance's machine he is more than this. He is the chief cog about which the greatest baseball mechanism of all times has been constructed. It has been noticeable for years that the Cubs were able to get along nicely in the absence of most of their stars with the one exception of Johnny Evers. When the Troy prodigy has been out of the game the great Cubs have invariably slumped. With every star intact the Cubs would have a hard time defeating the Athletics. With Evers in the hospital the Chicago club will more than have its hands full.

HENRY STIMSON

Accepts Nomination for Governor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—In accepting the republican nomination for governor of New York yesterday, Mr. Stimson said, in part:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the notification committee:

"With a high appreciation of the honor conferred by the convention, and with a profound sense of the responsibility assumed, I accept the nomination for governor.

"I am deeply impressed with the importance of the mission of the republican party as a leader in progress. As our governments, state and national, confront the successive problems which are raised by the great industrial and social changes of our country, the welfare of the people and the security of their material interests will be found to depend in very large measure upon whether or not the leadership in such changes is taken by the republican party. The giant growth of our commerce and our industries, the absorption of our free land, the gradual change of the American nation from a farming people to one largely living in cities with needs far more diversified than those of their fathers, have made and are making necessary a constant growth in our system of laws and in their administration. If the intelligent and prosperous business men of the country continue to participate in this movement, the necessary changes will be wise, constructive and permanent. Should they, on the contrary, go into opposition, the necessary reform would still undoubtedly come eventually; but they would come less wisely and conservatively, and with far more likelihood of disturbance to business and to the public."

After reviewing recent federal legislation, Mr. Stimson said:

"The coming campaign is a state campaign, to be decided upon state issues. In the case of our state government, alarm against progress is not only groundless, but inconsistent. For a progressive and efficient state government is the surest safeguard against undue extension of federal power. Those who profess fear of undue activity by our national government should be the first to insist upon vigorous and forward policy in the state. States rights will be best conserved by a vigorous fulfillment of state duties. Yet the same opposition has greeted most, if not all, of the series of republican measures of economic and social legislation which have been enacted under the brilliant leadership of Governor Hughes. It is well to bear in mind the long list of such progressive enactments, all of which

when challenged have received the approval of the courts. The public service law, with its amendments, including the effective control of gas and electric light companies; laws making more effective the supervision of insurance and banking; the pure food and inspection law; acts requiring sanitary conditions in factories, safeguarding the employees and limiting the hours of employment for minors; the act strengthening the semi-monthly payroll; and regulating employment agencies; the recent act providing for the regulation of telegraph and telephone companies; and, finally, and of great importance, the act establishing in New York for the first time in the Union the principle of compulsory compensation for industrial accidents, and correcting much of the gross injustice of our negligence law.

"Such is the record of our party as a progressive party. . . . Legitimate business has nothing to fear from such a program. Such progress in the past has never been inconsistent with permanent prosperity. On the contrary, it is an insurance against ultimate disaster."

Mr. Stimson then entered upon a criticism of Tammany hall, and continued:

"I pledge myself, if elected, to the principles of constitutional progress which I have outlined, and to a vigorous continuance and development of these policies of Governor Hughes."

Turning to the question of direct nominations, Mr. Stimson said:

"The issue upon which the attention of the state during the past two years has been most closely concentrated has been that of direct nominations. We all recognize the need of the system of elective offices is so large, and the consequent political machinery involved in nominations so complex, that the average citizen leaves such matters to the control of more or less professional leaders or bosses. Upon the nominating convention, under such circumstances, it is easier for the compact special interests to make their influence felt, than for the unorganized public at large. Out of these difficulties arises frequently that corrupt combination of dishonest business and political politics which is such a serious menace to our modern political life.

"It is against this evil that the system of direct nominations is aimed. Its purpose is to bring the candidate into more direct relations with the electors; in this way to protect and insure true representative government, and to eliminate the boss and the convention with their opportunities for professionalism and corruption. It may be that the evil cannot be entirely cured until we simplify our elections by direct nomination of the number of electors, and upon whom we do elect, and in my judgment one of the great political reforms of the future lies along the lines of the so-called Short Ballot system. That reform, however, rests in the future. It requires much

public discussion and constitutional amendment for its adoption. The system of direct nominations requires no such delay. The platforms of both parties contain declarations in its favor. Under such circumstances the records of the two parties furnish the best guide to the electors as to the sincerity of their professions. It is to the republican party that all of the statutes now upon the statute books safeguarding the present conduct of primary elections are due. . . . In the last legislature a majority of the republicans in both houses voted in favor of this legislation, and it was defeated through the action of a majority of the democrats in both houses. At the republican convention at Saratoga, after a full and open debate upon the question, our party pledged itself definitely to the enactment of the principle into law. I undertake, if elected, to use the constitutional powers of my office to that end."

FUNERAL NOTICES

BURNS—Died Oct. 4th, in this city. Mrs. Kezla Burns, aged 74 years at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary J. Downes, 11 Hazeltine street. Private funeral services will be held at 11 Hazeltine street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healy.

PRINCE—In Chelmsford Centre, Oct. 4. Mrs. Ann M. Peppin, aged 77 years 9 months, 10 days. Funeral services will be held from the residence, Thursday, Oct. 6, at 2 p.m. Friends invited. Under direction of Undertaker Perham, Chelmsford Centre.

McGUINN—The funeral of Thomas McGuinn will take place from his late home, 650 Gorham street, at 8.30 o'clock Friday morning. Funeral mass at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. John J. O'Connell, undertaker.

O'NEIL—The funeral of Raymond O'Neil will take place Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, 61 Claire street. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. C. H. McIlroy & Sons in charge.

ROSCA—The funeral of the late Joseph Rosca will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from his home, 21 Cross street, and at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

QUINN—The funeral of the late Mary C. Quinn will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from her home, 31 Salem street, and at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

ANGLO—The funeral of the late Michael Anglo will take place Friday morning at 8.15 o'clock from his late home, No. 4 Dalton place, off West Third street, and there will be a high mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

TEWKSBURY INMATES

Were Arraigned Before Judge Hadley This Morning

There were quite a few offenders before Judge Hadley this morning for taking a long walk from the state infirmary in Tewksbury, and they were sent back to the institution. It seems that they walked out the other day and thought they could get work, and then they turned right round again, and walked back, but they could not be received until there was a second permit from Judge Hadley and they were escorted to the station by Constable Gately of Lowell and Constable Farmer of Tewksbury. They all pleaded guilty, and gave the following names: John Connelly, Daniel Finnegan, Patrick Farrick, Joseph Sullivan, William Brown, Thomas Anderson, Thomas Henry, Patrick Lyons and Frank J. McColincher.

Thomas E. Murray was in on the charge of a fourth offence of drunkenness, and as it was his 44th appearance before the court he was sentenced to five months in jail.

John O'Connor came up from Quincy Prison, and now he will not go back again for some little time to come, as he will reside elsewhere for a few months.

Frank E. Austin, a parole man, was sent back to the state farm, and Jos. J. Redmond and Thomas Dreen were fined \$5.

Charles J. Burns will spend the next few months in the Lowell jail.

Mary Lamarche was charged with being drunk and assaulting one of her neighbors, by pulling her hair and bumping her head and otherwise injuring the complainant. She pleaded not guilty, but the court found her guilty upon both charges, and she was sentenced to two months on the charge of drunkenness and three months for assault and battery.

Edward Connor and George Bray, for illegally keeping open on Sunday and transacting an unlawful business, were adjudged guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$5 each.

There were four \$2 drunks, and two released by the probation officer.

CALLED A DRAW

Moran and Moore Went 12 Rounds

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—It is unsettled, as far as decisions go, as to who is the better boxer, Owen Moran of England or Pat Moore of Philadelphia. Their 12-round contest at the Armory, A. A. last night, was declared a draw by Referee Charles White of New York.

While Moran did not show the snap or put up so good an article of boxing as he did in previous bouts here, the contest was a fast and clever one.

To some it looked as if Moran should have got the award, and there were others as positive that Moore was the better fighter. The greater number regarded the decision as a fair one.

The boxers were in good shape. Moran had some advantage in weight and reach on the little Englishman. The latter, instead of boring in all the time, undertook to outbox Moore, but the quicker, with his long reach, showed better at times than did Moran.

About all the forcing was done by Moran, for Moore had planned to let the Britisher bring the work to him, which would help him to do some good countering. He did so.

A couple of times Moore was cautioned about hitting low, but none of the blows he did plant below the mark had any bad effect on Moran.

Moran did some fine feinting and both were clever at blocking and got away well in avoiding blows. There were a number of lively exchanges in which the boxers landed with both hands on face and body, and during this rapid work the members were much enthused.

Moore's long reach bothered Moran considerably, and often he had to jump in with his punch in order to land on the face. Moore never varied from his plan, so there was not the whirlwind finish that there was in his previous bouts in this city.

Moran was much displeased at the referee's decision.

The preliminaries were about the most rugged seen at the club for a long time and excited the members more than did the feature bout. It was a bad night for Uncle Sam's favorites, three of whom were in the preliminaries.

In the first bout Young Jasper, who was substituted for Pat Rocco, stopped J. Broderick, one of the navy cracks, in five rounds.

In the second bout Dick Howell of Nova Scotia was given the decision over W. Rector of the navy at the end of six rounds. It was a great bout, a veritable slugfest.

Joe Geary of Roxbury surprised the members by his work against Bill Nash of the navy in the other bout. He showed more stamina than ever before and though at times he looked like a loser he evened up the score before the six rounds were over and the bout was called a draw.

The program for next Tuesday night's meeting includes six-round bouts between Mark Conley of South Boston and Mike McIntyre of St. John, Young Nadeau of Whitman and Joe White of South Boston, and John Erick of Haverhill and John Gault, the national amateur 115-pound champion. The feature bout of 12 rounds will be between Tommy Quill of Brockton and Leo Houck of Lancaster, Pa.

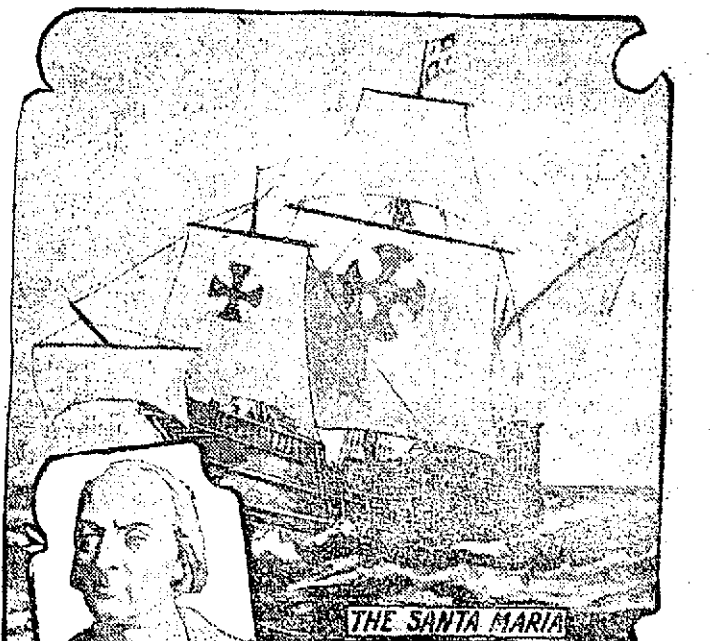
LATER CAR SERVICE

The Boston & Lexington line has introduced a late car service between here and Boston, which will be greatly appreciated by those people who have occasion to visit the local theatres.

A through car from Merrimack square to the elevated station at Sullivan square, Charlestown, leaves here every night now at 11.15 o'clock, arriving at the Boston terminal two hours later. This car was put on especially to accommodate theatre patrons living outside the city.

A car formerly went through as far as Arlington Heights, where a long wait was necessary before it was possible to continue to Boston proper. This has been obviated by the new arrangement, which will provide comparatively quick service to Boston.

COLUMBUS DAY WILL BE OBSERVED IN THIRTEEN STATES



both branches of its legislature passed a resolution "setting aside the 12th day of October each year as a public holiday, to be known as Columbus day."

The governor, who was heartily in favor of the measure, signed it immediately, and the bill became a law. Other states that have made Columbus day a legal holiday are California, Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missis-

souri, Montana, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania. It will doubtless surprise many to know that there are no less than twenty-nine statues and monuments to Columbus in America. There are six in Spain and seven in Italy. What is believed to be the first Columbus shaft erected in the United States is that in Baltimore. It is a hundred years old. There is a fine bust of Columbus in the White House at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Thirteen states have declared Oct. 12 a legal holiday, and the citizens of these divisions of the nation will honor the memory of Christopher Columbus in various ways. It has been largely through the efforts of the Knights of Columbus, an organization of Catholic laymen, that so many states have enacted laws giving the people a holiday. It was Colorado that took the lead in the matter. On April 1, 1907,

CONVERTING ASSETS INTO CASH

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Bank Commissioner Chapin is fast converting the assets of the Greenfield Savings bank into cash so that the bank may resume business. Judge Rugg of the supreme judicial court today authorized the sale to Edwin Moore for \$35,000 of the Berkshire hotel in North Adams and to Clinton Larrabee a tract of land at North Adams on the same account.

NO FEAR OF EPIDEMIC

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—There need not be the slightest fear over the possibility of a cholera epidemic because of a death from cholera at sea on board the steamship Sant Anna, which came into port yesterday and is now held in quarantine. This was the statement made today by the quarantine officials. The cholera victim on the Sant Anna was a steerage passenger.

The 1072 steerage passengers on the Sant Anna were removed to Hoffman island today while two suspicious cases on board have been transferred to Swinburne island hospital. The Moltke, from Naples and Genoa and the Virginia, from Naples, are detained at quarantine. A suspicious case among the Moltke's steerage passengers was removed to Swinburne island. The patient is said to be very ill.

A "suspicious case" removed from the steamship Germania on Sept. 26 proved to be, according to Health Officer Doty, a cholera case. The patient subsequently died.

AMOSKEAG DIRECTORS CHOSEN

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 5.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co., held at noon today, the board of directors was chosen as follows:

T. Jefferson Coolidge, George A. Gardner, Charles W. Amory, George Von L. Meyer, George Wigglesworth, Frederick Dumaine, Frank P. Carpenter, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., T. Parsons.

The reports were accepted and E. L. Homer, E. W. Parker Straw and Edwin F. Jones were elected a committee on accounts. The report of the treasurer, Frederick C. Dumaine, showed the finances of the concern to be in excellent condition.

GIVEN TEN YEARS

Indian Guilty of Trying to Wreck Train

HOULTON, Me., Oct. 5.—In addition to the sentences by Judge Bird in the supreme court yesterday William Gabriel, a Passamaquoddy Indian, received the heaviest sentence of the term 10 years in state prison. Gabriel was convicted of attempting to wreck a Bangor & Aroostook train by placing ties on the track.

Harry Ward of Mars Hill, convicted of forgery, got 18 months in state prison.

BASEBALL AT BROWN

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 5.—With several of its best players on the sidelines because of injuries, Brown university was prepared to line up against Rhode Island State college on Andrews field this afternoon with an entire substitute back field and several new men on the line. For all of this and the fact that the men from the state college have a victory over Tufts and a tie with the Massachusetts Aggies under their belts the Brown men were satisfied that their knowledge of the new rules and a few trick plays would bring a decisive victory to their camp on college hill.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

NORTH ADAMS, Oct. 5.—Convention business and the discussion of Sunday school methods occupied the delegates to the 21st annual meeting of the Massachusetts Sunday School association today. President Augustus R. Smith of Lee presided.

The forenoon was given over to addresses by Rev. B. S. Winchester of Boston on "The Bible, Your Text Book," Rev. Vincent Ravi of Cambridge and Rev. H. A. Durfee of Vermont on "Some Possibilities in Rural Places" and by Rev. Burt Leon York of West Medford on "Foundations for an Effective Sunday School Session."

The treasurer, Rev. W. H. Bryant of Boston read his annual report and General Secretary Hamilton Conant made his annual survey of the field.

BETSY ROSS CIRCLE

The regular meeting of Betsy Ross circle, No. 24, Ladies of the G. A. R., was held last evening. Reports of a recent rummage sale were read and adopted, and arrangements were made for the observance of the circle's anniversary, on the 18th of October. A supper was served.

THIRTEEN TENEMENTS for sale, good location, two 5-room and one 3-room tenement, with bath, renting for \$26 month. Price \$2100. Modern 6-room cottage, steam heat, open plumbing, price \$1500. Knapp & Hunt, 69 Central block.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MAYOR GAYNOR

Sends Apology for Action Taken
by Acting Mayor

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—It became known last night that John Purroy Mitchell, as acting mayor of New York, caused official complaint to be made that the U. S. army building and the appraisers stores in this city were being "conducted as gambling houses."

Mayor Gaynor took action in the matter last night in the form of a letter of apology in reply to a sharp letter of protest received from Lieut. Col. M. Gray Zaluski, deputy quartermaster. The mayor said:

"I am in receipt of your communication showing that the police commissioner, acting under the direct order of acting Mayor Mitchell, served notice on you in your official capacity that the U. S. army building was being conducted as a gambling house, and calling on me for any evidence there may be to substantiate that statement. I beg to say that there is not such evidence and to express my deep regret that such an insulting notice should have been served on a U. S. government official. May I say also that I equally regret the similar occurrence

in the case of the U. S. appraisers stores building."

Besides the foregoing letter there are other indications that the mayor is not altogether pleased with the methods pursued by Mr. Mitchell as acting mayor. The letter openly condemned the vice and gambling in the city and recommended the removal of Police Commissioner Baker. While Mayor Gaynor has given no hint of what he will do with the police, he said in an interview last evening that he is not in sympathy with "smirching the city's name."

"I did not ask for Mr. Mitchell's report," he said, "and have not had time to read it. The least said is soonest mended. Let me hope this city, as orderly a city as there is in the world, will never be held up by any persons or newspapers as the mere refuge and home of unfortunate women and gamblers. Let us all proceed, without scandalizing the city, to minimize these vices which, like all other vices, will always exist."

Headless of danger, the mayor resumed his old custom of walking across the Brooklyn bridge yesterday.

TRIED TO ESCAPE DUNNIGAN WINS

Joseph Lepine Breaks
Away From Jail

No. Chelmsford School
House Row Settled

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 5.—A dash for liberty was made yesterday by Joseph Lepine of this city, under arrest at the sheriff's office in the county court house, in care of Deputy Sheriff A. A. Leonard of Wallingford, being held on a charge of breach of the peace. Lepine, who last year was a special officer, is charged with insulting Miss Ethel Brown, a waitress in one of the local hotels, while she was out walking with a man Saturday night.

While waiting for the arrival of the Justice Lepine went to the door of the sheriff's office to talk with his mother, and it was from here that he made his escape. He ran over Court street and was stopped for a minute by William Tuttle, who gave chase, but he again broke away and was finally captured in Prospect street. He spent the night in the county jail.

FAMILY ESCAPED

A Newburyport Home
Destroyed by Fire

NEWBURYPORT, Oct. 5.—The home of Richard Everett, 10 Spofford street, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and Mr. Spofford, his wife and three children had a narrow escape from being burned with it. The fire apparently started in the kitchen from an overheated stove.

The firemen had a long run to reach the building, some of them going three miles, and when they arrived the house was a mass of flames. Neighbors assisted the Everett family, which was nearly hounded in by the fire, to get out. They then tried to save some of the furniture, but got out only a small part of it. The loss is estimated at \$2500, partly covered by insurance.

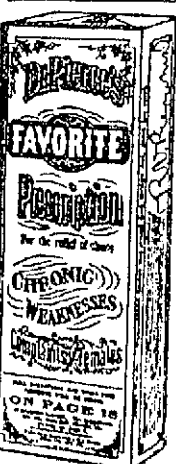
While on the way to the fire, one of the horses of the fire engine, which had two miles to run to the fire, collapsed while going up a hill.

WANTS \$30,000

Man Enters Suit Against
Wife's Family

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Laying allegation of his wife's affections at the door of his aged mother-in-law and his two brothers-in-law, one of whom is a Harvard instructor, George A. Gray, a Charlestown real estate dealer, entered suit yesterday in the East Cambridge court for \$30,000.

The defendants are Mrs. Alice R. Kendall, Arthur L. Kendall, instructor in hygiene at the Harvard Medical school, and Richard P. Kendall, a 16-year-old Somerville high school athlete. They all reside at 338 Broadway, Somerville, where Gray lived with them up to last July.



Honored by Women

When a woman speaks of her silent secret suffering she trusts you. Millions have bestowed this mark of confidence on Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Everywhere there are women who bear witness to the wonder-working, curing-power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—which saves the suffering sex from pain, and successfully grapples with woman's weaknesses and stubborn ills.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

The Bon Marché

DRY GOODS CO.

A MOST IMPORTANT SALE

Fine Willow and French Ostrich Plumes

COMMENCING TOMORROW AT 8 O'CLOCK, AT PRICES AVERAGING 1-3 TO 1-2 LESS THAN REGULAR

Every woman in Lowell knows for an assured fact that Ostrich Plumes are "par excellence" the most stylish trimming for millinery this season. With this in mind, we have prepared a most unusual event, and on Thursday morning inaugurate the Biggest Sale of French and Willow Plumes that has ever been known in this city.

\$5000 WORTH OF OSTRICH PLUMES

DIRECT FROM THE LARGEST OSTRICH FARM IN THE WORLD

highest quality—rich, broad, dense and lustrous, are marked for this SPECIAL SALE at just a little over one-half price. THE QUALITY IS GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE. Every plume is of the best selected stock from the male birds, with very firm fibres, broad faces and beautifully curved. Dyed by the famous French process, their glossy, lustrous finish, their softness and beauty will instantly appeal to you. The scales of prices which we give below show the pronounced savings that will be made possible by attending this very unusual sale.



Willow Plumes

\$ 6.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.49
\$10.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 6.49
\$12.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$18.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$12.98
\$20.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$30.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$23.98
\$40.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$29.98
\$50.00 WILLOW PLUMES for.....	\$39.98

French Plumes

\$ 2.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.39
\$ 2.50 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 1.98
\$ 4.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 2.49
\$ 5.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.49
\$ 6.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 3.98
\$ 8.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 5.49
\$10.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 7.49
\$12.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 8.49
\$14.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$ 9.98
\$16.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$11.98
\$18.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$13.98
\$20.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$14.98
\$25.00 FRENCH PLUMES for.....	\$17.98

Sale Opens Thursday

See Special Window Display

SUMMER HOLIDAYS ARE OVER—STORE OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAY

O'LEARY'S MATCH

The Veteran Walker
Proves His Worth

The St. Louis Republic publishes the following:

"Dan O'Leary, the veteran pedestrian, walked into The Republic office at 8 o'clock last night and stated that he had just won a walking match from Edwardsville to Granite City, Ill. O'Leary, who is now 67 years old, was the six-day hero of thirty years ago. He won six-day races in London, New York, Chicago and San Francisco and was as famous a sporting celebrity in his day as John L. Sullivan or Jim Corbett."

O'Leary is now a traveling salesman. He was en route from Boston to St. Louis when he struck up a conversation with two strangers in the smoking car. The talk drifted to Weston, and his recent feats.

J. C. Donaldson of Boston and Geo. Armstrong of Buffalo were both confident of their ability to "outrun" any man on the train. Neither had any idea of O'Leary's identity. When Dan showed his bald head and said he was some steeper himself the Buffalo and Boston giants dared him to get off the train and walk to St. Louis. A small wager was made and all three dropped off at Edwardsville.

It was agreed that each man should carry his own luggage. Dan had checked his trunk through and had nothing but an overcoat with him. The other two had grips. The trio started from Edwardsville at 9 o'clock, and O'Leary was out by himself when he reached Granite City at 12 o'clock. He waited for Armstrong and Donaldson and helped them on a trolley car, then walked to the Eads bridge entrance on the east side.

"It was nothing but a pleasant little stroll for me," said O'Leary. "I'm feeling fine, eat three square meals a day and no man of my age in the world is enjoying better health. We took the highway from Edwardsville and found the road pretty good. The two men I beat are shoe drummers. They may be able to sell shoes, but they don't know how to shed themselves, for they were complaining of their feet when they reached Granite City."

Dan beat Edward Payson Weston in six day races in 1875, 1879 and 1880. He also won the first six day race in London, and beat "Lep" Hughes in Madison Square Garden in 1882. The old

boy makes Boston his home town nowadays.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

A largely attended and enthusiastic meeting of the members of the St. John's Ladies' auxiliary was held last night in St. John's hall. One new member was admitted, and one proposition for membership received. The reports of the various committees were accepted, and the hustling committee in charge of the autumn party reported favorably. The report of the

Don't Pay a
Dentist Too Much

Dr. Thomas Jefferson King
Dr. King's "Natural Gum"
sets of teeth absolutely defy
detection.

Your local dentist will charge you about four times as much as I would—He doesn't do much business, so he must "get it out of you"; besides, he does not know how to do it painlessly, and, in nine cases out of ten, he performs operations with old-fashioned instruments, which enable him to do only inferior work. My inventions I control solely, and when anything new comes out I buy it. Remember—my patrons get the latest and best, and far less money.

Next set Teeth \$4, good set \$6, gold crowns \$5, bridge work \$5, gold fillings \$1 up, other fillings 50c; painless extraction free when sets are ordered.

King Dental Parlors

Over Hall & Lyon's
55 Merrimack St., Lowell

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays
to 2. French spoken. Lady at-
tendant. Telephone 1374-2.

treasurer showed the society never to be in a better standing financially.

The society voted to hold a social for the members on Thursday evening, October 13. The committee in charge will hustle to make the affair an enjoyable one for the members. Mrs. Fred Gaudette and Loretta Ward are in charge. The communication from the Catholic T. A. union of Boston was read calling the delegates to the semi-annual convention which is to be held in the music room of Boston college on Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m. The society will be represented by Mrs. Fred Gaudette, Belle Valentine, and Loretta Ward as their delegates. Remarks on the good and welfare were given by Jennie Lavelle, Anna Welch and Mary McCoy. After the meeting a social time was enjoyed.

The work on repairing the St. John's hall is expected to start next week and when completed the society will have much larger quarters for its work.

10,000 TREES

Were Destroyed by
Forest Fire

NORTH ABINGTON, Oct. 5.—The forest fire which broke out in the neighborhood of Carey hill in Brockton Sunday afternoon and which it was supposed the firemen of that city had gotten under control, broke out again yesterday and developed large proportions. Both fire companies from this place responded to an alarm and found the fire was sweeping rapidly along toward the West Abington village. A call for volunteers to assist the firemen was responded to by about 50 men.

The fire was sweeping along through the dense woods when the attention of the firemen was called to the danger of a number of the residences on Holmes and Hanover streets, and the firemen were rushed to those points. A stand was made near the old Pease mill and there the path of the flames were diverted.

In the path of the fire was a young grove of 10,000 pines which had been set out some time ago by Edward Holmes and they were all destroyed. The meadow in the vicinity of the ponds in West Abington were all burned over.

FIRST SUPERIOR

Tendered Reception at
Sacred Heart School

The Sacred Heart school hall was the scene of a delightful reception last evening when many graduates and former pupils of the school assembled at a reception tendered to Rev. Sister Joseph, of the Sisters of Mary who was the first superior of the school.

Sister Joseph has been enjoying a visit to the scene of her former labors and her former pupils were prompt to honor her.

The exercises were opened with an address of welcome by Rev. James McDermott, O. M. I., a former pupil who later in the evening presented the guest of honor a purse of \$50 in gold on behalf of those present. The program was as follows: Address, Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I.; solo and chorus, "School Days"; Mary Doyle and scholars; recitation, selected Margaret Jennings; solo, selected, Mrs. Adelaide A. Muldoon; song and chorus, "Days That Are Gone Seem the Brightest," Misses Doyle, Nolan, Sullivan, Clancy, Lynch, Jennings, Maguire and Linnane; solo, "Eileen Ashmore," Frank Maguire; solo, "Where are the Scenes of Yesterday," Kathleen Jennings; solo, "The Gay Hussars," George Kirwin; solo, "Silver Threads Among the Gold,"

Martin Maguire; solo, selected, Katherine Hickey; selections from cantata of "Esther," presentation, Rev. J. T. McDermott, O. M. I.; finale, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

The committee having the affair in charge consisted of the following named: Chairman, Margaret Callahan; Susan Ryan, Winifred Clancy, Mary Dorie, Marietta Sullivan, Margaret Linnane, Josephine Cuff and Elizabeth Miskella. Miss Susan A. Ryan was the accompanist.

The clergymen present during the evening were: Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I., Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O. M. I., Rev. John P. Flynn, O. M. I., of the Sacred Heart church; Rev. James McDermott, O. M. I., a former pupil; Rev. Edward J. Fox, O. M. I., of the Immaculate Conception; Rev. Francis X. McGann, O. M. I., and Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I., of the Tewksbury novitiate.

TO OPEN UP LAND

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—Thirty thousand acres of land in the Lakeview land district will be thrown open to settlement November 26 and to entry, filing and selection on December 26, 1910. This is a large body of land formerly embraced in the Silver Lake irrigation project which the government has decided to open up for the benefit of the settler. Some of the land is said to be equal to the best grain and agricultural land in the state. Emphasis is laid by the department on the fact that no one will be allowed to gain rights to the land by settlement previous to November 26.

Now is the time! NOW

To set those broken panes of glass and get ready for winter.

We give putty with each light and the points.

FLOOR BRUSHES AND POLISHES

The Thompson Hardware Co.

254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

Paint Dept.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN-BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin E. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

THE ANTI-SPITTING LAW

The law against spitting on the streets should be more rigorously enforced. Most people take this law as a joke, and for the simple reason that there is little attempt made to enforce it beyond the mere fact of posting notices that such a law exists.

In one Massachusetts city the police recently undertook to enforce the anti-spitting law, and the method adopted was to stop the person found guilty of violating the law for the first time, take his name and present him a card bearing a copy of the law, and stating the penalty. This was a sufficient warning against the second offence, and it had a good effect.

There are probably five thousand people in this city who do not know such a law exists, and they go about spitting upon the streets and sidewalks with the utmost unconcern. They feel that it is nobody's business where they spit, and the same people spit in churches and public halls because they don't know it is forbidden.

There are probably five thousand more, who fully understand the law and its requirements, but who openly and deliberately violate it.

The rest of the population understand the law, and observe it fairly well. Now a few examples of the right kind would enlighten those who do not know, and would cause those who know but do not care, to change their attitude.

We have in this office a communication from somebody calling attention to the total disregard of the anti-spitting law by the people who line up on the sidewalks in different parts of the city, near the mill gates, and even occasionally at Merrimack square. This occurs usually in the early morning, or at noon, and we believe there is good reason for the charge made by the writer of the communication. A survey of the sidewalks and gutters after the crowds have disappeared will offer ample proof that the anti-spitting law is wholly disregarded.

At a time when the spread of disease through the dissemination of germs is well known it must be understood also that this habit of spitting on the public streets is very dangerous, and for that reason should be stopped. The police alone can stop it by a little vigilance, by cautioning the people to be more careful, or by the arrest of a few people who still wilfully disregard the provisions of the anti-spitting law.

WHERE COMPULSORY ARBITRATION IS NEEDED

The great need of compulsory arbitration of labor disputes is shown in the lockout of 700 mills in Lancashire, England, all because of the action of a single employe backed up by a labor union.

George Howe, an employe of the Fern mill, upon orders from his union, refused to obey his foreman and clean the machinery he operated. He said that this was not a part of his work, and on his refusal he was dismissed. A strike followed and arbitration was sought, but the owners of the Fern mill insisted that work should be first resumed without Howe. The operatives insisted that the mill remain closed pending arbitration of the differences or else that Howe resume with the other men. The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners refused, the unions were equally obdurate and the lockout followed in 700 mills, leaving 200,000 hands idle for an indefinite period.

There is here an example of the absurd extreme to which a slight difference may be carried when either side shows a determination to oppose the other on the slightest provocation. The only remedy in such a case is compulsory arbitration. It is shown that both sides are organized to the teeth, all ready for war, and now they are in an industrial conflict that will entail enormous loss for both sides, loss that might and should be prevented by the prompt decision of an arbitration court.

THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

The Postal Savings banks are not likely to be popular in New England. The ordinary savings bank is good enough and safe enough for all practical purposes, and it has the advantage of using the deposits for the development of the property in the community in which it exists.

Every savings bank in Lowell invests in safe mortgages on local real estate. Thus it advances money at a fair rate of interest, whereas the Postal Savings bank will receive deposits and pay a small rate of interest. It will not invest the deposits in local enterprises, and thus the deposits are simply removed from the community. They may be invested in government bonds, or in London consols, but not in any way that will help the community in which the depositors live. The Postal bank is necessary where there are no others, as in wild places where the ordinary bank would not be safe. But it would be superfluous in any New England state.

THE REWARD SHOULD FETCH THEM

The reward of \$100,000 now offered for the arrest of the authors of the Los Angeles horror should result in their capture. Already the purchase of the dynamite has been traced, but as to the purchasers there seems to be no tangible clue. It is probable that they had mechanism set to work for nearly a day before setting off the dynamite, so that they might have time to get out of the state without detection.

A Burning Question

The school board has wisely given its sanction to a proposition to sell all the old schoolhouses that are not used. The Hadley street, the Fayette street and Old Moody school buildings have been abandoned for school purposes except the Old Moody which has been used as an evening school by the city.

We shall be pretty well supplied with theatres in Lowell when the new Keith theatre of Merrimack square shall have been completed. It would be well now for some of our enterprising business men to turn their attention to providing Lowell with at least one first class hotel that would attract attention throughout New England.

SEEN AND HEARD

THE TARIFF

Tariff on soap.
Tariff on rope.
Tariff on sugar and copper.
Tariff on shoes.
Tariff on screws.
Those who must buy come a cropper.
Tariff on brass.
Tariff on glass.
Tariff on coffins and cradles.
Tariff on steel.
Tariff on meat.
Tariff on dippers and ladles.
Tariff on gloves.
Tariff on booze.
Tariff on halters and bridles.
Tariff on boots.
Tariff on fruit.
Tariff on Bibles and idols.
Tariff on hay.
Tariff on clay.
Tariff on coal oil and candy.
Tariff on jugs.
Tariff on drugs.
Isn't the tariff a dandy?
Tariff on bees.
Tariff on sheets.
Tariff on woolsens and cottons.
Tariff on beans.
Tariff on screws.
Isn't the whole tariff rotten?
Tariff on lead.
Tariff on bread.
Tariff on organs, pianos.
Tariff on straw.
Tariff on saw.
Tariff on prunes and bananas.
Tariff on socks.
Tariff on clocks.
Tariff on all of creation.
The superintendent of the tariff.
They didn't agree.
To put a stiff tax on salvation.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

The Chippewa Indians on White Earth reservation in Minnesota are going to have a hard winter, and unless the Indian office sees fit to do its duty or contributions are made by friends of the Indian there is likely to be a good deal of suffering. Nearly all the crops failed, and berries and wild rice did not grow on account of the dry weather. The superintendent of the Indian school on this reservation, N. R. Hurst, bought \$37.20 worth of supplies to feed the blind and sick Indians during the summer, and has learned that he will not be reimbursed for the expenditure. The superintendent has written to an archaeologist at Phillips Academy in Andover, appealing to him to procure money from the missionary societies or from individuals.

At a meeting of the Dartmouth Medical school faculty, which was called by President Ernest Fox Nichols, Dr. John M. Gile, professor of the science and practice of medicine, was chosen dean of the department to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. William T. Smith. Dr. George S. Graham, formerly of Everett, who was chosen secretary of the department, a year ago was re-elected. With the exception of the election of Dr. Gile as dean, the faculty board remains the same as last year. Dean Gile was born at Pembroke N. H., in 1864. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1887 and from the medical school of the college in 1891. After his graduation he served three years in a hospital and then returned to Dartmouth as an instructor in the department of medicine. He was made professor of the science and practice of medicine in 1896 and has since held that chair. Dr. Gile is chief surgeon at the Mary Hitchcock Memorial hospital. He is well known in politics, and he is considered one of the best surgeons in New England.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

"The Tales of Hoffman," which is being given at Hathaway's theatre this week, is the most notable offering of the season, thus far. Rudolph Hartley has made it from Offenbach's grand opera of the same name and the third act is given in almost its entirety. A story thrilling and set to music which is now a classic is told, and the producing company has won the approbation of all who have seen it. Miss Helena Frederick as "Antonika" sings admirably throughout. The other members of the cast are adequate. Charles Montrell, the great French juggler, appears to advantage, and Helen Carmen, whose smile is surely infectious, has all the earmarks of a

TO TREAT SKIN TROUBLES

It is difficult to understand why so many people continue to suffer from eczema and other skin diseases when they can get a box of the new medical compound Cuticura at all druggists for 10c. Relief follows soon after it is applied, and the itching stops at once. Cuticura destroys the disease-producing germs. It is good for pimples, redness, blotches, rash, roughness, scaly skin, chafings, acne, sores, ulcers, eruptions.

A Sure Investment

Would you care to spend \$2 and get \$6 in return in less than six months? That is just about what you can save by putting on Goodwin's Weather Strips. You can have them applied on almost any door, and they keep out cold air and dust. Remember the place.

J. B. GOODWIN

11 THORNDIKE STREET

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 20c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

genuine comedienne. Ruby Raymond and her boys dance better than ever before and Barnes and Robinson have some fetching songs and patter. The Kasey myriophone is genuinely good, while the City Comedy four open the bill well.

THEATRE VOYONS

The lovable old schoolmaster who is bothered and distracted almost to death by his children, the pompous and excitable school committee man, and a whole room full of kids form the characters of "Examination Day at School" the feature at the Theatre Voyons today. The mischievous children by their pranks cause the old school teacher's discharge but in the end they cause his reinstatement. It is a touching picture, well acted and staged with every possible care. "The Quarrel" is a fine dramatic subject and "Reedham's Orphanage Festival" gives a most interesting view of a drill at this institution which is far ahead of anything before seen. The comedy is a laugh and the musical program unexcelled.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Everyone seems pleased with the show at the Academy. Whitman Bros. are confectionists par excellence, carrying special scenery. Marquary Karr & Co. do a very pleasing singing and talking act, assisted by a piano. Von Mittel & Raymond, who were members of the old stock company at this theatre, have a very clever dramatic sketch in "The Man from Nugget City." The biograph picture "Examination Day at School," is a big laugh from start to finish. Change of bill on Thursday. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

If you want to go to a theatre and just sit in your seat and laugh and be thoroughly amused without taxing your mind with anything too serious, you want to go to the Merrimack Square theatre this week. For as a sorrow killer, the bill is one of the best imaginable.

Bruce Morgan and his Piccadilly Johnnies have a bright, refreshing act presenting some catchy songs and some really wonderful dancing. The act is elaborately put on, too. Then, Danny Simmons, a Lowell favorite, is on hand in a sketch of songs and monolog and imitations which is as witty as it is intensely funny. The Aerial Magicians present a stirring troupe with half-raising stunts, and Miss Mitzel Almond gives unique vocal imitations.

GREAT VIOLINIST

Francis MacMillen, the great American violin virtuoso, whose visit to Lowell at Colonial hall on Oct. 15th is being looked forward to with so much interest, has been engaged as one of the soloists for the home concerts this season by the Boston Symphony orchestra. The Theodore Thomas orchestra of Chicago, the New York Philharmonic society orchestra, the Philadelphia orchestra, and the Cincinnati Symphony orchestra. He will play under the batons of Max Fiedler, Fred-

HER HAND AND ARM BURNED AND ITCHED

Could Hardly Sleep at Night for About 11 Months. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and was Completely Cured.

"My mother had a red spot on her right hand which began to grow worse rapidly. The neighbors said it was a tetter. She got some used fire or six different kinds of liniments and three different kinds of salves. Not one of these did her a particle of good. Her hand and arm would burn and itch so much that she could hardly sleep at night. Her hand was that way for about eleven months. Finally a friend of ours recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to us. She bought some immediately and began to use it. She washed her hand and arm with Cuticura Soap and warm water. Then she applied the Cuticura Ointment and bandaged her hand up. The next morning we all noticed a great improvement. Before she had used a half of a box of Ointment and a very little Soap her hand was completely cured. Now her hand is as well as ever. I think Cuticura Soap and Ointment is the greatest skin remedy ever discovered." C. E. Canady, San Leandro, Cal., Mar., 1910.

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for affections of the skin and scalp of infants, children and adults. A cake of Cuticura Soap (25c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Prop., Boston. 627 Mailed free. Mailed 22-page book, an Authority on the Treatment of Skin and Scalp Affections.

SAVE TIME AND MUSCLE

Goodale's Wash Clean

Will do it. We have customers who have used it for years and say it does not injure the clothes and saves 99 per cent of the labor on wash day.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE,


217 CENTRAL STREET

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PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small at 47 Andover street.

THE FLOUR



BE PARTICULAR

erie Stock, Gustav Mohler, Sari Poblitz and Leopold Stokowski.

With the various orchestras, MacMillen will only be heard in a concerto. How much nearer Lowell people will get an insight into this great man's art when they will have the pleasure of hearing him interpret many of the great works of the great masters.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

The ever popular Frank Daniels appeared at the opera house last night in the musical comedy "The Belle of Brittany." As usual a full house greeted Mr. Daniels, who for a generation has been a prime favorite with the theatregoers of Lowell. The comedy has many catchy songs, has fine dancing and comical situations that afford Mr. Daniels an opportunity for displaying his ability as a comedian. He was applauded, of course, and he made an impromptu speech at one of the curtain calls, that was as good as any part of the show. His makeup, his gestures, and his jokes were very funny while his ability to present the comical side of things was ever present, and he made the most of many difficult situations in which his support was not up to the standard that might be expected from a Daniels' company. Still the support deserves credit for their general vivacity, their fine dancing and singing, and their ability as a whole to meet the requirements of the comedy presented. Mr. Daniels has often had a better vehicle for his peculiar talents than "The Belle of Brittany."

The audience was much pleased at every point, and was profuse in its applause at last night's show.

Among the young ladies who assumed prominent roles were Miss Minerva Coverdale, a new member of the company, and one who played her part well, although but a short time attached to this company. Miss Christine Neilson was the main support of the star. She is a pleasing actress, a good singer and personally attractive. She won a fair share of the applause at last night's show.

On the whole the performance was quite successful if we are to judge from the size of the crowd and its appreciation of the work not only of Mr. Daniels, but of the entire company. The full cast was as follows:

Marquis de St. Gaudier, Frank Daniels
Raymond de St. Gaudier, son of Marquis, Harold A. Lockwood
Compte Victorle de Casserale, a Dandy, Edwin Wood
Piquette, maid to the Marquis, Learned Old Jacques, a clarinet player.
Jos. A. Bingham
Baptiste Boubillon, a chef.
Wilmor Bentley
Bertrand, artist, Chas. E. Wall
Eugene, artist, Fred Marshall
Philine, artist, Fernand Lehoucq
Mile. Denise de la Vire, ward of the Marquis, Florence Rother
Madame Poquein, Annie Myers
Adele, Josephine Harmon
Christine, Grace Wickham
Mile. de St. Gaudier, Doris Lynn
Rosaline, Madeline Don Levy
Clotilde, Alfretha Naar
Stipulations to the Marquis, Irene Barry
Babette, Poquein's daughter, Christine Neilson

"THE BLUE MOUSE"

To hear little Wanda Ludlow "pull off" the longest slang as "The Blue Mouse" will be a revelation to her friends who have heretofore known her as a demure thing. It was for this same demureness and charm of manner that Clyde Fitch, the author of this latest sensational farce, selected Miss Ludlow for the rather difficult part of the Salome dancer.

Known as "The Blue Mouse," Paulette Devine, the dancer, for \$2000 per month, undertakes to impersonate the real Mrs. Rollett, whose husband, secretary to Lewellyn, president of the Interstate railroad, wants to be promoted to division superintendent. There is also a very much alive Mrs. Lewellyn and Frank Rollett, both of whom as well as the real Mrs. Rollett, are drawn into the general turmoil. Also there is a lover of the "Mouse" who comes all the way from "Frisco" just in time to get in the mix-up.

The cast required to present the piece is one of the largest if not the largest ever seen in a farce. It is with an excellent cast that Mr. F. J. Carringer will present the play here for the first time next Friday and Saturday at the Opera House.

IAN ROBERTSON

When playing "The King" to his brother Forbes-Robertson's Hamlet some years ago, Mr. Ian Robertson came starring in "The Passing of the Third Water Back" witnessed a unique incident in the grave scene. The court had all assembled and the corpse of Ophelia had been lowered into its last resting place, when it is the duty of the queen to step down to the grave and with the words "Sweet to the sweet, farewell," throw flowers upon the dead body. On this occasion it must have appeared to the audience that a miracle happened, for instead



SCENE FROM "THE BLUE MOUSE" AT THE OPERA HOUSE, OCTOBER 7 AND 8.

of the flowers obeying the natural law of gravity, the air was clouded by their ascent to the heavens; then, seeming to gather together at a given point, they descended in a graceful downpour upon the sable-clad, sad and long-suffering Hamlet. Alas! from the sublime to the ridiculous, the flowers were made of paper and the engines under the stage had caused a great draught to rush up the trap. Hence these flowers!

"A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI"

There is one star soon to be seen at the opera house who is awaited with eager anticipation; he is the eminent American character comedian Thos. A. Wise, co-author and star of "A Gentleman from Mississippi," in which he will be seen here in his great role of Senator Languon. Mr. Wise will be supported by the entire original cast that appeared for thirteen months in New York and for sixteen consecutive weeks at the Park theatre, Boston, last season. This is the third year of Mr. Wise in this play and its popularity is just as great as ever, and the business he is doing everywhere indicates that the intrinsic merit of the play made its popularity lasting.

DRACUT

Brush fires kept the local fire department quite busy during the past week.

Yesterday and this afternoon the department was summoned to the property about the local rifle range, where another brush fire was in progress, but the firemen in both instances were able to check the spread of the fire, thus preventing it from reaching the woods which are in close proximity to where the fire was confined.

The "Old Liners," who for the past several seasons have conducted bi-monthly socials in Grange hall, Dracut Centre, will inaugurate the first of the present season's program on Thursday evening. Hibbard's orchestra will furnish music.

VACATION FANCY WORK

ALICE H. SMITH

Central Block - - - 53 Central St.

STAMPING

Carroll Bros.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS

36 Middle Street Telephone 1850

LOSS IS \$25,000 FIRE IN BILLERICA

Disastrous Fire Occurred at Manchester, N. H. The Cole Store House, Near Depot, a Total Loss

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 5.—A dozen persons were driven from their homes and three horses, 20 carriages and sleighs, more than 200 bags of grain were burned and four buildings were damaged by fire, entailing a property loss of \$25,000 last night.

The fire was discovered within a small stable in the rear of a large livery kept by Edward H. Boyan at 148 Hanover street. From this small stable the flames extended to the larger one, and to three buildings immediately east, and also to three dwelling houses in the rear of Manchester street.

The flames lighted the sky for miles as they took great hold of the hay and grain, and an explosion of gasoline in the motor cycle shop of James Dyer, 155 Hanover street, added to the brilliancy.

Three alarms were given and the entire fire fighting force of the city responded, hemming in the square where the fire had its origin. Tons of water

were poured upon the blazing piles and within 30 minutes after the firemen got to work it was under control, although the battle was waged for nearly two hours afterward.

There were 42 horses in the Boyan stable and all but three, which were stabled within the small building in which the fire started, were saved. Twenty carriages were burned, together with a large quantity of grain and hay.

Mr. Boyan's loss is from \$5000 to \$6000, and the building is damaged much more. It is owned jointly by John N. Sanborn of this city and J. M. Johnson of Derry. The Dyer motor cycle shop was located next east and but little of its furnishings and stock were saved. There were two dwelling houses between the Dyer shop and Pine street and both suffered loss.

Among those burned out were Mrs. Felscher, Miss Rose Gendron, Miss Jennie Gendron, Miss Ida Gendron, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Martel, and children, Mrs. Salome Cormier, Rodolphe and Delphine Cormier and Leonard Norman. Several of the horses rescued from the stable got loose and ran frantically through the street, knocking down Sergt. John T. O'Dowd of the police department. His shoulder was badly wrenched and he was carried to his home.

CARPENTERS' UNION

The carpenters' union of this city held a very important meeting last night, and inducted into membership 15 new members. After the business meeting the union held an open house. Mr. Hannigan of Worcester, president of the state branch of carpenters, addressed the gathering. Mr. Millett, also of Worcester, spoke to the French members of the union. Mr. Shields was also a speaker who was applauded much. An announcement was made that the state convention of the craft will be held here in January next.

The town of Billerica was visited last night by one of the most serious fires that has occurred in this locality for a long time. The alarm was given at 11.30 o'clock, and before any effective work could be done by the department the big storehouse occupied by Elmer E. Cole, near the Bennett Hall station of the Boston & Maine, on the main highway between this city and Billerica, was entirely destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The first intimation that the town people had of the fire was when at 11.30 o'clock the church bells in the Centre were rung by the Rev. J. Harold Dale, and the fire at that time had

been burning more than 15 minutes. The fire was first discovered by Asessor Jones. The building is owned by De Lacy Corkum and he was not aroused until the fire had made considerable progress. When the firemen arrived their chief work was to prevent the flames from reaching other buildings. The storehouse contained hardware and goods of various kinds valued over \$5000. These were the property of Mr. Cole, who had but small insurance.

The storehouse was built in 1892 and was 125 feet long. Fred C. Church had the insurance on the contents of the storehouse.

A BRONZE BUST Of Archbishop Williams to Be Erected

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—To show their affection for the late Archbishop Williams, the Knights of Columbus are to have a magnificent monument erected in this city in remembrance of the first archbishop of Boston, who labored for more than three score years in advancing the church of which he was a distinguished prelate.

Ever since the death of the archbishop, the Knights of Columbus have been intending to erect some sort of a lasting memorial in his honor, in partial recognition of his great work, but the form it should take was not definitely determined until a short time ago when after the institution of a council of the order at Rosindale, which

adopted the name of John J. Williams council of the Knights of Columbus, in memory of the late archbishop, when the idea was conceived by that branch of the organization, that no more appropriate form could it take than to place an enduring bronze figure of the churchman in the city of his birth.

Since the idea was suggested, the members of the order have enthusiastically labored to make it a reality, and so well have they succeeded that a beautiful bronze bust has been made of him by Hugh Cairns, the well known sculptor, who has produced what is said to be the most lifelike reproduction that it is possible to make.

The model is a bust in bronze, four feet six inches high, which weighs about three tons, and it is to have a splendid setting on a granite obelisk with several steps and exedra, upon which will be an angel in a kneeling position, with outstretched wings.

The monument will be about 20 feet high when set in position and to cost \$30,000, and will it is expected, rival any work of art to be found in this locality.

The model is on exhibition in the art gallery of the Mechanics Fair, and on Columbus day it will be carried on a float by members of John J. Williams council in the great parade to be held on that day.

ALDERMEN MET

Jurors Drawn for the Cambridge Court

At a regular meeting of the board of aldermen, held last night, the following jurors were drawn by Alderman Quinn to serve in the supreme judicial court at Cambridge, beginning Tuesday, Oct. 18th:

George A. Willson, 30 Burtt street, druggist.
John J. Dawson, Richardson hotel, clerk.
James A. Bryan, 124 Westford street, furniture dealer.

Frank T. Managan, 22 Westford street, steam fitter.
Andrew A. Gray, 19 Tolman avenue, commercial traveler.

A resolution for the extension of the Lawrence street sewer at a cost of \$1000 was adopted.

The board voted a sewer in Sanborn street at a cost of \$350.

A sewer in Albert street at a cost of \$200 was voted.

Joseph R. Beharrell was voted a sewer in Highland avenue at a cost of \$400.

J. F. Lisle asked for a sewer in Sumner street, and the matter was referred.

Recommendations from the committee on licenses were adopted.

Leave to withdraw was granted in the petition for poles in June street, and the petition to change the location of a pole in Nesmith street.

Alderman Carrimichael objecting to the latter report of the committee on wires.

Resolutions granting pole locations in Hildreth, Grace and other streets were read and voted.

Div. I, Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H. Celebrates

Division I, of the Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., celebrated the 16th anniversary last evening. A business meeting was opened at eight o'clock, President Katherine R. Downes in the chair.

The chief item of the business meeting was the initiation of 15 new members and the approval of nine applications for membership. All other business was dispensed with and the doors were thrown open for the invited guests and friends of the members. Remarks were made by Rev. Dr. Kelleher, who congratulated the auxiliary on having such a noble looking crowd of young women, who were not ashamed to show their true lineage.

He was astounded when the president informed him that the division is reaching the standard of 400 members and is in splendid financial standing.

A pleasing musical program was in order, a feature of which was a duet by the Misses Mollie and Irene Handley: "The Weeping of the Green," was sung by Mr. James E. Donnelly, who was obliged to respond to many encores. Other contributors to the program were the Misses Margaret and Rose McDonough and Mr. Michael Hays-bull.

This brought the entertainment program to a close and Mrs. Maurice O'Connor, mother of the refreshments got busy with her bustling crowd of prettily dressed ladies, among whom were Mrs. McLaughlin, Mrs. McQuarrie, Mrs. Haviland, Lucy Sheridan, Mrs. Ripley, Margaret Murray, Katie Gaffney, Mary Cox, Mary King, Della Conway, Katie Jones, Alice Hayes and Mrs. Nora Sheridan. The next item of the evening was dancing, which was

Thursday Bargain Day

Discontinued styles 97c tailored white and colored waists. Styles never shown before for 69c

Lingerie, tailored and silk waists, formerly priced \$1.97. Thursday bargain day 97c

A few Dutch neck, lawn and batiste waists, formerly priced 97c. Thursday bargain day 29c

Your choice of any of our \$1.97 tailored linen waists. Thursday bargain day \$1.50

Your choice of any of our \$5.00 black taffeta of messaline waists. Thursday bargain day \$3.97

Pure Irish linen, hand embroidered tailored waists. Thursday bargain day 97c

The White Store
116 Merrimack Street.



Store Open All Day Thursday

THURSDAY

WE START THE BALL A-ROLLING BY OFFERING EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF THE STORE. NEW FALL MERCHANDISE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Our First Bargain Sale of Women's HATS

In our New Millinery Department, Second Floor, Thursday, Untrimmed Silk Plush Hats, all colors, large and small shapes, values \$4.50, \$5 and \$6. Thursday all at one price,

\$1.69

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

A SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR THURSDAY

DRAWERS—"Fruit of the Loom" Cotton with deep ruffle of tucks and embroidery, regular price 39c. Thursday..... 25c
High neck, long sleeve gowns, good cotton, insertion and tucked front, regular price 59c. Thursday..... 50c
Round neck, short sleeve gowns, trimmed with val. lace, ribbon run, regular price \$1.00. Thursday..... 75c
Long White Skirts, made of good cotton, full width, regular price 39c. Thursday..... 29c
Long White Skirts, with ruffle of tucks and embroidery, regular price 89c. Thursday..... 59c
Long White Skirts, with deep ruffle of embroidery and cluster of tucks, regular price \$1.00. Thursday..... 89c

A Remarkable Low Price Sale in Our Linen Department Thursday

TOWELS

Extra Heavy, Pure Linen Huck Towels, warranted grass bleached, size 23x46, three patterns, regular price 40c each. Sale price 29c Each
Extra Heavy Huck Towels, size 18x36, with red or white borders, regular price 12 1-2c each. Sale price..... 10c Each
Good Size Turkish Towels with red borders, regular price 12 1-2c. Sale price..... 9c, 3 for 25c
We have a few more of those Wash Cloths with the red borders. We will close them out..... 3 for 5c

FANCY LINENS

24 inch Renaissance Doilies, all linen centres, round and square, five different designs, regular price 75c. Sale price 49c Each
15 inch Renaissance Doilies, plain centres, all linen, regular price 39c. Sale price..... 25c Each
18x54 Renaissance Scarfs, plain centres, all linen, two designs, regular price \$1.00. Sale price..... 79c Each

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES

81x90 Waxed Seam Sheets, good quality cotton, regular price 79c. Sale price..... 59c Each
81x90 Waxed Seam Sheets, good quality cotton, regular price 89c. Sale price..... 59c Each
81x90 Seamless Sheets, extra heavy cotton, regular price 89c. Sale price..... 69c Each
45x36 Pillow Cases, good fine cotton, regular price 15c. Sale price..... 12 1-2c Each

New Dress Goods on Sale Thursday

36 inch Storm Serge, in black, navy, brown, green and garnet, guaranteed all wool..... 50c Yard
New Dress Plaids..... 25c Yard
36 inch Poplinette in all the staple shades, plain and shadow stripes, wool filling, regular 39c quality..... 29c Yard
54 inch Shepherd Check Suitings..... 49c Yard

BASEMENT DEPARTMENT

27 inch Orling Flannel in a neat line of patterns, regular price 10c. for..... 7 1-2c Yard
\$2.50 11-4 Extra Heavy Wool Finish Blankets for..... \$1.89 Pair
\$7.00 Wool Blankets, pink and blue borders. Special..... \$5 Pair

In the Upholstery Dept. Thursday EXCEPTIONAL VALUES

Best 50c Oilcloth (laying free). Thursday only..... 39c Sq. Yd.
Best 75c Linoleum (laying free). Thursday only..... 55c Sq. Yd.
Tapestry Brussels Rugs, 8-3x10-6, worth \$15, for..... \$10.98
1 Lot Straw Matting, worth 35c, for..... 19c a Yard
76 Pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, regular price \$1.25, for 89c Pair
Irish Point Lace Curtains, regular price \$4.50, for..... \$3.50 Pair
Arabian Lace Curtains, regular price \$1.75, for..... \$1.25 Pair
Couch Covers, regular price \$1.25, for..... 98c Pair



1000 Hand-some Coats to Choose From

We can show you every good style in vogue this season. Customers are coming in fast. We protected you on the prices. It pays to trade with a store carrying our purchasing power.

Coats at \$5.95

In Thibet cloth, 50 inches long, fitted styles, sizes to 44.

Coats at \$8.98

Cheviots and mixtures, trimmed collars. Later they will cost \$12.50. Misses' and Ladies' sizes

\$15 Serge Coats in Black and Navy \$10.50

Yoke and sleeves lined, sizes to 44. A great Bargain

Auto Coats, Raincoats, Misses' Coats, Children's Coats

Coats from a Child's Coat at \$1.98 to \$40.00 for a Fine Fancy Broadcloth or Tourist Coat.

There is Great Demand for Dresses for Street and Evening Wear

See our immense showing in Serges, Panama, Messaline and Non's Veiling.

PANAMA DRESS..... \$7.98 SERGE DRESSES..... \$10.00

SPECIAL OFFER—\$15.00 Messaline Dresses Evening Shades \$10.98

Waist Bargain 3 Dozen Moire Silk Waists, selling at \$3.50. Today and Tomorrow \$1.98

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET



Is the best cream made for the skin. If you have a red, rough, blotched, sore, unsightly skin, try this great product of the American Druggists Syndicate.

You can use it for massaging wrinkles and for a sallow complexion, as it whitens and beautifies, is safe, harmless and does not grow hair.

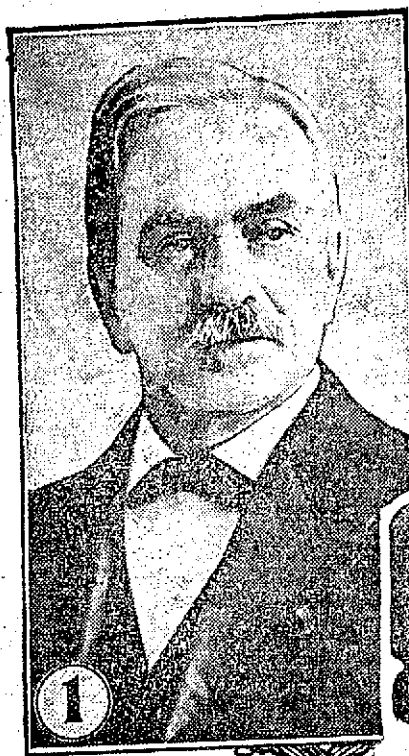
No woman who values her appearance and who wants a smooth clear skin should let a day go by without trying it for the face, neck, arms and hands.

Get it for 25c. at any A. D. S. drug store.



Frank J. Campbell, 255 Central St. Falls & Burleigh, 415 A. D. S. Houl's Pharmacy, 452 Moody St. J. Lang & Co., 374 Merrimack St. Wm. H. Noonan & Co., 305 Bridge St. John H. O'Neill, Lawrence St. cor. Wamsley Routhier & Delleo, 432 Merrimack St. Charles W. Tremblay, 415 Bridge St. Fred Howard, 197 Central St. John T. Sparks & Co., 747 Lakeview Ave.

NATION WIDE CRUSADE AGAINST WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC HAS BEGUN



By CHARLES N. LURIE.

SEVEN thousand miles of enthusiasm and earnest, well directed effort toward a worthy end—such is the program of the American Purify federation's crusade against the "white slave" traffic, starting from Chicago Sept. 29 and ending in the same city on the last day of October. In the course of the federation's tour at least seventeen cities will be visited, and a convention in furtherance of the aims of the federation will be held in each one. In the larger cities two day meetings will be held; in the others the program will be condensed so that only a one day stop will be made. The tour will be a "swing around the circle" in the western part of America. A similar tour will be made in the east next spring, and the results will be made the subject of formal discussion and comparison at the American Purify congress to be held in St. Louis in October, 1911.

Embraced in the list of cities to be visited during the present campaign against the "white slave" evil are Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Vancouver, Spokane, Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Tucson, El Paso, Houston, New Orleans, Memphis and St. Louis. In each place the arrangements for the reception of the purify workers and for assistance in their work are being made by the leading reformers. The church federations, ministerial associations, Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associa-

tions, women's clubs, temperance societies, reform organizations and in some cases the chambers of commerce are exerting themselves to bring the attendance at the conventions up to the highest possible figure.

To J. S. Steadwell, president of the American Purify federation, is awarded the credit of originating the idea of a nation wide crusade against the "white slave" traffic. He believes that so widespread a movement will be far more efficacious in calling public attention to the evil which it is designed to combat than would be a large convention of the federation held in one city. It is a series of conventions that is planned, giving to each city the presence of a large body of prominent workers in this field to encourage and aid the local reformers. With that end in view Mr. Steadwell and his coadjutors have assembled some of the nation's best known reformers and purify workers. Among them are the following:

Dr. Ernest A. Bell and Arthur B. Farwell of Chicago, the Rev. J. G. Shearer of Toronto, Canada; Mrs. Della Thompson Lutes of Coopers-town, N. Y.; Mrs. E. M. Whittemore and the Rev. Dr. Edward Russell Perry of New York city, James H. Sims of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. A. B. Sims and John B. Hammond of Des Moines, Ia.; Professor T. W. Shannon

of St. Louis, Dr. Emma F. A. Drake of Denver, Rabbi Tobias Schanfarber of Chicago, W. L. Clark of Leamington, Ont.; J. Frank Chase of Boston and Owen O. Wiard of Springboro, Pa. Bell and His Work.

A tower of strength in the fight against the "white slave" traffic, by which is meant the organized dealing in white women for immoral purposes recently made the subject of enactment by the national legislature, is found in Ernest A. Bell of Chicago, one of the leaders of the present movement. Dr. Bell has made a careful, thorough study of the subject and has embodied the results of his investigations in a recently published book. He is the chairman of the "white slave" traffic committee of the American Purify federation and for the past six years has been the superintendent of the Midnight mission of Chicago, of which he was the founder. Out of the

mission have grown the Illinois Vigilance association and other missionary and reformatory societies. During the federation's tour Dr. Bell will speak upon and represent the national work against the vile traffic.

Arthur B. Farwell of Chicago, another representative in the federation's work, is famous as the president of the Chicago Law and Order league and of the Illinois Vigilance association. For years he has made a study of the problem of the combating and eradication of evil in large cities. He is an interesting and able speaker. Rabbi Schanfarber, another Chicago representative, is one of the leaders of his congregation, a feat deemed impossible until M. Bleriot showed the way to Molsheim and the others who have followed him.

The women who will take part in the campaign have given years to the advancement of the purify cause. Mrs. Lutes is the editor of American Motherhood and has written several books

of wide circulation. Mrs. Drake is also an author and has figured prominently on the lecture platform. Mrs. Whittemore is known throughout the world as the founder of the great rescue work for girls and women known as the Door of Hope.

All of the other members of the federation's party have borne conspicuous parts in the warfare against the "white slave" trade. They have made special studies of the problems involved in the suppression of the traffic and will urge on their hearers the support of the movement against the importation and distribution by organized bodies of the unfortunate victims of the "business." State legislation to supplement the national law recently passed will be advocated and the progress of the world will be told. Most of the laborers in this field hold that the recent grand jury in New York, headed by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was wrong in finding that there is no gen-

eral organization of "white slave" dealers covering the entire country. They declare that the jury in its report enumerated many elements that would naturally enter into just such an organized force.

New National Law Approved. They approve of the new national "white slave traffic act" (so called officially), which provides for the infliction of drastic punishment upon any person convicted of participation in the importation or transportation between states of women for immoral purposes. "Everything possible should be done to enforce the law," say the reformers, and they profess great interest in the fight to test the constitutionality of that clause of the law which makes the steamship lines responsible for the free transportation of persons ordered deported after they have lived in this country more than the three years fixed as a limit by the old statute. A test case will be carried to the supreme court; as the enforcement of the statute as its stands will mean the loss of large sums of money to the transatlantic steamship lines. Since the passage of the law designed to curb the traffic the immigration inspectors, aided by the state and municipal authorities, have been gathering up undesirable women residents all over the country and ordering them deported. Before the passage of the law any woman who had lived in this country three years was immune from arrest and deportation.

Naturally the steamship companies resent the attempt made to provide these undesirable aliens with free transportation to the countries whence they came. The case which probably will be selected for a test is that of a Russian girl, seventeen years old, who was brought to New York from Buffalo, for deportation. It has been proved that she was landed in this country on Sept. 26, 1908, from the Red Star liner Finland. An attempt was made to put her on board a Red Star steamship bound for Europe, but the officers refused to receive her. Plain intent of Congress.

William Williams, commissioner of immigration at New York, at once referred the question to the secretary of commerce and labor, and the department held that the plain intent of congress in the "white slave" act was that, though the three year limit for deportation was done away with, the steamship lines must bear the cost of deportation.

The Red Star line contends that this was not the intent of the law, that the girl came here before the passage of the amendment, that there was nothing to show that she had any evil intent when she arrived here and that the section of the law involved is unconstitutional. The claim is set up that the expenses of deportation should be borne by the immigration fund.

While this case was being prepared the friends of the girl came to her assistance, and she is now out on bail. It may be that her release will be obtained and the order of deportation rescinded.

The Chicago to New York Air Race

CONDITIONS OF THE CHICAGO-NEW YORK AIR RACE FOR \$25,000.

At least three competitors must start or no race.

The start shall be made on Saturday, Oct. 8, 1910, after 10 a. m., from a practicable field within the city limits of Chicago, and the finish shall be within the city limits of New York. Competitors shall start as nearly as possible simultaneously. Intervals, however, will be allowed, if necessary or desirable, but in any case all must start on the same day. The start may be postponed from day to day because of bad weather, but not beyond Oct. 15, 1910.

The race must be completed within 18 hours, or seven days, after the start. No limit is placed on the number of stops.

Each entrant must have a record of one hour's continuous flight. Each competitor must finish in the same machine in which he starts, but any repairs, such as re-covering planes, installing new motors, etc., may be made on the way as required.

To win the prize of \$25,000 the winner must cover the course before any flight of equal or greater distance has been made in this country.

If the competitors start simultaneously the winner shall be he who, fulfilling the conditions of the race, first lands in New York; if the competitors start at intervals, the intervals shall be taken into account in determining the winner. Competitors must arrange for their own supplies and for the transportation of the same.

"I CAN go from Chicago to New York now in twenty hours," said Mr. Dooley when one of the railroads put on a new fast train, "but I don't want to."

The entrants in the Chicago-New York air race do want to go. They also want to go in twenty hours or in less time if their monoplane, biplane or triplane will carry them at a faster rate. In fact, each of them wants to get there as speedily as possible and to beat the other fellow to the goal. He wants the glory, of course, of winning the long cross country airplane race, but still more he wants the \$25,000 offered as the prize. They are an exceedingly practical, hard headed set of men, the professional aviators, and they are cultivating with assiduity the rich field which will be theirs only until flying machines become a commonplace of everyday life. Then nobody will be offering \$25,000 prizes for cross country flights, since too many of us



Photos by American Press Association.

would be able to compete in such a contest.

To the Chicago Post and the New York Times belongs the honor of proposing the air race from the second American city to the first. The flight has been planned to take place from west to east on account of the direction of the prevailing winds at this time of year. Flying against the wind for a thousand miles is a task that would be a little too much for even the best of the aeroplans in the present state of the science and art of flying. As it is, the long flight is expected to test in the most severe manner the capabilities of the fliers. The conditions, printed elsewhere on this page, are considered liberal by the aviators, who are unanimous in declaring that long cross country races afford the best possible tryouts of man and machine.

On the entry list of the contest are the names of some of the best known fliers. Among them are Glenn H. Curtiss, the holder of the International trophy, won at Rheims last year; Charles K. Hamilton, generally considered the most daring of American aviators, who flew from New York to Philadelphia and back; Charles F. Willard, prize winner at Los Angeles and one of the youngest of the famous air men; Captain Thomas H. Baldwin, dean of American aviators, former balloonist and a man of international renown in air work; James Radley and Charles G. Harmer, Englishmen, the former of whom recently broke the



British record for speed in an aeroplane by flying a mile in 47 2-5 seconds, and Ted Shreve, Joseph Seymour, J. C. Mares and J. A. D. McCurdy, all men of note among aeroplans. It will be interesting to compare the records made during the Chicago-New York race with some of the recent performances of the air men in Europe. One of the greatest of these has been the cross country race in France, of which M. Le Blane was the winner. The race took the aeroplans from Paris to Amiens and return by roundabout routes, the total distance covered being 485 miles, which is about half the distance between Chicago and New York. Another record making

feat was M. Bleriot's flight from Paris to Bordeaux, a distance of 366 miles in an almost direct course. He started in his biplane from Paris on Sept. 1 and finished on Sept. 3, having covered 366 miles with four stops. His actual flying time was 7 hours 6 minutes 54 seconds. On the third and last day atmospheric conditions compelled M. Bleriot to rise to a height of over 3,000 feet.

Inspired probably by the offer of the New York and Chicago newspapers, the Paris Journal has offered a prize of 200,000 francs, or \$40,000, for an airship race from Paris to Berlin to Brussels to London and back to Paris. This necessitates two crossings of the English channel, a feat deemed impossible until M. Bleriot showed the way to Molsheim and the others who have followed him.

Another great proposed cross country race is the St. Louis-New York contest for a prize of \$30,000 offered by two newspapers of those cities.

The Chicago-New York race precedes the international gathering of the fliers at Belmont park, New York, planned to be the greatest meeting of its sort ever held, and the balloon flight, starting from St. Louis, for the International cup. The latter event will take place Oct. 17. The Belmont park meeting's dates are Oct. 22 to 30. The greatest prize at the latter tournament of the fliers will be the International trophy won by Glenn H. Curtiss at Rheims last year, the possession of which awarded this year's international meet to America. Some of the best of American and French fliers as well as men of other nationalities will compete at St. Louis and at Belmont park.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

Three Jeff Davises.

The occasional speeches of United States Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas serve to keep a historic name before the American public. Including the present senator, there have been three Jeff Davises in American history. President Jefferson Davis of the Confederacy was the first. Less known, but nevertheless a distinguished soldier, was General Jefferson Columbus Davis, known during the civil war as Jeff Davis. General Davis fought on the Union side and made a gallant record. He was a major general of volunteers and attained the rank of colonel in the regular army. His operations were largely in northern Arkansas, where he gave the bushwhackers and guerrillas of Arkansas and Missouri some lively lessons. General Davis was the first United States army officer to command a post in Alaska. Recently a new army post in that territory has been named in his honor. He fought through the Mexican war and was in the civil war from the very first to the final shot.

COLUMBUS.

By JOAQUIN MILLER.

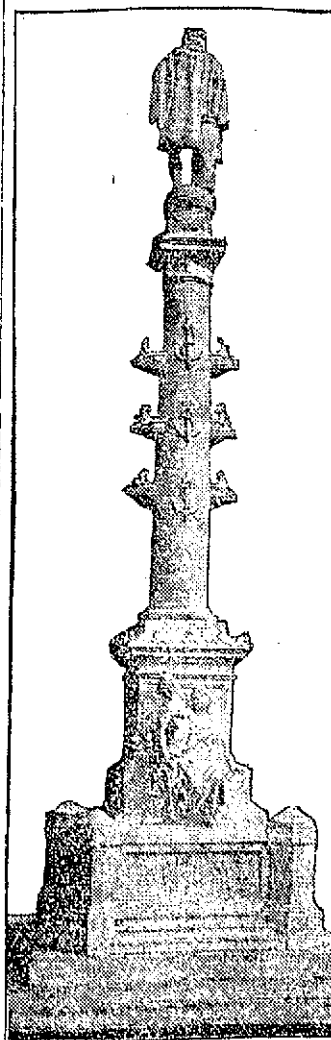
BEHIND him lay the gray Azores,
Behind the gates of Hercules,
Before him not the ghost of shores,
Before him only shoreless seas.
The good mate said: "Now must we pray,
For, lo, the very stars are gone!
Brave admiral, speak! What shall I say?"
"Why, say, 'Sail on, sail on and on!'"

"My men grow mutinous day by day;
My men grow ghastly wan and weak."
The stout mate thought of home; a spray
Of salt wave washed his swarthy cheek.
"What shall I say, brave admiral, say,
If we sight naught but seas at dawn?"
"Why, you shall say at break of day,
'Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!'"

They sailed and sailed, as winds might blow,
Until at last the blanched mate said:
"Why, now not even God would know
Should I and all my men fall dead.
These very winds forget their way,
For God from these dread seas is gone.
Now, speak, brave admiral, speak and say—
He said, "Sail on, sail on and on!"

They sailed; they sailed. Then spake the mate:
"This mad sea shows his teeth tonight.
He curls his lip; he lies in wait
With lifted teeth, as if to bite.
Brave admiral, say but one good word—
What shall we do when hope is gone?"
The words leapt like a leaping sword,
"Sail on, sail on, sail on and on!"

Then, pale and worn, he kept his deck
And peered through darkness—ah, that night
Of all dark nights! And then a speck—
A light! A light! A light! A light!
It grew; a starlit flag unfurled—
It grew to be Time's burst of dawn.
He gained a world; he gave that world
Its grandest lesson: "On! Sail on!"



COLUMBUS MONUMENT, NEW YORK.

[Wednesday, Oct. 12, will be Columbus day, the four hundred and eighteenth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. Columbus day is a local holiday in twelve states, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania have decided to honor thus the memory of the great navigator. The bill to make the day a holiday in Massachusetts was signed on April 22 last. Only a few special celebrations of the day have been planned for this year. Among them is the presentation of a bust of Columbus to Detroit by the Italian Americans of the city. There is a plan on foot for the purchase by the Knights of Columbus of the house in Genoa, Italy, in which Columbus was born and its transformation into a shrine for American visitors to Italy.]

TO SPEND \$10,000,000

Action Taken by Directors of B. & M. Railroad

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Approximately \$10,000,000 for new equipment and improvements was appropriated by the directors of the Boston & Maine railroad at a meeting yesterday afternoon.

A large portion of the appropriation will be spent in strengthening bridges on various divisions. About one-third of the appropriation represents the amount which will be applied to equipment, the larger part of which is to be spent for new passenger coaches, although a portion will be spent for passenger and freight locomotives.

Among the bridges to be strengthened in order that the heavy type of locomotives may be run over practically the whole system are those on the northern part of the White mountain division and on the western part of the Fitchburg division between Greenfield and Rotterdam.

On the Worcester, Nashua and Portland divisions new bridges will be built and several on the southern division will receive attention. Extensive improvements will be made to the Saugus river drawbridge near Lynn and to the Nobles Island bridge at Portsmouth, N. H., particularly. Between Ayer and Nashua about 25 miles of double tracking will be done.

Repair shops room being at a premium, the shops situated near the East Somerville station will be carried to completion as quickly as possible, while extensive improvements will be made to the shops at East Fitchburg.

New delivery tracks will be put in at North Lexington. The freight houses at Berlin, N. H., and at Peabody are to be enlarged, while at Canterbury, N. H., a new passenger station is to be built.

President Mellen, Vice President Byrnes and General Manager Barr of the Boston & Maine road left yesterday.

day afternoon for a tour of inspection covering 700 miles. The route will be from Boston to Intervale, N. H., thence to St. Johnsbury, Vt., and to the Canadian line, the return being made by way of the White mountains and the western division.

LE BLANC CASE

Witnesses Brought from Cape Breton

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Three witnesses who are to testify regarding Mrs. Lillian M. Glover's life in West Arichat, C. B., were brought to Boston from that place yesterday by State Detective Byrnes, and were sent to Woonsocket, R. I., to await the trial of Hattie Le Blanc, the 17-year-old girl, accused of murdering Clarence F. Glover in his laundry at Waltham.

Capt. Peter King, 70 years old, was one of those who came to Boston yesterday to help the accused girl. In the contest over the Glover will it was hinted that Capt. King could tell of incidents reflecting upon Hattie Le Blanc, but yesterday he declared that such insinuations were outrageous.

Detective Byrnes came to my house with Miller Terrio, whom I knew by reputation, and asked me questions concerning the life of Hattie Le Blanc. "I told him that she was an honest and upright girl when she lived in Arichat. He took down what I said, and later made similar visits to other people in the town."

"I never saw Mrs. Glover in my life. I knew her father and mother well. Hattie lived with my daughter for a time. She was always a nice girl so far as I knew and saw. The charge made against me is absolutely false. I left Arichat to come to Boston to help the girl all I can."

During the 10 months that she has been confined in the East Cambridge jail Hattie Le Blanc, it was said yesterday, has been a model prisoner. She is looking eagerly forward to her trial, which is scheduled to take place next January.

Lillian and Irene LeBlanc, her sisters, have been frequent visitors to Hattie LeBlanc at the East Cambridge jail, and have written many letters to her. The sisters will be witnesses at the trial.

The four brothers of Clarence F. Glover, who were not beneficiaries under his will, will also be witnesses for the defense.

MASKED ROBBERS

Held up a Druggist in Roxbury

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—Two masked men entered the drug store of Charles L. Blake at 122 Bird street, Roxbury, last night, and after firing one shot at the proprietor, which sent him scurrying to a place of safety, they robbed the

cash register of \$16. The job was done in much the same manner as that done in the Beacon Pharmacy, Somerville, Monday night, when Patrick J. Flaherty, the clerk, was held up at the point of a revolver by four men and forced to hurry to cover. In that job the amount stolen was identical with that taken at Blake's last night, and the two jobs bore the same earmarks.

Shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. Blake attended to some women customers, and after they departed he was alone for several minutes. Finally the door opened and two men, one about 5 feet 10 inches and the other 5 feet 5 inches, both with dark suits and caps and

white masks on their faces, entered. The taller of the two pointed a revolver at Mr. Blake and ordered him to throw up his hands. When he failed to comply on the instant a shot whizzed over his head into a bottle on a nearby shelf.

Mr. Blake dropped to the floor and scurried into the back room. He heard the cash register ring, and a few seconds later he heard them go away. A train passed just about the time, thereby drawing out the sound of the revolver shot. When Blake dared venture out he could find no traces of the robbers.

AMATEUR FOOTBALL

The North common will be represented in the local amateur football world this season by the North Ends. Their record last year was an enviable one, which this year will be better if intentions count. The 1910 rules will be adhered to. Next Saturday, Oct. 8, the Hustlers will be the opposing eleven in the opening game. Games with teams averaging 140 pounds are desired.

Anyone desiring a game should communicate with Manager Edw. Noonan, 88 West Third street.

TRIED SUICIDE

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 5.—News reached the city late yesterday afternoon that Alida Cogswell True, wife of Dr. Charles L. True, a Tilton dentist, attempted to end her life yesterday morning with a revolver. Mr. True was at her summer home on Cogswell's hill in Canterbury, 12 miles from this city.

Dr. True was at home and arose to light the fires. Soon afterward he heard a shot and returning to his wife's room found that she had shot herself directly above the heart.

It was reported by telephone last evening that she was still alive, but that her recovery was doubtful.

Mrs. True has been in a sanitarium at Nashua and in the state insane hospital in this city for treatment. She had seemingly recovered and her act of yesterday morning was a shocking surprise to Dr. True.

Mrs. True is the daughter of William Cogswell of Tilton. She was formerly a well known church singer and also proprietor of a millinery establishment at Tilton.



LOWELL SEES IN PRESENT INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY A GUARANTEE OF FUTURE PROSPERITY

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1910

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store For Thrifty People

SPECIAL SALE OF Untrimmed

Hats

Begins Tomorrow Morning

600 UNTRIMMED FELT HATS—Samples from a prominent manufacturer in New York. All the newest large and small shapes and every color. Hats worth \$2 and \$3.

ONLY

98c

EACH

ON SALE THURSDAY A. M. SEE WINDOW

Palmer Street

Centre Aisle

Basement Bargain Dept.

Thursday Specials

SHELF OILCLOTH—One case of Shelf Oilcloth, large assortment of patterns in all new coloring, 50c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 2c**

YARD WIDE PERCALE—Best quality of Manchester percale remnants in light, medium and dark colors, all new patterns and very fine quality, full yard wide, 12 1-2c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

MERCERIZED NAPKINS—100 Dozen Mercerized Napkins, all hemmed, ready to use, very fine quality, in large variety of patterns, usually sold at \$1.00 a dozen. **Thursday Special, Each, 5c**

PRINTED ETAMINE—Yard wide etamine, printed both sides, in very handsome patterns, in all the newest colors and shades, usually sold on the piece at 19c yard. **Thursday Special, Yard, 8c**

FINE CAMBRIC—Fine cambric, 36 inches wide, nice and fine quality for underwear, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Yard, 7c**

HUCK TOWELS—75 Dozen Huck Towels, hemmed, white and fast color borders, heavy quality, 13x36 inches, 10c value. **Thursday Special, Each, 6 1/2c**

CRIB BLANKETS—One case of white crib blankets with fast color mottle borders, worth 50c pair. **Thursday Special, Each, 15c**

MEN'S UNION SUITS—Men's Union Suits, made of fine combed cotton and blue, 50c and 75c value. **Thursday Special, Suit, 25c**

Fleeced Cottons for Fall Wear

Our Wash Goods Department Offers the Following Napped Cotton Fabrics, as New Goods, Unusually Low Priced:

Two Cases Heavy Twilled Fleeced Print, for house dresses, etc., 27 inches wide, regular price 12 1-2c, special, 8c yard

Two Cases Printed Diagonal Cloth; a beautiful finished fabric for children's and ladies' dresses in dark shades only. Regular price 17c, special, 10c yard

Two Cases "Tennis Flannel," printed to look like the real Scotch flannel, full yard wide, for children's and ladies' dresses, men's shirts, pajamas, etc., fast colors. Regular price 20c, special, 12 1-2c

Two Cases "Melton-Velvet," Kimono Flannel in handsome Japanese designs—the kind that retails everywhere for 17c yard, special, 12 1-2c

PALMER STREET

CENTRE AISLE

Please Your Boy

GET HIM A

"High Flyer"

A little flying machine that will go 600 feet up into the air, with no more effort than spinning a top. John Wanamaker sold 2158 in three days in his New York store. The most wonderful toy ever produced. We will give one of these with every purchase in our boys' department of \$4.00 or over. See them in our window. Come in and let us show them to you.

Foot Balls, Shin Guards and Nose Guards

—AT—

Macartney's

(FORMERLY LOWELL ONE PRICE)

R. J. Macartney.

Tel. 2401.

72 Merrimack St.



You Should Buy The Best Paint

When you come to paint your house you must figure on investing a certain amount—say \$25 to \$50, two-thirds of which is for labor. If you spend \$2 or \$3 more than a cheap so-called paint would cost and get the

best paint you will save more than the few dollars extra outlay because you will be assured of utmost service.

Low Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint is not only the best paint but the most economical. It gives you most for your money—most in wear, in looks and in hiding power. It may cost more per gallon but less for the job and you can depend on it.

Low Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint

We sell all of Low Brothers "High Standard" products and the Little Blue Flag on the can is your protection. Let us talk over your paint needs and show you in plain figures where you can save money. New color cards and combinations ready.

OUR AUTO DELIVERS THE GOODS

ERVIN E. SMITH CO.

43-45-47-49 Market Street.

LECTURE ON CHINA

By Dr. A. H. Smith to the Congregational Club

The fall season of the Lowell Congregational club opened last night. Dinner was served in the vestry and there was an address on "The China of Today and Tomorrow," by Dr. Arthur H. Smith, who has returned to this country from China for the centenary meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

The president, Louis A. Olney, presided, and there were vocal selections by Master Emil Hart and Miss Alferetta Morris of the Trinitarian children's choir. The meeting was held at the First Trinitarian church and it was the club's 68th regular meeting since its organization.

Rev. F. G. Alger, reported for the home work committee and Harold A. Varnum for the membership committee. Mr. Varnum reported also new candidates and they were voted into membership.

Dr. Smith, the speaker of the evening, was introduced by the president and he told a whole lot about China. He said there is not, never has been, and never will be a man living who can understand China.

"The keynote to China," he said, "is unity in variety. The first impression that one gets in China is that every Chinese looks like every other Chinese. But they are not the same. What rational animal would talk about Europe as a whole? China is as big as all of Europe, without Russia; and has many differences. China is just like any other country, in that it started somewhere and has gone on developing. But the development has been different. It has been homogeneous because ages ago, back of any authentic history, were the beginnings of China's history. At that remote point they were inspired of God to do things that needed to be done."

"It has been said that civilization is the art of getting along with other people. That is, the people in the whole world. The Lord has delivered the whole world in job lots on the state of Massachusetts. In order that we may have kindergarten lessons on how to get along with other people. It is useless to talk about Plymouth Rock. I was brought up on Plymouth Rock, but we have something more important today. We have new problems and we have to meet them in a new way."

"The point for us to consider is, are we going to survive. If we are, it is not because our forefathers came over in the Mayflower. We are living in the 20th century, now. Let us look to the future, and stop talking about the past, except when we have a centennial."

"When you come to investigate, you

And that the Chinese have done everything that anybody else in the world has done, and they have done it first; and long after they have stopped it, somebody else has begun."

"We, as Americans, have an idea that we can regulate the whole human race. Let us set our own house in order. We have an instinct of helpfulness; we have also an instinct of being wrecked on the reefs of knowledge."

He spoke of the attitude of the omniscient American, who asks what is being done about civilizing China. The answer to that is, "These people were civilized when your ancestors and mine were rooting in the woods."

"The Chinese has all the qualities to make him a superb being in the business. He started in a good deal earlier than the Jew, and has been a good deal more successful in staying there. He is the only man in the world who started somewhere and has been there ever since. He is not going to move."

"In the center of China we have a combination that I do not think can be found anywhere else in the world—an unlimited supply of iron, the largest supply of coal in the world, and an unlimited supply of cheap and marvellously efficient labor. Where else will you find those three things together?"

He said that there are three great new movements going on in China. First, a western system of education. Second, they have constitutional government without knowing what it is. They think it is a machine in which they will put a nickel and get what they want. Instead of a barbed wire fence to keep them from getting where they want to go. Third, the power of Confucius is beginning to wane. They are losing the sanction of the past, and are not getting anything in its place.

At the close of the meeting, Rev. B. A. Willmott moved that the greetings of the Congregational club be sent to the church in Tewksbury, which is celebrating its 150th anniversary. It was so voted. A vote of thanks was given the speaker, and on the recommendation of the home work committee, the club voted to hold a public Thanksgiving Day service.

HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGES

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—Hungarian partridges will be introduced into Eastern Oregon and Washington this fall. Sixty pairs of the birds will be ordered from Yardley, Pa. They are expected to arrive in about two weeks and will be liberated in the hills near Dayton, Washington.

"It is believed these birds will do well in the grain growing districts where they will be introduced. They

are prolific, beautifully colored, hardy, palatable and game. Habits of the Hungarian partridge have been carefully studied and it is believed they will easily adapt themselves to this section of the country. The birds will be protected from hunters until 1913, when it is thought they will have become sufficiently plentiful in the grain fields to allow of their being hunted.

You can get a large package of stove lining for 25c at The Thompson Hardware Co.

O'DONNELL DRY GOODS CO.

THE STORE FOR QUALITY AND STYLE

A Change of Buyers gives our store friends this sale opportunity **THURSDAY MORNING**. Mrs. F. G. Merrill, now in charge of Leather Goods and Jewelry Depts. insists on a Mark Down Sale amounting to Several Hundreds of Dollars on our present stock to insure satisfactory reorganization of departments.

The Mark Down Sale Thursday Morning Applies Strictly to Stock of

WOMEN'S BELTS

Silks, Leather, Elastic and Wash Belts

The stock comprises everything that has sold to date 25c to \$1.50 and Mrs. Merrill has sorted them into lots, placed them on tables and marked them down to

5c, 10c, 15c, 25c and 50c Each

Mrs. Merrill has been buyer and manager of Leather Goods and Jewelry departments in the city of Lowell for upwards of 20 years and is a recognized authority on these lines, and we have needed this tremendous mark down simply to co-operate with her in introducing the enlarged department which she is organizing and she cordially invites her friends to come in Thursday and benefit in the first of a series of mark downs she is making in the reorganization of this department.

CHALIFOUX'S BARGAINLAND BASEMENT

Bargainland Specials

Children's Cotton Hose in black, wide rib, 19c value 10c

Ladies' Black Fleece Lined Hose, regular or outsize, all black, or black and white feet..... 24c

Men's Merino Hose in oxford, camel hair, natural or black, 12 1-2c value..... 10c pair

Men's Heavy Cotton Hose in black..... 10c

Ladies' Medium Weight Vests and Pants, 25c value 19c

Ladies' Fleece Vests and Pants..... 24c

Misses' All Wool Sweaters in oxford, garnet or white, single breasted, fancy weave..... 98c

Boys' Sweaters, plain grays, or gray with blue or red trimmings 33c, 49c and 98c

Boys' White and Colored Blouses, with or without collar 24c and 45c

Boys' Golf or Eton Caps in blue serge and assorted colors, 25c value..... 19c

Ladies' All Wool Sweaters, in white or gray, single breasted, regular \$1.00 value..... 89c

Extra Specials For Thursday

JABOTS

Ladies' Lawn or Lace Jabots, assorted patterns. Regular price 12 1-2c. Thurs- day only..... 5c

MEN'S SHIRTS

Men's Neglige Shirts, assorted stripes and figures, odd sizes. Regular price 50c. Thursday only..... 19c

WRAPPERS

Ladies' Flannelette or Percale Wrappers in navy blue and silver gray. Regular price \$1.25. Thursday only..... 79c

TOWELS

In plain white or white with red border huck. Regular price 12 1-2c. Thurs- day only, 3 for..... 25c

Bargainland Specials

Children's and Infants' Sweaters in plain gray, white or garnet, or assorted colors, military or double breasted, fancy weave..... 98c

P. N. Corsets, long waist, high or medium bust, hose supporters attached \$1.00 and \$1.49

Practical Side P. N. Corsets for stout figures, reversible side steels, 18 to 36, price..... 98c

Ladies' Light Colored Percale Waists in black or white, assorted stripes..... 49c

Ladies' Gingham or Percale Shirt Waists in as- sorted stripes and figures..... 49c

Large Size Turkish Towels, extra heavy..... 19c

All Linen Huckabuck Towels, new designs, hem- stitched 25c

A full line of Bags in all the new styles, leather lined, black or alligator..... 98c

Ladies' Green Cloth Bags..... 24c

Chain Bags for Children..... 5c

Children's Patent Leather Hand Pocketbook, moire lined 5c

JUSTICE MOODY DEED MISSING INTENT TO KILL

Has Resigned Seat on Supreme Court Bench

BEVERLY, Oct. 5.—Associate Justice William H. Moody of the U. S. supreme court tendered his resignation to President Taft yesterday, to take effect Nov. 20. The president wrote to Justice Moody, who is at Magnolia, accepting the resignation and expressing his high regard for the retiring jurist. In retirement Justice Moody will receive the full pay of an active member of the court, \$12,000 a year. It had been known since early in the summer that Justice Moody would retire. He personally made known his intentions to the president and offered to resign at any time that would be most convenient to him. Mr. Taft stated that he had no intention of appointing any federal justices until the regular session of congress had convened. He urged Justice Moody to take his own time.

The enabling act passed in behalf of Mr. Moody, who has not served a sufficient time to permit of his retirement under the ordinary process of law, expires late in November. Justice Moody has been ill more than a year. Despite the fact that he had known for some time that Mr. Moody's retirement was inevitable, the president said yesterday that he had accepted the resignation with great reluctance. Mr. Taft holds Justice Moody in high regard as a lawyer and jurist, and feels that he will be a great loss to the supreme court bench. When he shall have appointed successors to the late Chief Justice Fuller and to Justice Moody, the president within two years of having taken office will have appointed four of the nine judges of the supreme court.

From the Sharon Town Safe May be Charged Against Gallagher

SHARON, Oct. 5.—Two promissory notes made by the town of Sharon and payable to the trustees of the Sharon public library have mysteriously disappeared from a strong box deposited in the town's burglar proof safe, and no one seems to know who took them or where they are at present. The missing notes are unsecured, negotiable and payable on demand. One is written for \$500 and dated Dec. 31, 1903; the other is written for \$1022.45, dated July 1, 1904. Both have been signed by the selectmen and town treasurer.

Besides the notes in question, it appears that the town has also borrowed on similar unsecured notes, \$10,000 from the trustees of the Sharon Friends school fund, and about \$2800 from the trustees of the Dorchester and Revenue school fund.

An article recently printed stirred the auditors to action and they immediately started desired investigations. A demand was made upon the trustees of the public library for a view of the notes, and other evidences of property, and the trustees turned over the strong box to them.

None of the trustees, however, seemed to have the key that opened the box, so after enlisting the services of a locksmith the auditors finally got a look at the inside of the box, and, to their surprise, found that not only the two notes, but also the deed of a lot of land in Postoffice square, recently purchased by the trustees as a site for a new library building, were missing. The trustees say that the deed was given by them to the late Thomas E. Grover, as town counsel, for an opinion as to the legality of the purchase, but it is claimed that the deed cannot be found by the administrator of Mr. Grover's estate among the papers of the deceased.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—It is likely that the case against James Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor on Aug. 11, will be presented to the Hudson, N. J., grand jury before long.

From what could be learned at the county prosecutor's office yesterday, Gallagher will probably be indicted for atrocious assault with intent to kill, on two counts, one for shooting Mayor Gaynor, and the other for wounding Commissioner Edwards. Mayor Gaynor will be subpoenaed to appear at the trial.

Gallagher has repeatedly expressed regret for his act and the keepers at the jail say he was pained when told that Mayor Gaynor had been able to resume his official duties.

Incandescent Gas Lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

TONIGHT'S BANQUET

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETE FOR CITY LEAGUE CELEBRATION

All arrangements have been completed for the banquet of the City League at the Y. M. C. A. at 7 o'clock this evening. Every B. Greene will be the toastmaster, and Mayor Meehan will present the prizes. The other speakers include probably one of the greatest baseball authorities of the country, T. H. Murnane, of the Boston Globe, and president of the N. E. League, John W. Daly, and H. W. Gibson, of Boston.

Over 200 invitations have been issued, all that the hall will hold, and every registered player is expected.

GIRL IS FREED

Jury Says She Had Right to Kill

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 5.—Thirteen-year-old Katherine Bell, who admitted the killing of her godfather, Pasquale Volpe, with an ax and red hot poker, was cleared of a murder charge late yesterday by the verdict of a jury after an hour's deliberation. The defense had been based wholly upon the unwritten law.

Pasquale Volpe had boarded at the girl's home in Wilmerding ever since her infancy. While she was in the cellar getting a sack of potatoes on Aug. 11 last he is alleged to have abused her, following which she struck him unconscious with an ax and ran a poker through his body. On the witness stand she said: "He had burned my heart and I wanted to burn his."

A number of witnesses testified to the girl's good character. Although the girl had been indicted

for first degree murder, the prosecution has not pressed for a conviction entailing so severe a penalty.

Attorney Ronald Greely urged that the child be placed in an institution, but the girl's counsel dramatically demanded "Liberty or Death."

Judge Swearingen's charge was that if the girl was to be committed to an institution for the purpose of an abuse against the girl, the child has a right to kill him. She is soon to become a mother.

WHEAT FARMS

HALF OF LAND IN OREGON LIES IDLE

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 5.—To educate the sons of farmers that the present system of wheat growing by the big bonanza ranchers of eastern Oregon is wasteful and should be replaced by intensive farming is what the Pendleton schools have set themselves. Wheat kings of the interior have single cultivated farms containing 10,000 acres. Methods of cultivation are such that half the land lies idle each season, wheat being grown on the remainder. It is to rectify eastern Oregon from the big farm idea and introduce diversified farming methods that scientific agriculture is being taught in the Pendleton schools.

The course has met with great popularity from the outset. Further encouragement of this line of work is being planned by the school management and among other things practical gardening on tracts of ground secured within the city limits is being carried on under the supervision of the teachers giving the course of study.

A suggestion that will be adopted will be the formation of a "one-acre club" in the different grades of the public school and of the pupils in the Pendleton High school. Prizes will be offered the members of these clubs for the best gardens next spring. The school board is impressed with the plan for they believe it will not only stimulate the interest in agricultural work, but also materially assist in beautifying the city.

But the great object to be attained in the breaking up of the big wheat ranches and the cultivation of smaller farms, thereby making homes for a denser population and removing the isolation of life in the grain growing sections.

ASTHMADOR A GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR ASTHMA

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS ON THE MONEY-BACK PLAN

Dr. R. Schlimmann's "ASTHMADOR" never fails to give INSTANT RELIEF in the worst cases of ASTHMA. No WAITING for RESULTS. Its action is immediate, direct and CERTAIN, and a CURE is the result in all curable cases. WE ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEE "ASTHMADOR" to give IMMEDIATE RELIEF in the most violent attacks of ASTHMA. So positively certain are we that it will do exactly as claimed for it, that we have authorized all Druggists in the U. S. to

Refund Your Money without question if it fails to benefit you.

R. Schlimmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA
BLOOD NERVE REMEDY

Women Who Work

The army of women who work... Stores, factories, offices, homes, all have their slaves. Day after day the same hard routine. No chance for rest. No time to be sick. Dr. Greene's NERVURA blood and nerve remedy. I believe it is the best medicine there is for the one safe and sure strengthener. There is no exaggeration in saying that multitudes have been helped by it.

Miss Ida Hunter, 226 W. 42nd St., New York City, says: "I was on the verge of nervous prostration. Every nerve in my system on edge. Nervous that I couldn't stand anything. In the morning I was so tired when I got up that I could hardly get myself to go to work. I suffered greatly from dizziness and sick headaches. My back ached so that I felt like lying down all the time, and I had a bearing down feeling that was always there. I was always 'blue' and depressed, and felt weak and tired and languid, and utterly unfit to attend to any work. How I wished I might have a vacation and take a rest. Someone suggested that I take Dr. Greene's NERVURA blood and nerve remedy. I did so and I want every one to know how much good Dr. Greene's remedy did me, and how thankful I am for it. It all the women and girls who have to work hard would only break down. I believe Dr. Greene's NERVURA, there wouldn't be an army of women in a run down condition of the nervous system. Men blame women for being cross and irritable over every little thing, and think they should never get 'blue.' They don't realize that most women and girls have to work hard for their strength."

Miss Hunter's letter is but one voice out of thousands who are testifying to Dr. Greene's NERVURA blood and nerve remedy. Dr. Greene, 84 Temple Place, Boston, Massachusetts, will advise you free. Call or write.

FITZ QUILTS FOSS

Gaston is Now Mentioned as Candidate for Governor

Hamlin Managers Claim They Have Enough Votes to Win—Labor Leaders Made a Strong Protest Against Foss

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The democratic gubernatorial situation took a sudden turn last evening, when Col. William A. Gaston dropped into the Hotel Bellevue and began hobnobbing with the Foss and Hamlin and Vahey delegates.

The colonel has not been in the habit of calling at the Bellevue cafe at the dinner hour and the advance guard of the delegates assembled from the central and western part of the state, to push the booms of Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield and David F. Walsh of Fitchburg for lieutenant governor were surprised to see him.

He stoutly denied that he was a candidate for governor, and when pressed by the newspaper representatives he declared that he would not take the nomination if named, but these statements on the part of the colonel did not prevent prominent Hamlin and Vahey men from declaring that they would head a movement for his nomination for governor in the democratic convention tomorrow.

Col. Gaston insisted that he merely dropped into the hotel to "see the boys" and ascertain what was going on, and that his unusual visit had no political significance. Notwithstanding the colonel's declaration, many of those present insisted that he should allow the use of his name as a compromise candidate for governor.

Col. Gaston dined with Dr. John W. Coughlin of Fall River, the man who succeeded him as a member of the democratic national committee, a recognized Hamlin man, while Mr. Hamlin's campaign managers, Col. Cole, Major Crowley and ex-Fire Commissioner Wells, sat at an adjoining table.

Fitzgerald Abandons Foss

The longer Col. Gaston tarried at the Bellevue the more insistent the out-of-town delegates became that he should allow the use of his name as a candidate.

Word reached the colonel's table early in the evening that the Foss managers were perplexed and that they feared that the congressman's boom had collapsed. A hurried consultation was held by the Foss men at headquarters late yesterday afternoon and word was sent out that unless heroic and practical measures were resorted to the Foss movement would die a natural death and there was grave danger of either Vahey, Hamlin or Gaston being nominated.

Chairman Macleod, who had been dining at the Bellevue also, was sent for and informed that the Foss movement was in a bad way.

He was informed that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the Foss movement on the ground that the labor men would not stand for Foss' nomination. This, it was said, he told Mr. Foss himself after he had conferred with Vice Pres. Duncan of the A. F. of L. and John Golden, prominent in textile circles.

Mr. Macleod told his intimates at dinner that Fitzgerald had quit the Foss movement.

The announcement that Mayor Fitzgerald had abandoned the attempt to nominate Foss gave a great impetus to the Gaston boom, and the Vahey and Hamlin forces were correspondingly depressed. Representatives of both of these factions acknowledged that the Gaston talk had upset their plans, but none of them would say anything against the candidacy of Col. Gaston, who has twice led the party as its candidate for governor.

All of the Vahey and Hamlin men about town last evening had a good word to say for Col. Gaston and nobody denied that he would make an excellent candidate. "There is little doubt," Col. Gaston's friends said, that his name will be presented to the convention and that his candidacy will be seriously considered.

It is felt that Mayor Fitzgerald will not oppose him, as the colonel. It is claimed, has always been friendly to him in all of his political fights.

Labor Leaders See Fitzgerald

The purpose which prompted the

two labor leaders, James Duncan, vice president of the American Federation of Labor, and John Golden, secretary of the United Textile Workers, to call on Mayor John F. Fitzgerald yesterday afternoon, was learned from an authoritative source last night.

The purpose was not to induce Mayor Fitzgerald to become a candidate for governor.

"The purpose," said this authority, "was to tell the mayor that if he were supporting Congressman Foss as a gubernatorial candidate under the impression that the congressman would be satisfactory as a candidate to labor, then the mayor was much mistaken. The labor representatives made it plain that they did not look with favor upon Mr. Foss' candidacy."

"There was no discussion as to supporting Mr. Fitzgerald as a candidate, because the mayor made it plain to them that he had announced his position to labor, and they desired the plain as he could use that he was not a candidate. The mayor reiterated that his position was unchanged today."

"The labor representatives went further into the question of candidates and made it plain that either Mr. Hamlin or Mr. Vahey would be acceptable to labor, and they desired the mayor to know that between those two men Mr. Hamlin would be acceptable and Mr. Foss would not be acceptable as a candidate."

Doherty and Walsh Booms

Two other unexpected booms started yesterday for lieutenant governor. Yesterday's favorite was Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield. Following close on to the heels of the Doherty announcement was the statement that Worcester friends of David F. Walsh of Fitchburg had put him into the contest for second place. Friends of Doherty, who is a big wire manufacturer, said that his nomination would solve the difficulty of choosing between ex-Mayor Harper of Springfield and ex-Mayor Connor of Northampton, whose friends are among all sorts of unpleasant things about one another.

Doherty is well to do, a leading business man of the western part of the state, and his friends believe that he would give Lieut. Gov. Frothingham a great run for the second place on the ticket. The mention of Doherty's name evoked words of praise from all factions of the party, and most of the leaders last evening said that if Doherty wants the nomination he ought to have it.

Walsh, it was pointed out, was a most available man, and comes from a section which casts a big democratic vote.

Vahey's Latest Claims

Vahey's campaign committee issued the following statement last night: "The list of convention committees and the nomination of chairmanships as slated by the state committee were made up without consulting Mr. Vahey or with his advisors. There is, however, absolutely no objection to most of the men named; but it is exceedingly unfair to award the places of honor to men who have been exceptionally active for one candidate and shut out representatives of the other candidates."

"The convention will have enough to attend to and enough work to do without bothering with such details. We hope the state committee will have the good sense to adjust this matter so that there need be no contest over it at the convention."

"There are more delegates pledged to Mr. Vahey than to any other candidate, but we have no fear of the Australian ballot. Something over 100 delegates are pledged to Mr. Vahey and about half that number to Mr. Foss and Mr. Hamlin. We will join with others in giving the delegates the opportunity to express their wishes without fear of intimidation or influence."

"The state committee is using its headquarters as machinery in the interests of Mr. Foss. It is dispersing its favors and its patronage as its patronage. This is not in accord with our idea of fairness and we object to it."

"We have letters from delegates in Holyoke and Somerville, who say that our claims are altogether too small, too modest. We have likewise not claimed any delegates in Holyoke, but Mr. Vahey is now assured the votes of half that delegation."

"Mr. Hamlin's claims in Barnstable and Berkshire counties are going to receive a rude jolt when the votes are counted. They are claiming 90 per cent of the delegates of the four western counties, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampton and Franklin. Mr. Hamlin will not get over one-third of the delegates there, while Mr. Vahey will receive a large majority. In the 14th district, with only two cities, Brockton and Taunton, Mr. Vahey has 16 out of the 16 delegates in Brockton and a majority of the Taunton delegation."

"The following gentlemen have been added to his campaign committee: William F. Duncan of Warren, Joseph A. Plouffe of Ware, Martin T. Hall of Natick, David C. A'Hearn of Framingham, James S. Cannon of Newton and Patrick J. Duane of Waltham."

Hamlin Managers Confident

From the Hamlin headquarters was issued a statement in part as follows: "It was decided yesterday that Mr.

Hamlin would attend the state convention as a delegate.

"The rush to the Hamlin standard began early yesterday morning and continued through the entire day. Mr. Hamlin was obliged to leave his law office and go to the public headquarters in Young's. He found an even larger crowd there and finally a new suite of rooms was taken."

Messrs. Crowley and Cole, the Hamlin managers, united late in the evening in the following statement:

"The collapse of the Foss boom today has made it plain that our original statement that Mr. Hamlin would be nominated on the first ballot was justified in every way. When we gave voice to that we had a very exact idea of our delegate strength, and what has happened is just what we expected."

"The Hamlin campaign has been run solely for the purpose of presenting his claims for the nomination. The candidate has himself talked to the delegates and early outlined his platform for their information."

"His services as arbitrator in labor disputes, which have brought about increased and decreased hours of labor to over 6000 men in this state, have secured for him the indorsement of employers and employees alike for the justness of the decisions at which he has assisted."

"The Hamlin victory belongs to the democratic party as a whole. No campaign machinery, no matter how elaborate—could have brought the remarkable indorsement of Mr. Hamlin to the present state, were it not that the public itself was demanding his nomination."

RECORD BROKEN

For the Receipts for Deer

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 5.—The game receipts at the union station up to noon yesterday reached a record-breaking total of 41 deer far ahead of the usual number so early in the season. The first licensed hunters to go through with game were R. G. Badger of Brighton, Mass., who had two deer from Norcross, N. Jameson of New York, two deer from Paterson; C. B. Cook of Fall River, two big deer, one from Boston, and L. A. Murdock of Meriden, Conn., with two bucks from the Moosehead lake region.

Maine hunters with deer included F. B. Taylor, H. M. Chapman, Eben Leavitt, T. B. Towle, W. F. Cram, Harold C. Sawyer, Dr. Hayward Stetson, and C. B. Huntington of Bangor, R. B. Hedges of Millinocket and D. C. Wright of Caribou.

Three women hunters were on the train yesterday, all with deer—Mrs. W. F. Cram of Bangor, Mrs. F. W. Perchard of Gardiner, and Edith McCormick of Boston. All the deer received full tags and good size. The hunters report fine sport and plenty of game, although the hunting conditions are not of the best.

DIVORCE CASES

HEARD BY JUDGE HARRIS AT CAMBRIDGE YESTERDAY

Before Judge Harris in the July waived session of the superior court at Cambridge, yesterday the case of Andrew Bryson vs. Lizzie Bryson, for annulment of marriage was heard.

Mr. Bryson claimed that at the time of his marriage in 1903 his wife represented that she had never been married before, when in fact she was then the divorced wife of one Joseph Archambault, who was still living, and that she was the mother of several children. Mr. Bryson also claimed that she made other misstatements as to her name and nationality and that had he known the facts he would not have married her, and that he has not lived with Mrs. Bryson since he learned the truth. He also claimed that the marriage ought to be annulled because he had conscientious scruples against living with his wife because her divorced husband was now living, and because of the deception which was practiced upon him. Judge Harris took the case under advisement.

At the same sitting Emily B. Erickson of this city was granted a decree of divorce nisi, from her wife, Grace L. Erickson, because of desertion. John W. McEvoy represented both defendants.

THE CENTENNIAL

OF THE FOUNDING OF ASTORIA TO BE OBSERVED

PORTLAND, Or., Oct. 5.—Steps have been taken by Astoria, Oregon, to celebrate the centennial of its founding next year, for it will be 100 years that time that the first American settlement west of the Rocky mountains was established.

Astoria was the first trading post planted by the party sent out from New York by John Jacob Astor and whose perilous journey across the continent is described by Washington Irving in his book, "Astoria." A settlement was made and a fort built. The site of the stronghold was in the heart of the present city. A monument on the spot will be built and dedicated during next year's celebration.

Astoria is rich in historical lore, for it was near that point that Lewis and Clark spent the winter on their famous journey of exploration six years before the Astor party reached the Pacific. A salt calum on the ocean beach where the two explorers hauled sea water to secure salt is pointed out to visitors. A monument is now in course of construction at that spot.

SUNLIGHT PARTY

Columbus Day, Wednesday, Oct. 12

PRESGOTT HALL

Dancing 2 to 12. Admission 25 Cents

Kittredge's Orchestra

MISCELLANEOUS

NOT LESS THAN \$75 is saved if you buy your piano of W. F. Trumbull; no rent and no agents in the reason why. 101 Westford st.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, knives and scissors sharpened; stethoscopes, dental chairs, and X-ray machines. 128 Gorham st. Tel. 262-2.

E. JUDGE, the old reliable furniture and piano mover, in town and out. Satisfactory work, reasonable prices. Stand near the Merrimack and Central. Phone 38. Tel. 1876-1.

DRUNK GLORIA for health. Sold everywhere.

MOTHERS—Rent's Destroyer kills lice on children, and all insects; cures itching skin, itching scalp, itching feet, itching hair; harmless. 25c only at Fells & Burkinshaw's, 418 Middlesex st.

THE WATER BOARD

Was Not Ready to Have Bids Discussed

At a meeting of the water board held last night, representatives of three of the six competing pump concerns were present but no contract was awarded and nothing definite was done because the details of the bids submitted had not been gone over thoroughly. The board will probably do something definite at its next meeting. John Long of the William Todd Co., William Peelle of the Allis-Chalmers Co., and E. P. Hughes and Frank H. Hayes of the Platt Iron works, were those present.

The board took under consideration several complaints from property owners, some of whom averred that their bills were in excess of what they should be, while others complained of being obliged to repair their meters every so often.

Androns and Fire Screens at The Thompson Hardware Co.

BILLERICA

The Williams Bible class of the North Billerica Baptist church held a very enjoyable social in the vestry of the church last Monday evening.

The reception committee was comprised of Alex Allan and James Ritchie. Those in charge of the tables were James A. Ruth and Warren Carter, assisted by Guy Richardson, Arthur W. Holden, E. Thayer, Thomas Bateson, Jr., Newell Ritchie and Warren Hanson.

The selection of the town are very earnest in their efforts to stamp out the moth epidemic in the town, and have instructed the local superintendent, Henry E. Marston, to post official notices in prominent places in both the Centre and North villages, instructing the citizens as to just the proper course to pursue in exterminating this pest.

Superintendent Scammons of the Lexington & Boston street railway and Foreman Hill of the construction department of that company, appeared before the board of selectmen Monday evening relative to the renewal of the railway company's poles in Billerica Centre. Under the franchise granted the railway company, more than 10 years ago, the company shall provide hard pine poles between the Centre square and Charlestown lane. The officials of the company, however, recommended that chestnut poles be used and had made arrangements to replace the hard pine poles with chestnut, until held up by the selectmen.

There was a lengthy discussion on the subject but the board of selectmen were unanimous in the opinion that the hard pine poles be used as per the terms of the franchise. In connection with the matter it might be well to state that the hard pine poles are provided in the villages by both street and railway companies doing business in this town.

MILLINERY

Hats Made and Trimmed

Feathers curled, hats made over. Satisfaction guaranteed. Work done at short notice.

Mourning Hats a Specialty

MRS. MARY E. McDONALD

32 Albion St., Cor. West Fourth

MONEY TO LOAN

NOTES OF SALARIED PEOPLE and women keeping house and others bought without security, easy payments. Offices in 66 principal cities. Don't be deceived by misleading advertisements, invest save money by trading here. D. H. Tolman, Room 48, 45 Merrimack st.

BORROW HERE

OUR PLAN SAVES YOU MONEY, TIME AND TROUBLE

Our very low rates save you money, and our quick service saves your time. As we have eliminated all unnecessary red tape you get the money when you want it, without fuss or bother.

Loans from \$10 upwards to housekeepers and workmen. Everything strictly confidential.

Call, write or telephone 2434

AMERICAN LOAN CO.

AGENTS,

Room 10, Hildreth Building

45 MERRIMACK STREET

WHY

Borrow money and pay high rates of interest when you can get any reasonable amount from a reliable company at

ONE PER CENT.

per month on Plans, Furniture, etc.

LOANS

Made on day of application. Quick service and confidential methods.

If not convenient to call, write or phone, and we will have our representative call on you.

Merrimack Loan Co.

Room 10, St. Merrimack St. or 17 John St.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Monday and Saturday until 9 p. m.

MONEY

Loaned to Housekeepers and Workingmen. \$10 AND UPWARDS.

Come to us for confidential dealings, low rates, and payments to suit your income. We will make you a loan for any purpose.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO., BROKERS.

Telephone Connections. Open Evenings.

Westmore Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.

Telephone Connections. Open Evenings.

\$5 THE \$10 LOANS at

\$1 Less for \$ 6.00
\$2 Less for \$10.00
\$3 Less for \$15.00
\$4 Less for \$25.00

Then any other loan company in Lowell.

MILL OPERATORS, CLERKS, MECHANICS AND HOUSEKEEPERS MAY BORROW MONEY.

Loaned without security. No waste, no investigations or red tape. Business strictly confidential. Two private offices; most liberal terms of any company in Lowell. Payable by small weekly payments. Offices 37 Hildreth Building, by one flight at head of stairs. Open every evening. 45 Merrimack street.

Loaned without security. No waste, no investigations or red tape. Business strictly confidential. Two private offices; most liberal terms of any company in Lowell. Payable by small weekly payments. Offices 37 Hildreth Building, by one flight at head of stairs. Open every evening. 45 Merrimack street.

TO LET

GEORGE E. BROWN, 79 Chestnut st. has an extra clean, bright, sunny tenement to let, 4 rooms, good cellar, \$8. One flight up, easy home.

IF YOU ARE SICK you go to a doctor, if you have trouble come to a card reader, the will help you out with your trouble. Call at 46 Howard st.

VERY FINE TENEMENT FLAT to let, 6 rooms, bath, pantry, steam heat, cement cellar, large yard, two minutes to three car lines, minutes walk to depot; good neighborhood. 459 Smith st., Tel. 2322-5.

3-ROOM FLAT to let in Pawtucketville, at 17 Fourth ave. with large set china closet, hot and cold water, bath and pantry, large sunny yard, new two car lines; separate doors. Apply to C. O. Gay, 19 Fourth ave.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let, with kitchen, bath and pantry, with or without cold water. For further particulars inquire at 12 Lombard st.

NICE LITTLE TENEMENT to let, 4 rooms and shed. 77 Bartlett st., Ring upper bell.

2-ROOM FLAT to let at 624 Merrimack st., in good repair. Inquire Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham st.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let, on Royal st., all modern improvements, steam heat, four sleeping rooms. Inquire 78 Royal st.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS to let, heat, gas and bath; 11 Burlington ave., cor. of Wilder st.

DOWN STAIRS TENEMENT of 4 rooms, to rent, 32 Elmwood ave. Very nice back door. Newly papered and painted. Adults preferred.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let for light housekeeping, steam heat, bath and gas range. 177 Middlesex st.

3-ROOM TENEMENT to let. Price \$4. Apply 11 Riverside st.

ON EDGE OF HIGHLANDS, one, two or three rooms to let as desired, steam heat, bath, telephone, etc., private family. Inquire at A. W. Dows & Co.

LARGE BARN to let at 138 Smith st. Inquire at A. W. Dows & Co.

NICE SUNNY ROOMS to let; furnished; in private family. Apply 392 Bridge st.

HALF OF DOUBLE HOUSE to let, 3 rooms, hot water, cold water, furnace, screens and double windows, large piazzas; everything up to date. 28 Eighteenth st.

2-ROOM HOUSE in Pawtucketville to let, bath and pantry, up to date, with small back near Cross Avenue & Sign Co. 215 Dutton st.

FRONT ROOM, furnished, steam heat, bath, hot water, 27 Alder st. Call forenoon or evenings.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let, on Andover st., after Oct. 6, 1910, up one flight, bath room, wash trays, and modern improvements. Rent \$15. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 209-310 Wyman's Exchange.

FURNISHED ROOM to let with home accommodations and bath. \$1.50. 15 Apple st.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let at 15 Rockdale ave.

TWO SMALL TENEMENTS to let in good repair and good neighborhood; one flat of 4 rooms and one of 3 rooms. Inquire at 154 South st.

FRONT ROOM to let, nicely furnished, with board. Mrs. Wyman, 25 Dutton st., heat and bath.

COTTAGE HOUSE on Adams st. to let. Inquire Collins & Hogan, Central and Market sts., Mansur bldg.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS to let. Steam heat and bath. Apply 6 Stackpole st.

ROOMS TO LET. 207 Appleton st.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with steam heat, gas, bath; also table board at 258 Gorham st.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let in Pawtucketville. Bath, hot and cold water, gas, open plumbing, sewer connection, two car lines. Apply 89 Varnum ave. Phone 1019-1.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let in two tenement house, on London st. near Gorham; bath, set wash trays, hot water and open plumbing. Inquire Mrs. H. B. Barrows, 656 Gorham st. Tel. 1023-2.

STORE to let at 351 Lawrence st. Call at 1128 Bridge st.

2-ROOM TENEMENT to let on Barclay st.; rent \$9 per month. Apply Phillips & Schutz Furniture Co., 330 Broadway.

TWO MODERN FLATS to let on Carter st., within a few minutes walk of U. S. Building, Lowell Blackery and Federal Shoe Co. Inquire at 937 Gorham st.

FRONT 4-ROOM FLAT to let; large bath room, and pantry, set tubs, hot and cold water, open plumbing. Apply Fred W. Barrows, 648 Gorham st. Tel. 2578.

JOE FLYNN has a few 4 and 5 room tenements to let on Elm st.

OFFICES TO LET in Associate Building, bright and airy, overlooking Monument square. Rent reasonable. Apply to Janitor.

MAX GOLDSTEIN

Dealer in wall papers at very lowest prices, also paper hanging, whitewashing and painting; estimates given on spot and small jobs. We will furnish the paper. All work guaranteed.

The New Paint Store

105 Chelmsford Street Tel. 297-1

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Office of the Secretary, Boston. Notice is hereby given that, on the tenth day of August in the year nineteen hundred and ten, The Lowell Storage Warehouse Company, of Lowell, was duly incorporated and commissioned to be a Public Warehouseman within and for the city of Lowell, that the said company has given bond in the sum of five thousand dollars for the faithful discharge of the duties of a Public Warehouseman, and that it has by its Treasurer, Howard W. Lane, taken and subscribed the oaths necessary to qualify it for the duties of said office.

WM. M. OLIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SPECIAL NOTICES

TEXTILE STUDENT desires place where he can work for his board or for pay. Address D. F. A., Sun Office.

EMPLOY W. F. TRUMBULL to tune your piano, he has tuned more than fifteen hundred and is an expert. 101 Westford st.

LINCOLN HOUSE, under new management, 15 and 17 Tyler st. Furnished rooms to let, with steam heat, and gas, by day or week. Transients accommodated.

TEACHER, thoroughly competent, of seven years' experience in public work, will instruct persons of neglected education privately in all branches of the English language, mathematics, penmanship and bookkeeping. Apply Teacher, 273 Appleton st. Tel. 17-13.

SCOTT—Physicist, palmist, clairvoyant. Accurate scientific readings guaranteed. If you contemplate doing anything, see Scott first. You won't regret it; if you want the picture of your life, Scott will show it with the master hand. Not only that; he informed every man of five thousand. Scott will tell you immediately what you want to know. Interviews daily, 9.30 to 3.30. 29 Anne st., Lowell.

LOWELL CHIMNEY CO., formerly with Smith Bros., Expert chimney builders. Repairing, painting, and all kinds. Stagings built without the use of nails; chimney cleaning a specialty. Estimates free. No front of charge; state roofs repaired

